



भारतीय प्रबंध संस्थान इंदौर

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT INDORE

Prabandh Shikhar, Rau-Pithampur Road, Indore - 453556 (M.P.),
India

Ph. 0731-2439620

E-Tender Notice No.

IIMI/Project/08/2017/42 File No.339

TECHNO COMMERCIAL PROPOSAL

Name of Work:

“Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

Certified that the NIT Document contains 134 pages seriously numbered from 1 to 134

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT INDORE

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भारतीय प्रबंध संस्थान इन्दौर

प्रबंध शिखर, राऊ-पीथमपुर रोड, इन्दौर - 453 556 (म.प्र.), भारत

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT INDORE

Prabandh Shikhar, Rau-Pithampur Road, Indore - 453 556 (M.P.), India

Dated: April 21, 2017

NOTICE INVITING E-TENDER

Ref: E-Tender Notice No. IIMI/Project/08/2017/42 File No.339

IIM Indore invites online item rate tender through e-procurement portal for the under mentioned work at IIM Indore from the bidders eligible as per the eligibility criteria mentioned in the tender document. The details are given below:

Part "A" : NIT Details

1	NIT No. :IIMI/Project/08/2017/42 File No.339	
2	Name of Work	"Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus"
3	Estimated Cost Put to Tender	Rs. 97,99,490/-
4	Earnest Money Deposit (Rs.)	Rs. 1,96,000/- (Rs. One Lakh Ninety Six Thousand Only) by e-payment through electronic mode
5	Tender Processing Fee (Rs.)	Rs. 1000/- by e-payment through electronic mode (Non-Refundable)
6	Completion period	TEN (10) Calendar Months including monsoon period
7	Mode of submission of tender	On-Line mode only
8	Pre-Bid Meeting	11:30 AM on May 08, 2017 at Conference Hall, Administration Block, IIM Indore. Those who are interested can attend.
9	Last date and time of availability of tender in the portal	Upto 04:00 PM on May 16, 2017 on website https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app NIT is also available on website http://www.iimidr.ac.in/tenders/ for view only.

10	Last date and time of closing of uploading/online submission of tender including scanned copy of EMD and tender Processing Fee details/receipts and other documents as specified	Upto 04:00 PM on May 16, 2017
11	Date & Time of online opening of technical bid	04:30 PM on May 17, 2017
12	Date and Time of opening of financial bid of qualified bidders	Will be notified at a later date
13	Security Deposit	2.5% of tendered value to be recovered from running bills
14	Performance Guarantee	5% of tendered value on acceptance of bid

Part “B” : Guidelines for e-Tendering

1. It is mandatory for all the applicants to have class II or III digital signature certification from licensed certifying agency like NIC, MTNL, e-mudra, TCS, safescrypt, GNFC etc.
2. The tender shall be submitted online in the prescribed format before the date and time as mentioned in NIT. No other mode of submission is acceptable.
3. The applicant have to upload the details of e-payment of processing fee & EMD before the last date & time and download the tender documents form the e-tendering portal <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>.
4. Tenderer are advised to upload their documents well in time to avoid last minute rush on the server or complication in uploading. IIM Indore will not be responsible for any type of problem in uploading the documents. No hard copies for tender submission shall be entertained.
5. Detailed NIT can be viewed free of cost on IIM Indore website. Schedule of quantities (Financial bid form) can be downloaded only from <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>. Uploading of tender will be possible only after making payment of Tender Processing Fee and EMD.
6. **Mode of payment of Tender Processing Fee and EMD: Bidders may deposit the Tender Processing Fee and EMD through NEFT or RTGS. Details for the same are as below:**
 - Name of beneficiary : Indian Institute of Management Indore
 - Address : Rau-Pithampur Road, Indore -453556, M.P.
 - Account No. : 53018623395
 - Name of the Bank : State Bank of India
 - Address of the bank : IIM Indore Campus
 - IFSC Code : SBIN0030525

Bidders will have to upload scanned copy of Payment details towards cost of tender processing fee & EMD during the submission of tender and the same will be accepted only on verification & confirmation by the Institute. Any delay in credit will not be entertained by the Institute.

Part “C”: Bidder Qualification Criteria

Contractors who fulfil the following requirements shall ONLY be qualified for financial bid opening (Joint Ventures are not accepted):

Mandatory:

1. The bidders having experience of successfully completed works during the last 3 years ending last day of the month previous to the one in which applications are invited. *The works completed upto previous day of last date of submission of tenders shall also be considered.*

Three similar completed works costing not less than the amount equal to 40% of estimated cost put to tender,

OR

Two similar completed works, costing not less than the amount equal to 60% of the estimated cost put to tender

OR

One similar completed work of aggregate cost not less than the amount equal to 80% of the estimated cost.

Note: Similar work shall mean Civil & building works etc.

2. Performance / Work Experience: Certificates of work experience (Completion Certificates along with work orders) and other documents as specified in the tender document shall be scanned and uploaded to the e-Tendering website.
3. Annual Financial Turnover: Should have had average annual financial turnover at least 100% of the estimated cost put to tender during last three years, ending March 31, 2016. (Scanned copy of certificate from chartered accountant to be uploaded)
4. Technical Staff: List of technical staff they possess and proposed to deploy for the work to be uploaded.
5. Plant & Machinery: List of plant, machinery, equipments, accessories & infrastructure facilities possessed by the agency to be uploaded
6. Certificates: (scanned copy of original certificates to be uploaded)
 - 6.1 Latest IT returns for the FY 13-14, 14-15 & 15-16
 - 6.2 PAN (Permanent Account Number)
 - 6.3 Service Tax Registration Certificate
 - 6.4 E-payment details towards cost of tender processing fee & EMD

7. The bids received under shall be assessed and evaluated based on the

qualification criteria and evaluation procedure prescribed in clause 11 “Scoring System”.

To qualify, the Contractor shall score minimum 60 marks in total.

Part “D”: Other information and terms & conditions

1. The bid submitted shall become invalid and e-tender processing fee shall not be refunded if:
 - (i) If the bidder is found ineligible.
 - (ii) If the documents submitted by the successful bidder does not match with the originals before the award of work.
2. However, certified copy of all the scanned and uploaded documents as specified in NIT shall have to be submitted by the lowest bidder only within a week physically in the office of the “ Chief Engineer, Indian Institute of Management Indore, Prabandh Shikhar, Rau - Pithampur Road, Indore 453556 (M.P.).
3. Online bid documents submitted by intending bidders shall be opened only of those bidders, who has deposited e-Tender Processing Fee and Earnest Money Deposit and other documents scanned and uploaded are found in order.
4. Information and Instructions for bidders posted on website shall form part of bid document.
5. The bid document consisting of plans, specifications, the schedule of quantities of various types of items to be executed and the set of terms and conditions of the contract to be complied with and other necessary documents can be seen and downloaded from website <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app> free of cost.
6. Those contractors / vendors not registered on the website mentioned above, are required to get registered beforehand. If needed the intending bidders may get acquainted with the process online from the www.eprocure.gov.in site itself.
7. The intending bidder must have valid class-II or III digital signature to submit the bid.
8. On opening date, the contractor can login and see the bid opening process. After opening of bids he will receive the competitor bid sheets.
9. Contractor can upload documents in the form of JPG format and PDF format.
10. Contractor must ensure to quote rate of each item. Therefore, if any cell is left blank and no rate is quoted by the bidder, rate of such item shall be treated as “0” (ZERO).

11. The technical bid will be opened online first on due date and time as mentioned above. The time and date of opening of financial bid of contractors qualifying the technical bid shall be communicated to them at a later date.
12. Completed Tenders containing technical bid and price bid will be received ONLINE only on CPP Portal website <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app> at the fixed time and date indicated in the NIT. The Tenderer will be at liberty to be present either in person or through an authorized representative at the time of opening of the Technical Bid with the Bid Acknowledgement Receipt or they can view the bid opening event online at their remote end.
13. The competent authority on behalf of the Director IIM Indore does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any other bid and reserves to itself the authority to reject any or all the bids received without the assignment of any reason. All bids in which any of the prescribed condition is not fulfilled or any condition including that of conditional rebate is put forth by the bidders shall be summarily rejected.
14. Canvassing whether directly or indirectly, in connection with bidders is strictly prohibited and the bids submitted by the contractors who resort to canvassing will be liable for rejection.
15. The competent authority on behalf of the Director, IIM Indore reserves to himself the right of accepting the whole or any part of the bid and the bidders shall be bound to perform the same at the rate quoted.
16. *The bid for the works shall remain open for acceptance for a period of ninety (90) days.* If any bidders withdraws his bid before the said period or issue of letter of acceptance, whichever is earlier, or makes any modifications in the terms and conditions of the bid which are not acceptable to the department, then the IIM Indore shall, without prejudice to any other right or remedy, be at liberty to forfeit 50% of the said earnest money as aforesaid. Further the bidders shall not be allowed to participate in the rebidding process of the work.
17. This notice inviting Bid shall form a part of the contract document. The successful bidders/contractor, on acceptance of his bid by the Accepting Authority shall within 15 days from the stipulated date of start of the work, sign the contract consisting of:-
 - i) The Notice Inviting Bid, all the documents including additional conditions, specifications, General Conditions of Contract and drawings, if any, forming part of the bid as uploaded at the time of invitation of bid and the rates quoted online at the time of submission of bid and acceptance thereof together with any correspondence leading thereto.
 - ii) Any other Standard C.P.W.D. Form / other forms as applicable/mentioned.
18. If there are any clarifications, this may be obtained online through the tender site, or thro' the contact details. Bidder should take into account the corrigendum published before submitting the bids online.

19. It is construed that the bidder has read all the terms and conditions before submitting their offer. Bidder should go through the tender schedules carefully and upload the documents as asked; otherwise, the bid will be rejected.
20. The bidder has to digitally sign and upload the required bid documents one by one as indicated. Bidders to note that the very act of using DSC for downloading the bids and uploading their offers shall be deemed to be a confirmation that they have read all sections and pages of the bid document including General conditions of contract without any exception and have understood the entire document and are clear about the requirements of the tender requirements.
21. The price bid format is provided in a spread sheet file like **BoQ_price bid.xls**, the rates offered should be entered in the allotted space only and uploaded after filling the relevant columns. The Price Bid/BOQ template must not be modified/replaced by the bidder; else the bid submitted is liable to be rejected for this tender.
22. The bidders are requested to submit the bids through online e-tendering system to the Tender Inviting Authority (TIA) well before the bid submission end date & time (as per Server System Clock). The TIA will not be held responsible for any sort of delay or the difficulties faced during the submission of bids online by the bidders at the eleventh hour. Tenderers are advised to upload their documents well in time to avoid last minute rush on the server.
23. The time settings fixed in the server side & displayed at the top of the tender site, will be valid for all actions of requesting, bid submission, bid opening etc., in the e-tender system. The bidders should follow this time during bid submission.
24. Certificate of financial turn over: At the time of submission of bid, contractor may upload Undertaking / certificate from CA mentioning Financial Turnover of last 3 Year or for the period as specified in the bid document.
25. IF ANY INFORMATION FURNISHED by the applicant is found to be incorrect at a later stage, they shall be liable to be debarred from tendering/ taking up works in IIM INDORE.
26. Canvassing in connection with tenders is strictly prohibited and the tenders submitted by the contractors who resort to canvassing will be liable to rejection.
27. Short listing of the agencies shall be subject to through verification of their credentials and inspection of works carried out by them, through a Technical Evaluation committee of experts, constituted by IIM Indore.
28. **TAXES :**
 - i) This works comes under Works contract. Works contract Tax/MPVAT as applicable shall be deducted from each bill paid to the contractor.

- ii) Sales tax or any other tax on material in respect of this contract shall be payable by the contractor and IIM Indore will not entertain any claim whatsoever in this respect.
 - iii) Contractor should get registered under SERVICE TAX and service tax as applicable as per the extant order on the subject work shall be paid by the contractor to concerned department and the same should be considered in his quoted rates.
 - iv) Labour Welfare cess @ 1 % of gross value of work done shall be recovered from each bill paid to the contractor.
 - v) Income Tax and cess as applicable shall be deducted from each bill paid to the contractor.
 - vi) Contractor, should be registered under EPF & ESIC and as per law, shall pay EPF & ESIC of contract workers to concerned Department from time to time.
 - vii) Any other taxes/cess as per government directives shall be deducted from each bill paid to the contractor from time to time.
 - viii) The rate quoted by the bidder should be inclusive of Service Tax, VAT and all other applicable taxes.
29. For any queries regarding e-tendering process, the bidders are requested to contact as provided in the tender document. Parallely for any further queries, the bidders are asked to contact over phone: 0120-4200462, 0120-4001002, 91 8826246593 or 0731-2439620/ 0731-2439447 or send a mail over to cppp-nic@nic.in
30. The specifications, Terms & Conditions, other regulations which are not herein mentioned will be guided by relevant CPWD guidelines, manual, specifications / BIS / IS/ Other Central / State Govt. norms applicable for IIM Indore & the decision in this regard will be guided by the decision of the respective authority of IIM Indore which shall be final and binding to the contractor.
31. For any queries regarding e-tendering process, the bidders are requested to contact as provided in the tender document. Parallely for any further queries, the bidders are asked to contact over phone: 0120-4200462, 0120-4001002, 91 8826246593, 0731-2439620 or send a mail over to cppp-nic@nic.in

Part “E” : List of Documents to be scanned and uploaded

Scanned copies of the following original certificates are to be uploaded:

- i) Certification of Registration of firm / company
- ii) Copies of audited balance sheets and P&L statements for the FY 13-14, 14-15 & 15-16
- iii) Certificates of Work Experience (**Work Orders along with Completion Certificates**) issued by officer of the Department not below the rank of an Executive Engineer in case of PSUs/Government and any senior officer if the work done in a private enterprises.
- iv) Certificate of Registration for Service Tax
- v) Latest IT returns for the FY 13-14, 14-15 & 15-16
- vi) EPF/ESI registration certificates
- vii) List of technical staff possessed and proposed to deploy for this work
- viii) List of plant, machinery, equipments, accessories & infrastructure facilities possessed by the agency
- ix) Permanent Account Number (PAN)
- x) E-payment details towards cost of Tender Processing Fee & EMD
- xi) Aadhar card copy of the authorized officer of the company who will be signing agreement etc.
- xii) Undertaking having gone through the documents as per the Technical bid.
- xiii) Any other document that bidder felt necessary in support of his candidature.
- xiv) Schedule of Price Bid in the form of BoQ_.xls

IMPORTANT NOTE:

1. Tender documents may be downloaded from Central Public Procurement Portal <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>. Aspiring Bidders/ Suppliers who have not enrolled / registered in e-procurement should enroll /register before participating through the website <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>. The portal enrolment is free of cost.
2. Tenderers can access tender documents on the website, fill them with all relevant information and submit the completed tender document into electronic tender on the website <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>.
3. Tenders and supporting documents should be uploaded through e-procurement. Hard copy of the tender documents will not be accepted.
4. In the event of acceptance of a tender, the documents submitted by the successful bidder shall be verified with the originals before the award of work.
5. On acceptance of the tender, the tenderer has to furnish a bar chart showing work completion schedule and submit it along with the performance security guarantee.

Dated: April 21, 2017
Place: Indore M.P.

Sd/-
(V.P. Thomas)
Chief Engineer

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF MANAGEMENT INDORE

Detailed Notice Inviting e-Tender

1. Definitions:

- 1.1** “IIM Indore” shall mean The Director or his representative of “Indian Institute of Management Indore” and shall also include its successors in interest and assignees.
- 1.2** The “Contractor” shall mean the *Firm / Person (whose tender has been accepted by IIM INDORE)* and shall include his legal representatives, successor in interest and assignees.
- 1.3** The “Contract” shall mean “Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

General:

1. The tenderer is expected to examine all instructions, terms and conditions, specifications, forms and formats etc. as mentioned/ enclosed in the tender document. Failure to furnish all information required in the tender document or submission of a tender not substantially responsive to the tender document in every respect will be at the tenderer’s risk and is likely to result in out-right rejection of the tender.
2. The tenderer should not have been blacklisted or debarred by any Central/ State / Public Agency from carrying out similar business during last three financial years.
3. EMD of unsuccessful tenderer shall be returned after award of the contract/ order to the successful bidder. No interest will be paid on the earnest money.
4. The supply & fixing of the entire materials should be done as per the direction of Chief Engineer, IIM Indore or his representative.
5. Any damage of the existing structure, building etc. made by the contractor during execution of this work shall be made good as it was at his own cost & risk.
6. **Payment and other Financial Terms:** Payment will be made as per the ‘Schedule’ mentioned in the tender document. No advance payment will be

made. All payments shall be made in Indian Rupees. The deduction of taxes will be made as applicable. Tax Deduction Certificate (TDS) in proper format will be issued.

7. Security deposit:

- 7.1.1 *The security deposit will be collected by deductions from the running bill of the contractor at the rate mentioned below. The security deposit can also be deposited in cash or in the form of Government Securities, Fixed Deposit Receipts etc.*
- 7.1.2 A sum @ 2.5% of the gross amount of the bill will be deducted from each running bill *as well as final bill* of the contractor. Such deductions will be made unless the contractor has deposited the amount of security at the rate mentioned in cash or Government securities or Fixed Deposit Receipts. This is in addition to the performance guarantee that the contractor is required to deposit as per clause mentioned in the tender document.
- 7.1.3 Security deposit can be released against bank guarantee issued by a schedule bank on its accumulation to a minimum amount of Rs. 5 lakhs subject to the condition that amount of any bank guarantee except last one, shall not be less than Rs. 5 lakhs.
- 7.1.4 The Bank Guarantee submitted against Security Deposit shall initially be valid up to the stipulated date of completion of the work plus maintenance period as defined under clause 17 of GCC which shall be extended further time to time depending upon extension of contract granted under provisions of clause 2 and clause 5.
- 7.1.5 The performance guarantee shall be refunded to the contractor soon after the completion of the work and recording of the completion certificate as above. However, in case of contracts involving maintenance of building and services/ other work after construction of same building and services/other work, 50% of Performance Guarantee shall be retained as Security Deposit. The same shall be returned yearwise proportionately.

8. Performance Guarantee:

The contractor whose bid is accepted will be required to furnish performance guarantee of 5% (Five Percent) of the bid amount within Ten days of issue of LOI. This guarantee may be in the form of Banker's cheque of any scheduled bank/Demand Draft of any scheduled bank/ Fixed Deposit Receipts or Guarantee Bonds of any Scheduled Bank or the State Bank of India in accordance with the prescribed form in CPWD manual. In case the contractor fails to deposit the said performance guarantee within the period as indicated above, including the extended period if any, the Earnest Money deposited by the contractor shall be forfeited automatically without any notice to the contractor. The earnest money deposited along with bid shall be returned after receiving the aforesaid performance guarantee.

Refund of performance guarantee: The performance guarantee shall be refunded to the contractor soon after the completion of the work and recording of the completion certificate as above. *However, in case of contracts involving maintenance of building and services/ other work after construction of same building and services/other work, 50% of Performance Guarantee shall be retained as Security Deposit. The same shall be returned year wise proportionately.*

9. Legal Case: All disputes are to be settled within the jurisdiction of Indore, Madhya Pradesh.

10. Testing of materials:

The successful bidder shall provide without any extra charge, all materials, tools, testing equipments, labour and assistance of every kind which the inspecting officer may consider necessary for any test or examination which he may require to be made on the bidder's premises or at site of installation of the system. IIM INDORE can also get the systems tested from any Govt. approved test centre/ laboratory and the expenses shall be borne by the successful bidder.

11. SCORING SYSTEM

Weightage and Scores

The criteria for evaluation of the performance of contractors for pre-eligibility shall be assessed by assignee scores over as follows:

	Attributes	Evaluation
(a)	Financial strength (20 marks)	
	(i) Average annual Turn over 20 marks	i) 60% marks for minimum eligibility criteria ii) 100% marks for twice the minimum eligibility criteria or more In between (i) & (ii) - on pro-rata basis
(b)	Experience in similar (20 marks)	
	class of works	i) 60% marks for minimum eligibility criteria ii) 100% marks for twice the minimum eligibility criteria or more In between (i) & (ii) - on pro-rata basis

(C)	Performance on works (time over run) (20 marks)	
	Parameter Calculation For	Score (Maximum Marks 20)
	If TOR =	1.00 2.00 3.00 >3.50
	(i) Without levy of compensation	20 15 10 10
	(ii) With levy of compensation	20 5 0 -5
	(iii) Levy of compensation not decided	20 10 0 0
<p>TOR = AT/ST, where AT=Actual Time; ST=Stipulated Time. Note: Marks for value in between the stages indicated above is to be determined by straight line variation basis.</p>		
(d)	Performance of works (Quality) (15 marks)	
	(i) Very Good	15
	(ii) Good	10
	(iii) Fair	5
	(iv) Poor	0
(e)	Personnel and Establishment (Max. 10 marks)	
	i) Graduate Engineer	3 marks for each
	ii) Diploma holder Engineer	2 marks for each upto Max.4 marks
	iii) supervisory/Foreman	1 mark for each upto Max. 3 marks
(f)	Plant & Equipment (Max. 15 marks)	
	i) Drilling machine	1.5 marks for each upto Max. 3 marks
	ii) Welding machine	1.5 marks for each upto Max. 3 marks
	iii) Cutting Machine	1.5 marks for each upto Max. 3 marks
	iv) Grinding Machine	1.5 marks for each upto Max.3 marks
	v) Multi spindle drilling machine	1.5 marks for each upto Max.3 marks

To qualify, the Contractor shall score minimum 60 marks in total.

INTEGRITY PACT

To,

.....,
.....,
.....

Sub: NIT No. NIT/Project/08/2017/42 File No. 339 for the work of “Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

Dear Sir,

It is here by declared that IIM Indore is committed to follow the principle of transparency, equity and competitiveness in public procurement. The subject Notice Inviting Tender (NIT) is an invitation to offer made on the condition that the Bidder will sign the integrity Agreement, which is an integral part of tender/bid documents, failing which the tenderer/bidder will stand disqualified from the tendering process and the bid of the bidder would be summarily rejected.

This declaration shall form part and parcel of the Integrity Agreement and signing of the same shall be deemed as acceptance and signing of the Integrity Agreement on behalf of the IIM Indore.

Yours faithfully

Chief Engineer

Letter of Transmittal

To,
The Chief Engineer,
IIM Indore (M.P.)

Sub: Submission of Tender for the work of “Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

Dear Sir,

I/We acknowledge that IIM Indore is committed to follow the principles thereof as enumerated in the Integrity Agreement enclosed with the tender/bid document.

I/We agree that the Notice Inviting Tender (NIT) is an invitation to offer made on the condition that I/We will sign the enclosed integrity Agreement, which is an integral part of tender documents, failing which I/We will stand disqualified from the tendering process. I/We acknowledge that THE MAKING OF THE BID SHALL BE REGARDED AS AN UNCONDITIONAL AND ABSOLUTE ACCEPTANCE of this condition of the NIT.

I/We confirm acceptance and compliance with the Integrity Agreement in letter and spirit and further agree that execution of the said Integrity Agreement shall be separate and distinct from the main contract, which will come into existence when tender/bid is finally accepted by IIM Indore. I/We acknowledge and accept the duration of the Integrity Agreement, which shall be in the line with Article 1 of the enclosed Integrity Agreement.

I/We acknowledge that in the event of my/our failure to sign and accept the Integrity Agreement, while submitting the tender/bid, IIM Indore shall have unqualified, absolute and unfettered right to disqualify the tenderer/bidder and reject the tender/bid in accordance with terms and conditions of the tender/ bid.

Yours faithfully

(Duly authorized signatory of the Bidder)

INTEGRITY AGREEMENT

This Integrity Agreement is made at on this day of 2017

BETWEEN

The Director, IIM Indore represented through Chief Engineer, IIM Indore, (Hereinafter referred as the IIM Indore, Prabandh Shikhar, Rau-Pithampur Road, Indore ‘Principal/Owner’, which expression shall unless repugnant to the meaning or context hereof include its successors and permitted assigns)

AND

.....
..... (Name and Address of the Individual/firm/Company)

through.....
(Hereinafter referred to as the (Details of duly authorized signatory) “Bidder/Contractor” and which expression shall unless repugnant to the meaning or context hereof include its successors and permitted assigns)

Preamble

WHEREAS the Principal / Owner has floated the Tender ([NIT/Project/08/2017/42 File No.339](#)) (hereinafter referred to as “Tender/Bid”) and intends to award, under laid down organizational procedure, contract for “[Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus](#)” hereinafter referred to as the “Contract”.

AND WHEREAS the Principal/Owner values full compliance with all relevant laws of the land, rules, regulations, economic use of resources and of fairness/transparency in its relation with its Bidder(s) and Contractor(s).

AND WHEREAS to meet the purpose aforesaid both the parties have agreed to enter into this Integrity Agreement (hereinafter referred to as “Integrity Pact” or “Pact”), the terms and conditions of which shall also be read as integral part and parcel of the Tender/Bid documents and Contract between the parties.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of mutual covenants contained in this Pact, the parties hereby agree as follows and this Pact witnesses as under:

Article 1: Commitment of the Principal/Owner

(1) The Principal/Owner commits itself to take all measures necessary to prevent corruption and to observe the following principles:

(a) No employee of the Principal/Owner, personally or through any of his/her family members, will in connection with the Tender, or the execution of the Contract, demand, take a promise for or accept, for self or third person, any material or immaterial benefit which the person is not legally entitled to.

(b) The Principal/Owner will, during the Tender process, treat all Bidder(s) with equity and reason. The Principal/Owner will, in particular, before and during the Tender process, provide to all Bidder(s) the same information and will not provide to any Bidder(s) confidential / additional information through which the Bidder(s) could obtain an advantage in relation to the Tender process or the Contract execution.

(c) The Principal/Owner shall endeavour to exclude from the Tender process any person, whose conduct in the past has been of biased nature.

(2) If the Principal/Owner obtains information on the conduct of any of its employees which is a criminal offence under the Indian Penal code (IPC)/Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 (PC Act) or is in violation of the principles herein mentioned or if there be a substantive suspicion in this regard, the Principal/Owner will inform the Chief Vigilance Officer and in addition can also initiate disciplinary actions as per its internal laid down policies and procedures.

Article 2: Commitment of the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s)

(1) It is required that each Bidder/Contractor (including their respective officers, employees and agents) adhere to the highest ethical standards, and report to the Government / Department all suspected acts of fraud or corruption or Coercion or Collusion of which it has knowledge or becomes aware, during the tendering process and throughout the negotiation or award of a contract.

(2) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) commits himself to take all measures necessary to prevent corruption. He commits himself to observe the following principles during his participation in the Tender process and during the Contract execution:

(a) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not, directly or through any other person or firm, offer, promise or give to any of the Principal/Owner's employees involved in the Tender process or execution of the Contract or to any third person any material or other benefit which he/she is not legally entitled to, in order to obtain in exchange any advantage of any kind whatsoever during the Tender process or during the execution of the Contract.

(b) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not enter with other Bidder(s) into any undisclosed agreement or understanding, whether formal or informal. This applies in particular to prices, specifications, certifications, subsidiary contracts, submission or non-submission of bids or any other actions to restrict competitiveness or to cartelize in the bidding process.

(c) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not commit any offence under the relevant IPC/PC Act. Further the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not use improperly, (for the purpose of competition or personal gain), or pass on to others, any information or documents provided by the Principal/Owner as part of the business relationship, regarding plans, technical proposals and business details, including information

contained or transmitted electronically. (d) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) of foreign origin shall disclose the names and addresses of agents/ representatives in India, if any. Similarly Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) of Indian Nationality shall disclose names and addresses of foreign agents/representatives, if any. Either the Indian agent on behalf of the foreign principal or the foreign principal directly could bid in a tender but not both. Further, in cases where an agent participate in a tender on behalf of one manufacturer, he shall not be allowed to quote on behalf of another manufacturer along with the first manufacturer in a subsequent/parallel tender for the same item.

(d) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will, when presenting his bid, disclose any and all payments he has made, is committed to or intends to make to agents, brokers or any other intermediaries in connection with the award of the Contract.

(3) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not instigate third persons to commit offences outlined above or be an accessory to such offences.

(4) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not, directly or through any other person or firm indulge in fraudulent practice means a willful misrepresentation or omission of facts or submission of fake/forged documents in order to induce public official to act in reliance thereof, with the purpose of obtaining unjust advantage by or causing damage to justified interest of others and/or to influence the procurement process to the detriment of the Government interests.

(5) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) will not, directly or through any other person or firm use Coercive Practices (means the act of obtaining something, compelling an action or influencing a decision through intimidation, threat or the use of force directly or indirectly, where potential or actual injury may befall upon a person, his/her reputation or property to influence their participation in the tendering process).

Article 3: Consequences of Breach

Without prejudice to any rights that may be available to the Principal/Owner under law or the Contract or its established policies and laid down procedures, the Principal/Owner shall have the following rights in case of breach of this Integrity Pact by the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) and the Bidder/ Contractor accepts and undertakes to respect and uphold the Principal/Owner's absolute right:

(1) If the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s), either before award or during execution of Contract has committed a transgression through a violation of Article 2 above or in any other form, such as to put his reliability or credibility in question, the Principal/Owner after giving 14 days notice to the contractor shall have powers to disqualify the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) from the Tender process or terminate/determine the Contract, if already executed or exclude the Bidder/Contractor from future contract award processes. The imposition and duration of the exclusion will be determined by the severity of transgression and determined by the Principal/Owner. Such exclusion may be forever or for a limited period as decided by the Principal/Owner.

(2) Forfeiture of EMD/Performance Guarantee/Security Deposit: If the Principal/Owner has disqualified the Bidder(s) from the Tender process prior to the

award of the Contract or terminated/determined the Contract or has accrued the right to terminate/determine the Contract according to Article 3(1), the Principal/Owner apart from exercising any legal rights that may have accrued to the Principal/Owner, may in its considered opinion forfeit the entire amount of Earnest Money Deposit, Performance Guarantee and Security Deposit of the Bidder/Contractor.

(3) Criminal Liability: If the Principal/Owner obtains knowledge of conduct of a Bidder or Contractor, or of an employee or a representative or an associate of a Bidder or Contractor which constitutes corruption within the meaning of IPC Act, or if the Principal/Owner has substantive suspicion in this regard, the Principal/Owner will inform the same to law enforcing agencies for further investigation.

Article 4: Previous Transgression

(1) The Bidder declares that no previous transgressions occurred in the last 5 years with any other Company in any country confirming to the anticorruption approach or with Central Government or State Government or any other Central/State Public Sector Enterprises in India that could justify his exclusion from the Tender process.

(2) If the Bidder makes incorrect statement on this subject, he can be disqualified from the Tender process or action can be taken for banning of business dealings/ holiday listing of the Bidder/Contractor as deemed fit by the Principal/ Owner.

(3) If the Bidder/Contractor can prove that he has resorted / recouped the damage caused by him and has installed a suitable corruption prevention system, the Principal/Owner may, at its own discretion, revoke the exclusion prematurely.

Article 5: Equal Treatment of all Bidders/Contractors/Subcontractors

(1) The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s) undertake(s) to demand from all subcontractors a commitment in conformity with this Integrity Pact. The Bidder/Contractor shall be responsible for any violation(s) of the principles laid down in this agreement/Pact by any of its Subcontractors/sub-vendors.

(2) The Principal/Owner will enter into Pacts on identical terms as this one with all Bidders and Contractors.

(3) The Principal/Owner will disqualify Bidders, who do not submit, the duly signed Pact between the Principal/ Owner and the bidder, along with the Tender or violate its provisions at any stage of the Tender process, from the Tender process.

Article 6- Duration of the Pact

This Pact begins when both the parties have legally signed it. It expires for the Contractor/Vendor 12 months after the completion of work under the contract or till the continuation of defect liability period, whichever is more and for all other bidders, till the Contract has been awarded. If any claim is made/lodged during the time, the same shall be binding and continue to be valid despite the lapse of this Pacts as specified above, unless it is discharged/determined by the Competent Authority, IIM Indore.

Article 7- Other Provisions

(1) This Pact is subject to Indian Law, place of performance and jurisdiction is the Headquarters of the Division of the Principal/Owner, who has floated the Tender.

(2) Changes and supplements need to be made in writing. Side agreements have not been made.

(3) If the Contractor is a partnership or a consortium, this Pact must be signed by all the partners or by one or more partner holding power of attorney signed by all partners and consortium members. In case of a Company, the Pact must be signed by a representative duly authorized by board resolution.

(4) Should one or several provisions of this Pact turn out to be invalid; the remainder of this Pact remains valid. In this case, the parties will strive to come to an agreement to their original intentions.

(5) It is agreed term and condition that any dispute or difference arising between the parties with regard to the terms of this Integrity Agreement / Pact, any action taken by the Owner/Principal in accordance with this Integrity Agreement/ Pact or interpretation thereof shall not be subject to arbitration.

Article 8- LEGAL AND PRIOR RIGHTS

All rights and remedies of the parties hereto shall be in addition to all the other legal rights and remedies belonging to such parties under the Contract and/or law and the same shall be deemed to be cumulative and not alternative to such legal rights and remedies aforesaid. For the sake of brevity, both the Parties agree that this Integrity Pact will have precedence over the Tender/Contact documents with regard any of the provisions covered under this Integrity Pact.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties have signed and executed this Integrity Pact at the place and date first above mentioned in the presence of following witnesses:

.....
(For and on behalf of Principal/Owner)

.....
(For and on behalf of Bidder/Contractor)

WITNESSES:

1.....
(Signature, name and address)

2.....
(Signature, name and address)

Place:

Dated:

AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT made at Indore on the _____ day of _____ 2017 between Indian Institute of Management Indore Rau- Pithampur Road, Indore (hereinafter called "The IIM INDORE" which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, include its administrators, successors and assigns) of the one part AND

(herein after called "The Contractor" which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, include its successors and permitted assigns) of the other part.

WHEREAS

The IIM INDORE is desirous of carrying out the work of [“Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”](#).

The Works are to be executed as per the schedules mentioned in tender document drawings and specifications describing the works to be done.

The Contractor has agreed to execute the said works subject to the provisions hereinafter contained and subject also to General Conditions of Contract, Special conditions of contract, Safety Code, Model Rules for the protection of health and Sanitary arrangements for workers, Specifications, Preambles and Schedule of Quantities and installation schedule (all of which are hereinafter collectively referred to as the ‘said tender conditions’) and strictly in accordance with the Scope of work & technical specifications annexed hereto at or for the respective rates set out in the Schedule of Quantities amounting to the sum as there under arrived at or such other sums as shall become payable there under (hereinafter referred to as the said tendered amount).

NOW IT IS HEREBY AGREED AS FOLLOWS: -

1. In consideration of the said tendered amount to be paid by The IIM INDORE to the Contractor at the time and in the manner set forth in the said tender conditions and in accordance with the Schedule of Payments to execute and complete the work shown upon the said specifications, drawings & other conditions and strictly in accordance with the specifications and Schedule of Quantities.

2. The said tender conditions, scope of work and the annexures hereto shall be read and considered as forming part of this contract and the parties hereto shall respectfully abide by to the said conditions and perform the agreement on their part respectively contained in the said conditions.
3. The approved drawings if any, notice inviting tenders technical specification etc. shall also form the basis of this contract.
4. This contract is neither a Lump sum Contract, nor a piece work contract, but is a contract on item rate basis to be carried out and to be paid for according to the Schedule of Payments at the rates contained in the Schedule of Quantities.
5. The contract herein contained shall comprise not only the works mentioned above but all subsidiary works connected therewith within the same site as may be ordered to be done from time to time by the said Engineer In charge for the time being, even if such work may not be shown on the said Drawings or described in the said Specifications and Schedule of Quantities.
6. The IIM INDORE reserves to themselves the right of altering the drawings, specifications and the nature of the work by adding to or omitting from the scope of work any item of work or portions of the same without prejudice to this contract.
7. Time shall be considered as the essence of this contract and the Contractor hereby agrees to commence the work within 10 days from the date of work order or from the date of handing over of the site, as provided for in the said terms and conditions, whichever is later, and shall complete the entire work within the specified period, subject nevertheless the provisions for extension of time as may be agreed to by the IIM INDORE and as contained in the said conditions.
8. All payments by the IIM INDORE under this contract shall be made only at Indore.
9. All disputes arising out of or in any way connected with this contract shall be deemed to have arisen at Indore and courts in Indore only shall have jurisdiction to determine the same.
10. That the contract and several parts of this contract have been read by the contractor and fully understood by him. The contractor shall not be entitled for payment beyond tendered quantities unless ordered specifically by written instructions of Director IIM INDORE.
11. This contract shall be signed in duplicate, the original whereof shall be kept in the custody of the IIM INDORE, and the duplicate with the Contractor.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the IIM INDORE has set his hands hereunto and two duplicates hereof through his duly authorized official and the Contractor has caused these presents and two duplicates hereof under his common seal by his duly authorized representative at the place and on the date month and year first herein above written.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED by IIM INDORE, by the hand of

Signature:
Name:
Designation:

IN THE PRESENCE OF

(1) Signature:
Name:
Address:

(2) Signature:
Name:
Address:

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED BY the Contractor M/s. _____
_____.

Signature:
Name:
Designation:

IN THE PRESENCE OF

(1) Signature:
Name:
Address:

(2) Signature:
Name:
Address:

GENERAL CONDITION OF CONTRACT

CLAUSES OF CONTRACT

CLAUSE 1

- (i) The contractor shall submit an irrevocable Performance Guarantee of 5% (Five percent) of the tendered amount in addition to other deposits mentioned elsewhere in the contract for his proper performance of the contract agreement, (not withstanding and/or without prejudice to any other provisions in the contract) within period specified in Schedule 'F' from the date of issue of letter of acceptance. This period can be further extended by the Engineer-in-Charge up to a maximum period as specified in schedule 'F' on written request of the contractor stating the reason for delays in procuring the Performance Guarantee, to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge. This guarantee shall be in the form of Cash (in case guarantee amount is less than Rs. 10,000/-) or Deposit at Call receipt of any scheduled bank/Banker's Cheque of any scheduled bank/Demand Draft of any scheduled bank/Pay Order of any scheduled bank (in case guarantee amount is less than Rs. 1,00,000/-) or Government Securities or Fixed Deposit Receipts or Guarantee Bonds of any Scheduled Bank or the State Bank of India in accordance with the form annexed hereto. In case a fixed deposit receipt of any Bank is furnished by the contractor to the Government as part of the performance guarantee and the Bank is unable to make payment against the said fixed deposit receipt, the loss caused thereby shall fall on the contractor and the contractor shall forthwith on demand furnish additional security to the Government to make good the deficit.
- (ii) The Performance Guarantee shall be initially valid up to the stipulated date of completion plus 60 days beyond that. In case the time for completion of work gets enlarged, the contractor shall get the validity of Performance Guarantee extended to cover such enlarged time for completion of work. After recording of the completion certificate for the work by the competent authority, the performance guarantee shall be returned to the contractor, without any interest. However, in case of contracts involving maintenance of building and services/any other work after construction of same building and services/other work, then 50% of Performance Guarantee shall be retained as Security Deposit. The same shall be returned yearwise proportionately.
- (iii) The Engineer-in-Charge shall not make a claim under the performance guarantee except for amounts to which the Director, IIM Indore is entitled under the contract (not withstanding and/or without prejudice to any other provisions in the contract agreement) in the event of:
 - a. Failure by the contractor to extend the validity of the Performance Guarantee as described herein above, in which event the Engineer-in-Charge may claim the full amount of the Performance Guarantee.
 - b. Failure by the contractor to pay Director, IIM Indore any amount due, either as agreed by the contractor or

determined under any of the Clauses/Conditions of the agreement, within 30 days of the service of notice to this effect by Engineer-in-Charge.

- (iv) In the event of the contract being determined or rescinded under provision of any of the Clause/Condition of the agreement, the performance guarantee shall stand forfeited in full and shall be absolutely at the disposal of the Director, IIM Indore.

CLAUSE 1 A

Recovery of Security Deposit

The person/persons whose tender(s) may be accepted (hereinafter called the contractor) shall permit Government at the time of making any payment to him for work done under the contract to deduct a sum at the rate of 2.5% of the gross amount of each running and final bill till the sum deducted will amount to security deposit of 2.5% of the tendered value of the work. Such deductions will be made and held by Government by way of Security Deposit unless he/they has/have deposited the amount of Security at the rate mentioned above in cash or in the form of Government Securities or fixed deposit receipts. In case a fixed deposit receipt of any Bank is furnished by the contractor to the Government as part of the security deposit and the Bank is unable to make payment against the said fixed deposit receipt, the loss caused thereby shall fall on the contractor and the contractor shall forthwith on demand furnish additional security to the Government to make good the deficit.

All compensations or the other sums of money payable by the contractor under the terms of this contract may be deducted from, or paid by the sale of a sufficient part of his security deposit or from the interest arising therefrom, or from any sums which may be due to or may become due to the contractor by Government on any account whatsoever and in the event of his Security Deposit being reduced by reason of any such deductions or sale as aforesaid, the contractor shall within 10 days make good in cash or fixed deposit receipt tendered by the State Bank of India or by Scheduled Banks or Government Securities (if deposited for more than 12 months) endorsed in favour of the Engineer-in-Charge, any sum or sums which may have been deducted from, or raised by sale of his security deposit or any part thereof. The security deposit shall be collected from the running bills and the final bill of the contractor at the rates mentioned above.

The security deposit as deducted above can be released against bank guarantee issued by a scheduled bank, on its accumulations to a minimum of Rs. 5 lac subject to the condition that amount of such bank guarantee, except last one, shall not be less than Rs. 5 lac. Provided further that the validity of bank guarantee including the one given against the earnest money shall be in conformity with provisions contained in clause 17 which shall be extended from time to time depending upon extension of contract granted under provisions of clause 2 and clause 5.

In case of contracts involving maintenance of building and services/any other work after construction of same building and services/other work, then 50% of Performance Guarantee shall be retained as Security Deposit. The same shall be returned yearwise proportionately.

Note-1: Government papers tendered as security will be taken at 5% (five per cent) below its market price or at its face value, whichever is less. The market price of Government paper would be ascertained by the Executive Engineer at the time of collection of interest and the amount of interest to the extent of deficiency in value of the Government paper will be withheld if necessary.

Note-2: Government Securities will include all forms of Securities mentioned in Rule No. 274 of the G.F. Rules except fidelity bond. This will be subject to the observance of the condition mentioned under the rule against each form of security.

Note-3: Note 1 & 2 above shall be applicable for both clause 1 and 1A

CLAUSE 2

Compensation for Delay

If the contractor fails to maintain the required progress in terms of clause 5 or to complete the work and clear the site on or before the contract or extended date of completion, he shall, without prejudice to any other right or remedy available under the law to the Government on account of such breach, pay as agreed compensation the amount calculated at the rates stipulated below as the authority specified in schedule 'F' (whose decision in writing shall be final and binding) may decide on the amount of tendered value of the work for every completed day/month (as applicable) that the progress remains below that specified in Clause 5 or that the work remains incomplete.

This will also apply to items or group of items for which a separate period of completion has been specified.

- (i) Compensation @ 1.5 % per month of delay for delay of work to be computed on per day basis Provided always that the total amount of compensation for delay to be paid under this Condition shall not exceed 10% of the Tendered Value of work or of the Tendered Value of the item or group of items of work for which a separate period of completion is originally given.

The amount of compensation may be adjusted or set-off against any sum payable to the Contractor under this or any other contract with the Government. In case, the contractor does not achieve a particular milestone mentioned in schedule F, or the re-scheduled milestone(s) in terms of Clause 5.4, the amount shown against that milestone shall be withheld, to be adjusted against the compensation levied at the final grant of Extension of Time. With-holding of this amount on failure to achieve a milestone, shall be automatic without any notice to the contractor. However, if the contractor catches up with the progress of work on the subsequent milestone(s), the withheld amount shall be released. In case the contractor fails to make up for the delay in subsequent milestone(s), amount mentioned against each milestone missed subsequently also shall be withheld. However, no interest, whatsoever, shall be payable on such withheld amount.

CLAUSE 2A

Incentive for early Completion

In case, the contractor completes the work ahead of updated stipulated date of completion considering the effect of extra work (to be calculated on pro-rata basis as cost of extra work X stipulated period/tendered cost), a bonus @ 1% (one per cent) of the tendered value per month computed on per day basis, shall be payable to the contractor, subject to a maximum limit of 5% (five per cent) of the tendered

value. The amount of bonus, if payable, shall be paid along with final bill after completion of work. Provided always that provision of the Clause 2A shall be applicable only when so provided in 'Schedule F'.

CLAUSE 3

When Contract can be Determined

Subject to other provisions contained in this clause, the Engineer-in-Charge may, without prejudice to his any other rights or remedy against the contractor in respect of any delay, inferior workmanship, any claims for damages and/or any other provisions of this contract or otherwise, and whether the date of completion has or has not elapsed, by notice in writing absolutely determine the contract in any of the following cases:

- (i) If the contractor having been given by the Engineer-in-Charge a notice in writing to rectify, reconstruct or replace any defective work or that the work is being performed in an inefficient or otherwise improper or un-workman like manner shall omit to comply with the requirement of such notice for a period of seven days thereafter.
- (ii) If the contractor has, without reasonable cause, suspended the progress of the work or has failed to proceed with the work with due diligence so that in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge (which shall be final and binding) he will be unable to secure completion of the work by the date for completion and continues to do so after a notice in writing of seven days from the Engineer-in-Charge.
- (iii) If the contractor fails to complete the work within the stipulated date or items of work with individual date of completion, if any stipulated, on or before such date(s) of completion and does not complete them within the period specified in a notice given in writing in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge.
- (iv) If the contractor fails to complete the work within the stipulated date or items of work with individual date of completion, if any stipulated, on or before such date(s) of completion and does not complete them within the period specified in a notice given in writing in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge.
- (v) If the contractor persistently neglects to carry out his obligations under the contract and/ or commits default in complying with any of the terms and conditions of the contract and does not remedy it or take effective steps to remedy it within 7 days after a notice in writing is given to him in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge.
- (vi) If the contractor shall offer or give or agree to give to any person in Government service or to any other person on his behalf any gift or consideration of any kind as an inducement or reward for doing or forbearing to do or for having done or forborne to do any act in relation to the obtaining or execution of this or any other contract for Government.
- (vii) If the contractor shall enter into a contract with Government in connection with which commission has been paid or agreed to be paid by him or to his knowledge, unless the particulars of any such commission and the terms of payment thereof have been previously disclosed in writing to the Engineer-in-Charge.

- (vii) If the contractor had secured the contract with Government as a result of wrong tendering or other non-bonafide methods of competitive tendering or commits breach of Integrity Agreement.
- (viii) If the contractor being an individual, or if a firm, any partner thereof shall at any time be adjudged insolvent or have a receiving order or order for administration of his estate made against him or shall take any proceedings for liquidation or composition (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of amalgamation or reconstruction) under any Insolvency Act for the time being in force or make any conveyance or assignment of his effects or composition or arrangement for the benefit of his creditors or purport so to do, or if any application be made under any Insolvency Act for the time being in force for the sequestration of his estate or if a trust deed be executed by him for benefit of his creditors.
- (ix) If the contractor being a company shall pass a resolution or the court shall make an order that the company shall be wound up or if a receiver or a manager on behalf of a creditor shall be appointed or if circumstances shall arise which entitle the court or the creditor to appoint a receiver or a manager or which entitle the court to make a winding up order.
- (x) If the contractor shall suffer an execution being levied on his goods and allow it to be continued for a period of 21 days.
- (xi) If the contractor assigns, transfers, sublets (engagement of labour on a piece-work basis or of labour with materials not to be incorporated in the work, shall not be deemed to be subletting) or otherwise parts with or attempts to assign, transfer, sublet or otherwise parts with the entire works or any portion thereof without the prior written approval of the Engineer - in-Charge.

When the contractor has made himself liable for action under any of the cases aforesaid, the Engineer-in-Charge on behalf of the Director, IIM Indore shall have powers:

- (a) To determine the contract as aforesaid (of which termination notice in writing to the contractor under the hand of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be conclusive evidence). Upon such determination, the Security Deposit already recovered and Performance Guarantee under the contract shall be liable to be forfeited and shall be absolutely at the disposal of the Government
- (b) After giving notice to the contractor to measure up the work of the contractor and to take such whole, or the balance or part thereof, as shall be un-executed out of his hands and to give it to another contractor to complete the work. The contractor, whose contract is determined as above, shall not be allowed to participate in the tendering process for the balance work.

In the event of above courses being adopted by the Engineer-in-Charge, the contractor shall have no claim to compensation for any loss sustained by him by reasons of his having purchased or procured any materials or entered into any engagements or made any advances on account or with a view to the execution of the work or the performance of the contract. And in case action is taken under any of the provision aforesaid, the contractor shall not be entitled to recover or be paid any sum for any work thereof or actually performed under this contract unless

and until the Engineer-in-Charge has certified in writing the performance of such work and the value payable in respect thereof and he shall only be entitled to be paid the value so certified.

CLAUSE 3A

In case, the work cannot be started due to reasons not within the control of the contractor within 1/8th of the stipulated time for completion of work or one month whichever is higher, either party may close the contract. In case contractor wants to close the contract, he shall give notice to the department stating the failure on the part of department. In such eventuality, the Performance Guarantee of the contractor shall be refunded within following time limits :

- (i) If the Tendered value of work is up to Rs. 45 lac : 15 days.
- (ii) If the Tendered value of work is more than Rs. 45 lac and up to Rs. 2.5 Crore : 21 days.
- (iii) If the Tendered value of work exceeds Rs. 2.5 Crore : 30 days.

If Performance Guarantee is not released within prescribed time limit, then a simple interest @ 0.25% per month shall be payable on Performance Guarantee amount to the contractor from the date of expiry of prescribed time limit.

A compensation for such eventuality, on account of damages etc. shall be payable @ 0.25% of tendered amount subject to maximum limit of Rs. 10 lacs.

CLAUSE 4

Contractor liable to pay Compensation even if action not taken under Clause 3

In any case in which any of the powers conferred upon the Engineer-in-Charge by Clause-3 thereof, shall have become exercisable and the same are not exercised, the non-exercise thereof shall not constitute a waiver of any of the conditions hereof and such powers shall notwithstanding be exercisable in the event of any future case of default by the contractor and the liability of the contractor for compensation shall remain unaffected. In the event of the Engineer-in-Charge putting in force all or any of the powers vested in him under the preceding clause he may, if he so desires after giving a notice in writing to the contractor, take possession of (or at the sole discretion of the Engineer-in-Charge which shall be final and binding on the contractor) use as on hire (the amount of the hire money being also in the final determination of the Engineer-in-Charge) all or any tools, plant, materials and stores, in or upon the works, or the site thereof belonging to the contractor, or procured by the contractor and intended to be used for the execution of the work/or any part thereof, paying or allowing for the same in account at the contract rates, or, in the case of these not being applicable, at current market rates to be certified by the Engineer-in-Charge, whose certificate thereof shall be final, and binding on the contractor, clerk of the works, foreman or other authorized agent to remove such tools, plant, materials, or stores from the premises (within a time to be specified in such notice) in the event of the contractor failing to comply with any such requisition, the Engineer-in-Charge may remove them at the contractor's expense or sell them by auction or private sale on account of the contractor and his risk in all respects and the certificate of the Engineer-in-Charge as to the expenses of any such removal and the amount of the proceeds and expenses of any such sale shall be final and conclusive against the contractor

CLAUSE 5

Time and Extension for Delay

The time allowed for execution of the Works as specified in the Schedule 'F' or the extended time in accordance with these conditions shall be the essence of the Contract. The execution of the works shall commence from such time period as mentioned in schedule 'F' or from the date of handing over of the site whichever is later. If the Contractor commits default in commencing the execution of the work as aforesaid, Government shall without prejudice to any other right or remedy available in law, be at liberty to forfeit the performance guarantee absolutely

5.1 As soon as possible after the Contract is concluded, the Contractor shall submit a Time and Progress Chart for each mile stone and get it approved by the Department. The Chart shall be prepared in direct relation to the time stated in the Contract documents for completion of items of the works. It shall indicate the forecast of the dates of commencement and completion of various trades of sections of the work and may be amended as necessary by agreement between the Engineer-in-Charge and the Contractor within the limitations of time imposed in the Contract documents, and further to ensure good progress during the execution of the work, the contractor shall in all cases in which the time allowed for any work, exceeds one month (save for special jobs for which a separate programme has been agreed upon) complete the work as per mile stones given in Schedule 'F'.

(a) Project Management shall be done by using project management software for works costing more than Rs. 5 Crore.

(b) The project management shall be done using M.S. Project software for works costing more than Rs. 5 Crore and up to Rs. 20 Crore.

For works costing more than Rs. 20 Crore, project management shall be done using Primavera Software.

PROGRAMME CHART

(i) The Contractor shall prepare an integrated programme chart in MS Project/Primavera software for the execution of work, showing clearly all activities from the start of work to completion, with details of manpower, equipment and machinery required for the fulfillment of the programme within the stipulated period or earlier and submit the same for approval to the Engineer-in-Charge within ten days of award of the contract. A recovery of Rs.2500/- (for works costing upto Rs. 20 Crores) / Rs. 5000/- (for works costing more than Rs. 20 Crores) shall be made on per day basis in case of delay in submission of the above programme.

(ii) The programme chart should include the following:

(a) Descriptive note explaining sequence of the various activities.

(b) Network (PERT / CPM / BAR CHART).

(c) Programme for procurement of materials by the contractor.

Programme of procurement of machinery / equipments having adequate capacity, commensurate with the quantum of work to be done within the stipulated period, by the contractor. In addition to above, to achieve the progress of Work as per programme, the contractor must bring at site adequate shuttering material required for cement concrete and R.C.C. works etc. for three floors within one month from the date of start of work till the completion of RCC work as per requirement of work. The contractor shall submit shuttering schedule adequate to complete structure work within laid down physical milestone.

- (iii) If at any time, it appears to the Engineer-in-Charge that the actual progress of work does not conform to the approved programme referred above or after rescheduling of milestones, the contractor shall produce a revised programme within 7 (seven) days, showing the modifications to the approved programme to ensure timely completion of the work. The modified schedule of programme shall be approved by the Engineer in Charge. A recovery of Rs. 2500/- (for works costing upto Rs. 20 Crores) / Rs. 5000/- (for works costing more than Rs. 20 Crores) shall be made on per day basis in case of delay in submission of the modified programme.
- (iv) The submission for approval by the Engineer-in-Charge of such programme or such particulars shall not relieve the contractor of any of the duties or responsibilities under the contract. This is without prejudice to the right of Engineer-in-Charge to take action against the contractor as per terms and conditions of the agreement.
- (v) The contractor shall submit the progress report using MS Project/Primavira software with base line programme referred above for the work done during previous month to the Engineer-in-charge on or before 5th day of each month failing which a recovery Rs. 2500/- (for works costing upto Rs. 20 Crores) / Rs. 5000/- (for works costing more than Rs. 20 Crores) shall be made on per day basis in case of delay in submission of the monthly progress report.

5.2 If the work(s) be delayed by:-

- (i) force majeure, or
- (ii) abnormally bad weather, or
- (iii) serious loss or damage by fire, or
- (iv) civil commotion, local commotion of workmen, strike or lockout, affecting any of the trades employed on the work, or
- (v) delay on the part of other contractors or tradesmen engaged by Engineer-in-Charge in executing work not forming part of the Contract, or
- (vi) non-availability of stores, which are the responsibility of Government to supply or non-availability or break down of tools and Plant to be supplied or supplied by Government or
- (vii) any other cause which, in the absolute discretion of the Engineer-in-Charge is beyond the Contractor's control.

then upon the happening of any such event causing delay, the Contractor shall immediately give notice thereof in writing to the authority as indicated in Schedule 'F' but shall nevertheless use constantly his best endeavours to prevent or make good the delay and shall do all that may be reasonably required to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge to proceed with the works.

5.3 Request for rescheduling of Mile stones and extension of time, to be eligible for consideration, shall be made by the Contractor in writing within fourteen days of the happening of the event causing delay on the prescribed form to the authority as indicated in Schedule 'F'. The Contractor may also, if practicable, indicate in such a request the period for which extension is desired.

5.4 In any such case the authority as indicated in Schedule 'F' may give a fair and reasonable extension of time and reschedule the mile stones for completion of work. Such extension or rescheduling of the milestones shall be communicated to

the Contractor by the authority as indicated in Schedule 'F' in writing, within 3 months or 4 weeks of the date of receipt of such request respectively. Non application by the contractor for extension of time/ rescheduling of the milestones shall not be a bar for giving a fair and reasonable extension/ rescheduling of the milestones by the authority as indicated in Schedule 'F' and this shall be binding on the contractor.

CLAUSE 6

Measurements of work Done

Engineer-in-Charge shall, except as otherwise provided, ascertain and determine by measurement, the value in accordance with the contract of work done.

All measurement of all items having financial value shall be entered in Measurement Book and/or level field book so that a complete record is obtained of all works performed under the contract.

All measurements and levels shall be taken jointly by the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative and by the contractor or his authorized representative from time to time during the progress of the work and such measurements shall be signed and dated by the Engineer in-Charge and the contractor or their representatives in token of their acceptance. If the contractor objects to any of the measurements recorded, a note shall be made to that effect with reason and signed by both the parties.

If for any reason the contractor or his authorized representative is not available and the work of recording measurements is suspended by the Engineer-in-Charge or his representative, the Engineer-in-Charge and the Department shall not entertain any claim from contractor for any loss or damages on this account. If the contractor or his authorized representative does not remain present at the time of such measurements after the contractor or his authorized representative has been given a notice in writing three (3) days in advance or fails to countersign or to record objection within a week from the date of the measurement, then such measurements recorded in his absence by the Engineer-in-Charge or his representative shall be deemed to be accepted by the Contractor.

The contractor shall, without extra charge, provide all assistance with every appliance, labour and other things necessary for measurements and recording levels.

Except where any general or detailed description of the work expressly shows to the contrary, measurements shall be taken in accordance with the procedure set forth in the specifications notwithstanding any provision in the relevant Standard Method of measurement or any general or local custom. In the case of items which are not covered by specifications, measurements shall be taken in accordance with the relevant standard method of measurement issued by the Bureau of Indian Standards and if for any item no such standard is available, then a mutually agreed method shall be followed.

The contractor shall give, not less than seven days' notice to the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative in charge of the work, before covering up or otherwise placing beyond the reach of measurement any work in order that the same may be measured and correct dimensions thereof be taken before the same is covered up or placed beyond the reach of measurement and shall not cover up

and place beyond reach of measurement any work without consent in writing of the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative in charge of the work who shall within the aforesaid period of seven days inspect the work, and if any work shall be covered up or placed beyond the reach of measurements without such notice having been given or the Engineer-in-Charge's consent being obtained in writing, the same shall be uncovered at the Contractor's expense, or in default thereof no payment or allowance shall be made for such work or the materials with which the same was executed.

Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative may cause either themselves or through another officer of the department to check the measurements recorded jointly or otherwise as aforesaid and all provisions stipulated herein above shall be applicable to such checking of measurements or levels.

It is also a term of this contract that recording of measurements of any item of work in the measurement book and/or its payment in the interim, on account or final bill shall not be considered as conclusive evidence as to the sufficiency of any work or material to which it relates nor shall it relieve the contractor from liabilities from any over measurement or defects noticed till completion of the defects liability period.

CLAUSE 6A

Computerized Measurement Book

Engineer-in-Charge shall, except as otherwise provided, ascertain and determine by measurement the value of work done in accordance with the contract.

All measurements of all items having financial value shall be entered by the contractor and compiled in the shape of the Computerized Measurement Book having pages of A-4 size as per the format of the department so that a complete record is obtained of all the items of works performed under the contract.

All such measurements and levels recorded by the contractor or his authorized representative from time to time, during the progress of the work, shall be got checked by the contractor from the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative as per interval or program fixed in consultation with Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative. After the necessary corrections made by the Engineer-in-Charge, the measurement sheets shall be returned to the contractor for incorporating the corrections and for resubmission to the Engineer-in-Charge for the dated signatures by the Engineer-in-Charge and the contractor or their representatives in token of their acceptance.

Whenever bill is due for payment, the contractor would initially submit draft computerized measurement sheets and these measurements would be got checked/test checked from the Engineer-in-Charge and/or his authorized representative. The contractor will, thereafter, incorporate such changes as may be done during these checks/test checks in his draft computerized measurements, and submit to the department a computerized measurement book, duly bound, and with its pages machine numbered. The Engineer-in-Charge and/or his authorized representative would thereafter check this MB, and record the necessary certificates for their checks/test checks.

The final, fair, computerized measurement book given by the contractor, duly bound, with its pages machine numbered, should be 100% correct, and no cutting or over-writing in the measurements would thereafter be allowed. If at all any error is noticed, the contractor shall have to submit a fresh computerized MB with its pages duly machine numbered and bound, after getting the earlier MB cancelled by the department. Thereafter, the MB shall be taken in the Divisional Office records, and allotted a number as per the Register of Computerised MBs. This should be done before the corresponding bill is submitted to the Division Office for payment. The contractor shall submit two spare copies of such computerized MB's for the purpose of reference and record by the various officers of the department.

The contractor shall also submit to the department separately his computerized Abstract of Cost and the bill based on these measurements, duly bound, and its pages machine numbered along with two spare copies of the "bill. Thereafter, this bill will be processed by the Division Office and allotted a number as per the computerized record in the same way as done for the measurement book meant for measurements.

The contractor shall, without extra charge, provide all assistance with every appliance, labour and other things necessary for checking of measurements/levels by the Engineer-in- Charge or his representative.

Except where any general or detailed description of the work expressly shows to the contrary, measurements shall be taken in accordance with the procedure set forth in the specifications notwithstanding any provision in the relevant Standard Method of measurement or any general or local custom. In the case of items which are not covered by specifications, measurements shall be taken in accordance with the relevant standard method of measurement issued by the Bureau of Indian Standards and if for any item no such standard is available then a mutually agreed method shall be followed.

The contractor shall give not less than seven days' notice to the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative in charge of the work before covering up or otherwise placing beyond the reach of checking and/or test checking the measurement of any work in order that the same may be checked and/or test checked and correct dimensions thereof be taken before the same is covered up or placed beyond the reach of checking and/or test checking measurement and shall not cover up and place beyond reach of measurement any work without consent in writing of the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative in charge of the work who shall within the aforesaid period of seven days inspect the work, and if any work shall be covered up or placed beyond the reach of hecking and/or test checking measurements without such notice having been given or the Engineer-in-Charge's consent being obtained in writing the same shall be uncovered at the Contractor's expense, or in default thereof no payment or allowance shall be made for such work or the materials with which the same was executed.

Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative may cause either themselves or through another officer of the department to check the measurements recorded by contractor and all provisions stipulated herein above shall be applicable to such checking of measurements or levels.

It is also a term of this contract that checking and/or test checking the measurements of any item of work in the measurement book and/or its payment in the interim, on account of final bill shall not be considered as conclusive evidence as to the sufficiency of any work or material to which it relates nor shall it relieve the contractor from liabilities from any over measurement or defects noticed till completion of the defects liability period.

CLAUSE 7

Payment on Intermediate Certificate to be Regarded as Advances

No payment shall be made for work, estimated to cost Rs. Twenty thousand or less till after the whole of the work shall have been completed and certificate of completion given. For works estimated to cost over Rs. Twenty thousand, the interim or running account bills shall be submitted by the contractor for the work executed on the basis of such recorded measurements on the format of the Department in triplicate on or before the date of every month fixed for the same by the Engineer-in-Charge. The contractor shall not be entitled to be paid any such interim payment if the gross work done together with net payment/ adjustment of advances for material collected, if any, since the last such payment is less than the amount specified in Schedule 'F', in which case the interim bill shall be prepared on the appointed date of the month after the requisite progress is achieved. Engineer-in-Charge shall arrange to have the bill verified by taking or causing to be taken, where necessary, the requisite measurements of the work. In the event of the failure of the contractor to submit the bills, Engineer-in-Charge shall prepare or cause to be prepared such bills in which event no claims whatsoever due to delays on payment including that of interest shall be payable to the contractor. Payment on account of amount admissible shall be made by the Engineer-In-charge certifying the sum to which the contractor is considered entitled by way of interim payment at such rates as decided by the Engineer-in-Charge. The amount admissible shall be paid by 10th working day after the day of presentation of the bill by the Contractor to the Engineer-in-Charge or his Asstt. Engineer together with the account of the material issued by the department, or dismantled materials, if any. In the case of works outside the headquarters of the Engineer-in-Charge, the period of ten working days will be extended to fifteen working days. In case of delay in payment of intermediate bills after 45 days of submission of bill by the contractor provided the bill submitted by the contractor found to be in order, a simple interest @ 7.5% per annum shall be paid to the contractor from the date of expiry of prescribed time limit which will be compounded on yearly basis.

All such interim payments shall be regarded as payment by way of advances against final payment only and shall not preclude the requiring of bad, unsound and imperfect or unskilled work to be rejected, removed, taken away and reconstructed or re-erected. Any certificate given by the Engineer-in-Charge relating to the work done or materials delivered forming part of such payment, may be modified or corrected by any subsequent such certificate(s) or by the final certificate and shall not by itself be conclusive evidence that any work or materials to which it relates is/are in accordance with the contract and specifications. Any such interim payment, or any part thereof shall not in any respect conclude, determine or affect in any way powers of the Engineer-in-Charge under the contract or any of such payments be treated as final settlement and adjustment of accounts or in any way vary or affect the contract.

Pending consideration of extension of date of completion, interim payments shall continue to be made as herein provided without prejudice to the right of the department to take action under the terms of this contract for delay in the completion of work, if the extension of date of completion is not granted by the competent authority.

The Engineer-in-Charge in his sole discretion on the basis of a certificate from the Asstt. Engineer to the effect that the work has been completed up to the level in question make interim advance payments without detailed measurements for work done (other than foundations, items to be covered under finishing items) up to lintel level (including sunshade etc.) and slab level, for each floor working out at 75% of the assessed value. The advance payments so allowed shall be adjusted in the subsequent interim bill by taking detailed measurements thereof.

Payments in composite Contracts

In case of composite tenders, running payment for the major component shall be made by EE of major discipline to the main contractor. Running payment for minor component shall be made by the Engineer-in-Charge of the discipline of minor component directly to the main contractor.

In case main contractor fails to make the payment to the contractor associated by him within 15 days of receipt of each running account payment, then on the written complaint of contractor associated for such minor component, Engineer in charge of minor component shall serve the show cause to the main contractor and if reply of main contractor either not received or found unsatisfactory, he may make the payment directly to the contractor associated for minor component as per the terms and conditions of the agreement drawn between main contractor and associate contractor fixed by him. Such payment made to the associate contractor shall be recovered by Engineer-in-charge of major or minor component from the next R/A/ final bill due to main contractor as the case may be.

CLAUSE 8

Completion Certificate and Completion Plans

Within ten days of the completion of the work, the contractor shall give notice of such completion to the Engineer-in-Charge and within thirty days of the receipt of such notice, the Engineer-in-Charge shall inspect the work and if there is no defect in the work, shall furnish the contractor with a final certificate of completion, otherwise a provisional certificate of physical completion indicating defects (a) to be rectified by the contractor and/or (b) for which payment will be made at reduced rates, shall be issued. But no final certificate of completion shall be issued, nor shall the work be considered to be complete until the contractor shall have removed from the premises on which the work shall be executed all scaffolding, surplus materials, rubbish and all huts and sanitary arrangements required for his/their work people on the site in connection with the execution of the works as shall have been erected or constructed by the contractor(s) and cleaned off the dirt from all wood work, doors, windows, walls, floor or other parts of the building, in, upon, or about which the work is to be executed or of which he may have had possession for the purpose of the execution; thereof, and not until the work shall have been measured by the Engineer-in-Charge. If the contractor

shall fail to comply with the requirements of this Clause as to removal of scaffolding, surplus materials and rubbish and all huts and sanitary arrangements as aforesaid and cleaning off dirt on or before the date fixed for the completion of work, the Engineer-in-Charge may at the expense of the contractor remove such scaffolding, surplus materials and rubbish etc., and dispose of the same as he thinks fit and clean off such dirt as aforesaid, and the contractor shall have no claim in respect of scaffolding or surplus materials as aforesaid except for any sum actually realized by the sale thereof.

CLAUSE 8A

Contractor to Keep Site Clean

When the annual repairs and maintenance of works are carried out, the splashes and droppings from white washing, colour washing, painting etc., on walls, floor, windows, etc shall be removed and the surface cleaned simultaneously with the completion of these items of work in the individual rooms, quarters or premises etc. where the work is done: without waiting for the actual completion of all the other items of work in the contract. In case the contractor fails to comply with the requirements of this clause, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the right to get this work done at the cost of the contractor either departmentally or through any other agency. Before taking such action, the Engineer-in-Charge shall give ten days notice in writing to the contractor.

CLAUSE 8B

Completion Plans to be Submitted by the Contractor

The contractor shall submit completion plan as required vide General Specifications for Electrical works (Part-I internal) 2005 and (Part-II External) 1994 as applicable within thirty days of the completion of the work.

In case, the contractor fails to submit the completion plan as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay a sum equivalent to 2.5% of the value of the work subject to a ceiling of Rs.15,000 (Rs. Fifteen thousand only) as may be fixed by the Chief Engineer concerned and in this respect the decision of the Chief Engineer shall be final and binding on the contractor.

The contractor shall submit completion plan for water, sewerage and drainage line plan within thirty days of the completion of the work.

In case, the contractor fails to submit the completion plan as aforesaid, , the department will get it done through other agency at his cost and actual expenses incurred plus Rs. 15,000/- for the same shall be recovered from the contractor.

CLAUSE 9

Payment of Final Bill

The final bill shall be submitted by the contractor in the same manner as specified in interim bills within three months of physical completion of the work or within one month of the date of the final certificate of completion furnished by the Engineer-in-Charge whichever is earlier. No further claims shall be made by the contractor after submission of the final bill and these shall be deemed to have been waived and extinguished. Payments of those items of the bill in respect of which there is no dispute and of items in dispute, for quantities and rates as approved by Engineer-in-Charge, will, as far as possible be made within the period

specified hereinunder, the period being reckoned from the date of receipt of the bill by the Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized Asstt. Engineer, complete with account of materials issued by the Department and dismantled materials.

(i) If the Tendered value of work is up to Rs. 45 lac : 2 months

(ii) If the Tendered value of work is more than Rs.45 lac and up to Rs. 2.5 Crore : 3 months

(iii) If the Tendered value of work exceeds Rs. 2.5 Crore : 6 months

In case of delay in payment of final bills after prescribed time limit, a simple interest @ 7.5% per annum shall be paid to the contractor from the date of expiry of prescribed time limit which will be compounded on yearly basis, provided the final bill submitted by the contractor found to be in order.

CLAUSE 9A

Payment of Contractor's Bills to Banks

Payments due to the contractor may, if so desired by him, be made to his bank, registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions instead of direct to him provided that the contractor furnishes to the Engineer-in-Charge (1) an authorization in the form of a legally valid document such as a power of attorney conferring authority on the bank; registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions to receive payments and (2) his own acceptance of the correctness of the amount made out as being due to him by Government or his signature on the bill or other claim preferred against Government before settlement by the Engineer-in-Charge of the account or claim by payment to the bank, registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions. While the receipt given by such banks; registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions shall constitute a full and sufficient discharge for the payment, the contractor shall whenever possible present his bills duly receipted and discharged through his bank, registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions.

Nothing herein contained shall operate to create in favour of the bank; registered financial, co-operative or thrift societies or recognized financial institutions any rights or equities vis-a-vis the Director, IIM Indore.

CLAUSE 10

Materials supplied by IIM Indore-Deleted

CLAUSE 10A

Materials to be provided by the Contractor

The contractor shall, at his own expense, provide all materials, required for the works other than those which are stipulated to be supplied by the Government.

The contractor shall, at his own expense and without delay, supply to the Engineer-in-Charge samples of materials to be used on the work and shall get these approved in advance. All such materials to be provided by the Contractor shall be in conformity with the specifications laid down or referred to in the contract. The contractor shall, if requested by the Engineer-in-Charge furnish proof, to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge that the materials so comply.

The Engineer-in-Charge shall within thirty days of supply of samples or within such further period as he may require intimate to the Contractor in writing whether samples are approved by him or not. If samples are not approved, the Contractor shall forthwith arrange to supply to the Engineer-in-Charge for his approval, fresh samples complying with the specifications laid down in the contract. When materials are required to be tested in accordance with specifications, approval of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be issued after the test results are received.

The Contractor shall at his risk and cost submit the samples of materials to be tested or analyzed and shall not make use of or incorporate in the work any materials represented by the samples until the required tests or analysis have been made and materials finally accepted by the Engineer-in-Charge. The Contractor shall not be eligible for any claim or compensation either arising out of any delay in the work or due to any corrective measures required to be taken on account of and as a result of testing of materials.

The contractor shall, at his risk and cost, make all arrangements and shall provide all facilities as the Engineer-in-Charge may require for collecting, and preparing the required number of samples for such tests at such time and to such place or places as may be directed by the Engineer-in-Charge and bear all charges and cost of testing unless specifically provided for otherwise elsewhere in the contract or specifications. The Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative shall at all times have access to the works and to all workshops and places where work is being prepared or from where materials, manufactured articles or machinery are being obtained for the works and the contractor shall afford every facility and every assistance in obtaining the right to such access.

The Engineer-in-Charge shall have full powers to require the removal from the premises of all materials which in his opinion are not in accordance with the specifications and in case of default, the Engineer-in-Charge shall be at liberty to employ at the expense of the contractor, other persons to remove the same without being answerable or accountable for any loss or damage that may happen or arise to such materials. The Engineer-in-Charge shall also have full powers to require other proper materials to be substituted thereof and in case of default, the Engineer-in-Charge may cause the same to be supplied and all costs which may attend such removal and substitution shall be borne by the Contractor.

The contractor shall at his own expense, provide a material testing lab at the site for conducting routine field tests. The lab shall be equipped at least with the testing equipment as specified in schedule F.

CLAUSE 10B

Secured Advance on Non-perishable Materials

(i) The contractor, on signing an indenture in the form to be specified by the Engineer-in-Charge, shall be entitled to be paid during the progress of the execution of the work up to 90% of the assessed value of any materials which are in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge non-perishable, non-fragile and non-combustible and are in accordance with the contract and which have been brought on the site in connection therewith and are adequately stored and/or protected against damage by weather or other causes but which have not at the time of advance been incorporated in the works. When materials on account of which an

advance has been made under this sub-clause are incorporated in the work, the amount of such advance shall be recovered/deducted from the next payment made under any of the clause or clauses of this contract.

Such secured advance shall also be payable on other items of perishable nature, fragile and combustible with the approval of the Engineer-in-Charge provided the contractor provides a comprehensive insurance cover for the full cost of such materials. The decision of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be final and binding on the contractor in this matter. No secured advance, shall however, be paid on high-risk materials such as ordinary glass, sand, petrol, diesel etc.

Mobilisation Advance

(ii) Mobilization advance not exceeding 10% of the tendered value may be given, if requested by the contractor in writing within one month of the order to commence the work. Such advance shall be in two or more installments to be determined by the Engineer-in-Charge at his sole discretion. The first installment of such advance shall be released by the Engineer-in-charge to the contractor on a request made by the contractor to the Engineer-in-Charge in this behalf. The second and subsequent installments shall be released by the Engineer-in-Charge only after the contractor furnishes a proof of the satisfactory utilization of the earlier installment to the entire satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge.

Before any installment of advance is released, the contractor shall execute a Bank Guarantee Bond from Scheduled Bank for the amount equal to 110% of the amount of advance and valid for the contract period. This (Bank Guarantee from Scheduled Bank for the amount equal to 110% of the balance amount of advance) shall be kept renewed from time to time to cover the balance amount and likely period of complete recovery Provided always that provision of Clause 10 B (ii) shall be applicable only when so provided in 'Schedule F'.

Plant Machinery & Shuttering Material Advance

(iii) An advance for plant, machinery & shuttering material required for the work and brought to site by the Contractor may be given if requested by the contractor in writing within one month of bringing such plant and machinery to site. Such advance shall be given on such plant and machinery which in the opinion of the Engineer-in-charge will add to the expeditious execution of work and improve the quality of work. The amount of advance shall be restricted to 5% percent of the tender value. In the case of new plant and equipment to be purchased for the work, the advance shall be restricted to 90% of the price of such new plant and equipment paid by the contractor for which the contractor shall produce evidence satisfactory to the Engineer-in-Charge. In the case of second hand and used plants and equipment, the amount of such advance shall be limited to 50% of the depreciated value of plant and equipment as may be decided by the Engineer-in-Charge. The contractor shall, if so required by the Engineer-in-Charge, submit the statement of value of such old plant and equipment duly approved by a Registered Valuer recognized by the Central Board of Direct Taxes under the Income-Tax Act, 1961. No such advance shall be paid on any plant and equipment of perishable nature and on any plant and equipment of a value less than Rs. 50,000/- Seventy five per cent of such amount of advance shall be paid after the plant & equipment is brought to site and balance twenty five percent on successfully commissioning the same.

Leasing of equipment shall be considered at par with purchase of equipment and shall be covered by tripartite agreement with the following:

1. Leasing company which gives certificate of agreeing to lease equipment to the contractor.
2. Engineer in Charge, and
3. The contractor.

This advance shall further be subject to the condition that such plant and equipment (a) are considered by the Engineer-in-Charge to be necessary for the works; (b) and are in working order and are maintained in working order; (c) hypothecated to the Government as specified by the Engineer-in-Charge before the payment of advance is released. The contractor shall not be permitted to remove from the site such hypothecated plant and equipment without the prior written permission of the Engineer-in-Charge. The contractor shall be responsible for maintaining such plant and equipment in good working order during the entire period of hypothecation failing which such advance shall be entirely recovered in lump sum. For this purpose, steel scaffolding and form work shall be treated as plant and equipment.

The contractor shall insure the Plant and Machinery for which mobilization advance is sought and given, for a sum sufficient to provide for their replacement at site. Any amounts not recovered from the insurer will be borne by the contractor.

Interest & Recovery

(iv) The mobilization advance and plant and machinery advance in (ii) & (iii) above bear simple interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum and shall be calculated from the date of payment to the date of recovery, both days inclusive, on the outstanding amount of advance. Recovery of such sums advanced shall be made by the deduction from the contractors bills commencing after first ten per cent of the gross value of the work is executed and paid, on pro-rata percentage basis to the gross value of the work billed beyond 10% in such a way that the entire advance is recovered by the time eighty per cent of the gross value of the contract is executed and paid, together with interest due on the entire outstanding amount up to the date of recovery of the installment.

(v) If the circumstances are considered reasonable by the Engineer-in-Charge, the period mentioned in (ii) and (iii) for request by the contractor in writing for grant of mobilization advance and plant and equipment advance may be extended in the discretion of the Engineer-in-Charge.

CLAUSE 10C

Payment on Account of Increase in Prices/Wages due to Statutory Order(s)

If after submission of the tender, the price of any material incorporated in the works (excluding the materials covered under Clause 10CA and not being a material supplied from the Engineer-in-Charge's stores in accordance with Clause 10 thereof) and/or wages of labour increases as a direct result of the coming into force of any fresh law, or statutory rule or order (but not due to any changes of rate in sales tax/VAT, Central/State Excise/Custom Duty) beyond the prices/wages prevailing at the time of the last stipulated date of receipt of tenders including

extensions, if any, for the work during contract period including the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without any action under clause 2, then the amount of the contract shall accordingly be varied and provided further that any such increase shall be limited to the price/wages prevailing at the time of updated stipulated date of completion considering effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on prorata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/tendered amount).

If after submission of the tender, the price of any material incorporated in the works (excluding the materials covered under Clause 10CA and not being a material supplied from the Engineer-in-Charge's stores in accordance with Clause 10 thereof) and/or wages of labour as prevailing at the time of last stipulated date of receipt of tender including extensions, if any, is decreased as a direct result of the coming into force of any fresh law or statutory rules or order (but not due to any changes of rate in sales tax/VAT, Central/State Excise/Custom Duty), Government shall in respect of materials incorporated in the works (excluding the materials covered under Clause 10CA and not being material supplied from the Engineer-in-Charge's stores in accordance with Clause 10 hereof) and/or labour engaged on the execution of the work after the date of coming into force of such law statutory rule or order be entitled to deduct from the dues of the contractor, such amount as shall be equivalent to the difference between the prices of the materials and/or wages as prevailed at the time of the last stipulated date for receipt of tenders including extensions if any for the work and the prices of materials and/or wages of labour on the coming into force of such law, statutory rule or order. This will be applicable for the contract period including the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without any action under clause 2.

Engineer-in-Charge may call books of account and other relevant documents from the contractor to satisfy himself about reasonability of increase in prices of materials and wages.

The contractor shall, within a reasonable time of his becoming aware of any alteration in the price of any such materials and/or wages of labour, give notice thereof to the Engineer-in-Charge stating that the same is given pursuant to this condition together with all information relating thereto which he may be in position to supply.

For this purpose, the labour component of the work executed during period under consideration shall be the percentage as specified in Schedule F, of the value of work done during that period and the increase/decrease in labour shall be considered on the minimum daily wages in rupees of any unskilled adult male mazdoor, fixed under any law, statutory rule or order.

CLAUSE 10 CA

Payment due to variation in prices of materials after receipt of tender

If after submission of the tender, the price of materials specified in Schedule F increases/ decreases beyond the base price(s) as indicated in Schedule F for the work, then the amount of the contract shall accordingly be varied and provided further that any such variations shall be effected for stipulated period of Contract

including the justified period extended under the provisions of Clause 5 of the Contract without any action under Clause 2.

However for work done/during the justified period extended as above, it will be limited to indices prevailing at the time of updated stipulated date of completion considering the effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on pro-rata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/tendered cost).

The increase/decrease in prices of cement, steel reinforcement, structural steel and POL shall be determined by the Price indices issued by the Director General, CPWD. For other items provided in the Schedule 'F', this shall be determined by the All India Wholesale Price Indices of materials as published by Economic Advisor to Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry. Base price for cement, steel reinforcement, structural steel and POL shall be as issued under the authority of Director General CPWD applicable for Delhi including Noida, Gurgaon, Faridabad & Ghaziabad and for other places as issued under the authority of Zonal Chief Engineer, CPWD and base price of other materials issued by concerned Zonal chief Engineer and as indicated in Schedule 'F'. In case, price index of a particular material is not issued by Ministry of Commerce and Industry, then the price index of nearest similar material as indicated in Schedule 'F' shall be followed.

The amount of the contract shall accordingly be varied for all such materials and will be worked out as per the formula given below for individual material:-

Adjustment for component of individual material

$$V = P \times Q \times \frac{C_1 - C_{10}}{C_{10}}$$

where,

V = Variation in material rupees to be paid or it i.e. increase or decrease in the amount of rupees to be paid or varied.

P = Base Price of material as issued under authority of DG, CPWD or concerned Zonal Chief Engineer and as indicated in Schedule "F".

For Projects and Original works
Q = Quantity of material brought at site for bonafide use in the works since previous bill excluding any such quantity consumed in the deviated quantity of items beyond deviation limit and extra /substituted item, paid/to be paid at rates derived on the basis of market rate under clause 12.2.

For Maintenance Works

Q = Quantity of material brought at site for bonafide use in the works since previous bill including any such quantity consumed in the deviated quantity of items beyond deviation limit paid at agreement rate and extra /substituted item being scheduled items, but excluding non schedule extra /substituted item paid/to be paid at market rate under clause 12.2.

C₁₀ = Price index for cement, steel reinforcement bars structural steel and POL as issued by the DG, CPWD and corresponding to the time of base price of respective material indicated in Schedule 'F'. For other items, if any, provided in Schedule 'F', All India Wholesale Price

Index for the material as published by the Economic Advisor to Government of India, Ministry of Industry and Commerce and corresponding to the time of base price of respective material indicated in Schedule 'F'.

CI = Price index for cement, steel reinforcement bars, structural steel and POL as issued under the authority of DG, CPWD for period under consideration. For other items, if any, provided in Schedule 'F', All India Wholesale Price Index for the material for period under consideration as published by Economic Advisor to Government of India, Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

Note: (i) In respect of the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without any action under clause 2, the index prevailing at the time of updated stipulated date of completion considering the effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on prorata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/ tendered cost) shall be considered.

Provided always that provisions of the preceding Clause 10 C shall not be applicable in respect of Materials covered in this Clause.

- (ii) If during progress of work or at the time of completion of work, it is noticed that any material brought at site is in excess of requirement, then amount of escalation if paid earlier on such excess quantity of material shall be recovered on the basis of cost indices as applied at the time of payment of escalation or as prevailing at the time of effecting recovery, whichever is higher.
- (iii) Cement mentioned wherever in this clause includes Cement component used in RMC brought at site from outside approved RMC plants, if any.
- (iv) The date wise record of ready mix concrete shall be kept in a register and the cement consumption for the same shall be calculated accordingly.
- (v) If built-up steel items are brought at site from workshop, then the variation shall be paid for the structural steel up to the period when the built up item/finished product is brought at site.

CLAUSE 10 CC

Payment due to Increase/Decrease in Prices/Wages (excluding materials covered under clause 10 CA) after Receipt of Tender for Works

If the prices of materials (not being materials supplied or services rendered at fixed prices by the department in accordance with clause 10 & 34 thereof) and/or wages of labour required for execution of the work increase, the contractor shall be compensated for such increase as per provisions detailed below and the amount of the contract shall accordingly be varied, subject to the condition that that such compensation for escalation in prices and wages shall be available only for the work done during the stipulated period of the contract including the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without any action under clause 2. However, for the work done during the justified period extended as above, the compensation as detailed below will be limited to prices/wages prevailing at the time of updated stipulated date of completion

considering the effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on pro-rata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/tendered cost).No such compensation shall be payable for a work for which the stipulated period of completion is equal to or less than the time as specified in Schedule F. Such compensation for escalation in the prices of materials and labour, when due, shall be worked out based on the following provisions:-

(i) The base date for working out such escalation shall be the last stipulated date of receipt of tenders including extension, if any.

(ii) The cost of work on which escalation will be payable shall be reckoned as below :

- | | |
|--|-----|
| (a) Gross value of work done up to this quarter : | (A) |
| (b) Gross value of work done up to the last quarter : | (B) |
| (c) Gross value of work done since previous quarter(A-B) ; | (C) |
| (d) Full assessed value of Secured Advance (excluding materials Covered under Clause 10 CA) fresh paid in this quarter : | (D) |
| (e) Full assessed value of Secured Advance (excluding materials Covered under Clause 10 CA) recovered in this quarter : | (E) |
| (f) Full assessed value of Secured Advance for which escalation Payable in this quarter (D-E): | (F) |
| (g) Advance payment made during this quarter: | (G) |
| (h) Advance payment recovered during this quarter: | (H) |
| (i) Advance payment for which escalation is payable in this Quarter(G-H): | (I) |
| (j) Extra items/deviated quantities of items paid as per Clause 12 Based on prevailing market rates during this quarter: | (J) |

$$\text{Then, } M = C+F+I-J$$

$$N = 0.85 M$$

- | | |
|--|-----|
| (k) Less cost of material supplied by the department as per Clause 10 and recovered during the quarter | (K) |
| (l) Less cost of services rendered at fixed charges as per Clause 34 and recovered during the quarter | (L) |

Cost of work for which escalation is applicable:

$$W = N - (K + L)$$

(iii) Components for materials (except cement, reinforcement bars, structural steel, POL or other materials covered under clause 10 CA) labour, etc. shall be pre-determined for every work and incorporated in the conditions of contract attached to the tender papers included in Schedule 'F'. The decision of the Engineer-in-Charge in working out such percentage shall be binding on the contractors.

(iv) The compensation for escalation for other materials (excluding cement, reinforcement bars, structural steel, POL or other materials covered under clause 10 CA) shall be worked as per the formula given below:-

(a) Adjustment for civil component (except cement, structural steel, reinforcement bars, POL and other materials covered under clause 10CA) / electrical component of construction 'Materials'

V_m = Variation in material cost i.e. increase or decrease in the amount in rupees to be paid or recovered.

W = Cost of Work done worked out as indicated in sub-para (ii) of Clause 10CC.

Xm = Component of 'materials' (except cement, structural steel, reinforcement bars POL and other materials covered under clause 10CA) expressed as percent of the total value of work.

Ml = All India Wholesale Price Index for civil component/electrical component* of construction material as worked out on the basis of All India Wholesale Price Index for Individual Commodities/ Group Items for the period under consideration as published by Economic Advisor to Govt. of India, Ministry of Industry & Commerce and applying weightages to the Individual Commodities/Group Items. (In respect of the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without any action under clause 2, the index prevailing at the time of updated stipulated date of completion considering the effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on prorata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/tendered cost, shall be considered.)

Mlo = All India Wholesale Price Index for civil component/electrical component* of construction material as worked out on the basis of All India Wholesale Price Index for Individual Commodities/Group Items valid on the last stipulated date of receipt of tender including extension, if any, as published by the Economic Advisor to Govt. of India, Ministry of Industry & Commerce and applying weightages to the Individual Commodities/Group items.

***Note:** relevant component only will be applicable.

(v) The following principles shall be followed while working out the indices mentioned in para

(iv) above.

(a) The compensation for escalation shall be worked out at quarterly intervals and shall be with respect to the cost of work done as per bills paid during the three calendar months of the said quarter. The dates of preparation of bills as finally entered in the Measurement Book by the Assistant Engineer/ date of submission of bill finally by the contractor to the department in case of computerised measurement books shall be the guiding factor to decide the bills relevant to the quarterly interval. The first such payment shall be made at the end of three months after the month (excluding the month in which tender was accepted) and thereafter at three months' interval. At the time of completion of the work, the last period for payment might become less than 3 months, depending on the actual date of completion.

(b) The index (Ml/FI etc.) relevant to any quarter/period for which such compensation is paid shall be the arithmetical average of the indices relevant to the three calendar months. If the period up to date of completion after the quarter covered by the last such installment of payment, is less than three months, the index Ml and FI shall be the average of the indices for the months falling within that period.

(vi) The compensation for escalation for labour shall be worked out as per the formula given

below:-

VL : Variation in labour cost i.e. amount of increase or decrease in rupees to be paid or recovered.

W : Value of work done, worked out as indicated in sub-para (ii) above.

Y : Component of labour expressed as a percentage of the total value of the work.

LI : Minimum wage in rupees of an unskilled adult male mazdoor, fixed under any law, statutory rule or order as applicable on the last date of the quarter previous to the one under consideration. (In respect of the justified period extended under the provisions of clause 5 of the contract without

any action under clause 2, the minimum wage prevailing on the last date of quarter previous to the quarter pertaining to updated stipulated date of Completion considering the effect of extra work (extra time to be calculated on prorata basis only as cost of extra work x stipulated period/tendered cost, shall be considered.)

Llo : Minimum daily wage in rupees of an unskilled adult male mazdoor, fixed under any law, statutory rule or order as on the last stipulated date of receipt of tender including extension, if any.

(vii) The following principles will be followed while working out the compensation as per subpara (vi) above.

(a) The minimum wage of an unskilled male mazdoor mentioned in sub-para (vi) above shall be the higher of the wage notified by Government of India, Ministry of Labour and that notified by the local administration both relevant to the place of work and the period of reckoning.

(b) The escalation for labour also shall be paid at the same quarterly intervals when escalation due to increase in cost of materials is paid under this clause. If such revision of minimum wages takes place during any such quarterly intervals, the escalation compensation shall be payable at revised rates only for work done in subsequent quarters;

(c) Irrespective of variations in minimum wages of any category of labour, for the purpose of this clause, the variation in the rate for an unskilled adult male mazdoor alone shall form the basis for working out the escalation compensation payable on the labour component.

(viii) In the event the price of materials and/or wages of labour required for execution of the work decrease/s, there shall be a downward adjustment of the cost of work so that such price of materials and/or wages of labour shall be deductible from the cost of work under this contract and in this regard the formula herein before stated under this Clause 10CC shall mutatis mutandis apply, provided that:

(a) no such adjustment for the decrease in the price of materials and/or wages of labour aforementioned would be made in case of contracts in which the stipulated period of completion of the work is equal to or less than the time as specified in Schedule 'F'.

(b) the Engineer-in-Charge shall otherwise be entitled to lay down the procedure by which the provision of this sub-clause shall be implemented from time to time and the decision of the Engineer-in-Charge in this behalf shall be final and binding on the contractor.

(ix) Provided always that:-

(a) Where provisions of clause 10CC are applicable, provisions of clause 10C will not be applicable but provisions of clause 10CA will be applicable.

(b) Where provisions of clause 10CC are not applicable, provisions of clause 10C and 10CA will become applicable.

Note: Updated stipulated date of completion (period of completion plus extra time for extra work for compensation under clause 10C, 10CA and 10CC, the factor of 1.25 taken into account for calculating the extra time under clause 12.1 for extra time shall not be considered while calculating the updated stipulated date of completion for this purpose in clause 10C, clause 10CA, and clause 10CC.

CLAUSE 10 D

Dismantled Material Govt. Property

The contractor shall treat all materials obtained during dismantling of a structure, excavation of the site for a work, etc. as Government's property and such materials shall be disposed off to the best advantage of Government according to the instructions in writing issued by the Engineer-in-Charge.

CLAUSE 11

Work to be Executed in Accordance with Specifications, Drawings, Orders etc.

The contractor shall execute the whole and every part of the work in the most substantial and workmanlike manner both as regards materials and otherwise in every respect in strict accordance with the specifications. The contractor shall also conform exactly, fully and faithfully to the design, drawings and instructions in writing in respect of the work signed by the Engineer-in-Charge and the contractor shall be furnished free of charge one copy of the contract documents together with specifications, designs, drawings and instructions as are not included in the standard specifications of Central Public Works Department specified in Schedule 'F' or in any Bureau of Indian Standard or any other, published standard or code or, Schedule of Rates or any other printed publication referred to elsewhere in the contract.

The contractor shall comply with the provisions of the contract and with the care and diligence execute and maintain the works and provide all labour and materials, tools and plants including for measurements and supervision of all works, structural plans and other things of temporary or permanent nature required for such execution and maintenance in so far as the necessity for providing these, is specified or is reasonably inferred from the contract. The Contractor shall take full responsibility for adequacy, suitability and safety of all the works and methods of construction.

CLAUSE 12 :

Deviations/Variations Extent and Pricing

The Engineer-in-Charge shall have power (i) to make alteration in, omissions from, additions to, or substitutions for the original specifications, drawings, designs and instructions that may appear to him to be necessary or advisable during the progress of the work, and (ii) to omit a part of the works in case of non-availability of a portion of the site or for any other reasons and the contractor shall be bound to carry out the works in accordance with any instructions given to him in writing signed by the Engineer-in-Charge and such alterations, omissions, additions or substitutions shall form part of the contract as if originally provided therein and any altered, additional or substituted work which the contractor may be directed to do in the manner specified above as part of the works, shall be carried out by the contractor on the same conditions in all respects including price on which he agreed to do the main work except as hereafter provided.

The completion cost of any agreement for Maintenance works including works of upgradation, aesthetic, special repair, addition/ alteration shall not exceed 1.25 times of Tendered amount.

12.1 The time for completion of the works shall, in the event of any deviations resulting in additional cost over the tendered value sum being ordered, be extended, if requested by the contractor, as follows :

- (i) In the proportion which the additional cost of the altered, additional or substituted work, bears to the original tendered value plus
- (ii) 25% of the time calculated in (i) above or such further additional time as may be considered reasonable by the Engineer-in-Charge.

12.2 A. For Project and original works:

Deviation, Extra Items and Pricing

In the case of extra item(s) (items that are completely new, and are in addition to the items contained in the contract), the contractor may within fifteen days of receipt of order or occurrence of the item(s) claim rates, supported by proper analysis, for the work and the engineer-in-charge shall within prescribed time limit of the receipt of the claims supported by analysis, after giving consideration to the analysis of the rates submitted by the contractor, determine the rates on the basis of the market rates and the contractor shall be paid in accordance with the rates so determined.

B. For Maintenance works including works of upgradation, aesthetic, special repair, addition/ alteration: In the case of Extra Item(s) being the schedule items (Delhi Schedule of Rates items), these shall be paid as per the schedule rate plus cost index (at the time of tender) plus/minus percentage above/ below quoted contract amount.

Payment of Extra items in case of non-schedule items (Non-DSR items) shall be made as per the prevailing market rate.

A. For Project and original works:

Deviation, Substituted Items, Pricing

In the case of substituted items (items that are taken up with partial substitution or in lieu of items of work in the contract), the rate for the agreement item (to be substituted) and substituted item shall also be determined in the manner as mentioned in the following para.

(a) If the market rate for the substituted item so determined is more than the market rate of the agreement item (to be substituted), the rate payable to the contractor for the substituted item shall be the rate for the agreement item (to be substituted) so increased to the extent of the difference between the market rates of substituted item and the agreement item (to be substituted).

(b) If the market rate for the substituted item so determined is less than the market rate of the agreement item (to be substituted), the rate payable to the contractor for the substituted item shall be the rate for the agreement item (to be substituted) so decreased to the extent of the difference between the market rates of substituted item and the agreement item (to be substituted).

B. For Maintenance works including works of upgradation, aesthetic, special repair, addition/ alteration: In the case of Substitute Item(s) being the schedule items (Delhi Schedule of Rates items), these shall be paid as per the schedule rate plus cost index (at the time of tender) plus/minus percentage above/ below quoted contract amount. Payment of Substitute in case of non-schedule items (Non-DSR items) shall be made as per the prevailing market rate.

Deviation, Deviated Quantities, Pricing

A. For Project and original works:

In the case of contract items, substituted items, contract cum substituted items, which exceed the limits laid down in schedule F, the contractor may within fifteen days of receipt of order or occurrence of the excess, claim revision of the rates, supported by proper analysis for the work in excess of the above mentioned limits, provided that if the rates so claimed are in excess of the rates specified in the schedule of quantities, the Engineer-in-Charge shall within prescribed time limit of receipt of the claims supported by analysis, after giving consideration to the analysis of the rates submitted by the contractor, determine the rates on the basis of the market rates and the contractor shall be paid in accordance with the rates so determined.

B. For Maintenance works including works of upgradation, aesthetic, special repair, addition/ alteration:

In the case of contract items, which exceed the limits laid down in schedule F, the contractor shall be paid rates specified in the schedule of quantities.

The prescribed time limits for finalising rates for Extra Item(s), Substitute Item(s) and Deviated Quantities of contract items are as under:

- (i) If the Tendered value of work is up to Rs. 45 lac : 30 days.
- (ii) If the Tendered value of work is more than Rs 45 lac and up to Rs. 2.5 Crore : 45 days.
- (iii) If the Tendered value of work exceeds Rs. 2.5 Crore : 60 days.

12.3 A. For Project and original works:

The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall also apply to the decrease in the rates of items for the work in excess of the limits laid down in Schedule F, and the Engineer-in-Charge shall after giving notice to the contractor within one month of occurrence of the excess and after taking into consideration any reply received from him within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice, revise the rates for the work in question within one month of the expiry of the said period of fifteen days having regard to the market rates.

B. For Maintenance works including works of upgradation, aesthetic, special repair, addition/ alteration:

In case of decrease in the rates prevailing in the market of items for the work in excess of the limits laid down in Schedule F, the Engineer-in-Charge shall after giving notice to the contractor within one month of occurrence of the excess and after taking into consideration any reply received from him within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice, revise the rates for the work in question within one month of the expiry of the said period of fifteen days having regard to the market rates.

12.4 The contractor shall send to the Engineer-in-Charge once every three months, an up to date account giving complete details of all claims for additional payments to which the contractor may consider himself entitled and of all additional work

ordered by the Engineer-in-Charge which he has executed during the preceding quarter failing which the contractor shall be deemed to have waived his right. However, the Chief Engineer may authorise consideration of such claims on merits.

12.5 For the purpose of operation of Schedule “F”, the following works shall be treated as works relating to foundation unless & otherwise defined in the contract:

- (i) For Buildings : All works up to 1.2 metres above ground level or up to floor 1 level whichever is lower.
- (ii) For abutments, piers and well staining : All works up to 1.2 m above the bed level.
- (iii) For retaining walls, wing walls, compound walls, chimneys, over head reservoirs/ tanks and other elevated structures : All works up to 1.2 metres above the ground level.
- (iv) For reservoirs/tanks (other than overhead reservoirs/tanks) : All works up to 1.2 metres above the ground level.
- (v) For basement: All works up to 1.2 m above ground level or up to floor 1 level whichever is lower.
- (vi) For Roads, all items of excavation and filling including treatment of sub base.

12.6 Any operation incidental to or necessarily has to be in contemplation of tenderer while filing. tender, or necessary for proper execution of the item included in the Schedule of quantities or in the schedule of rates mentioned above, whether or not, specifically indicated in the description of the item and the relevant specifications, shall be deemed to be included in the rates quoted by the tenderer or the rate given in the said schedule of rates, as the case may be. Nothing extra shall be admissible for such operations.

CLAUSE 13

Foreclosure of contract due to Abandonment or Reduction in Scope of Work

If at any time after acceptance of the tender, Engineer-in-charge shall decide to abandon or reduce the scope of the works for any reason whatsoever and hence not require the whole or any part of the works to be carried out, the Engineer-in-Charge shall give notice in writing to that effect to the contractor and the contractor shall act accordingly in the matter. The contractor shall have no claim to any payment of compensation or otherwise whatsoever, on account of any profit or advantage which he might have derived from the execution of the works in full but which he did not derive in consequence of the foreclosure of the whole or part of the works.

The contractor shall be paid at contract rates, full amount for works executed at site and, in addition, a reasonable amount as certified by the Engineer-in-Charge for the items hereunder mentioned which could not be utilized on the work to the full extent in view of the foreclosure;

- (i) Any expenditure incurred on preliminary site work, e.g. temporary access roads, temporary labour huts, staff quarters and site office; storage accommodation and water storage tanks.
- (ii) Government shall have the option to take over contractor’s materials or any part thereof either brought to site or of which the contractor is legally bound to accept delivery from suppliers (for incorporation in or incidental to the work) provided, however Government shall be bound to take over the materials or such portions thereof as the contractor does not desire to retain. For materials taken

over or to be taken over by Government, cost of such materials as detailed by Engineer-in- Charge shall be paid. The cost shall, however, take into account purchase price, cost of transportation and deterioration or damage which may have been caused to materials whilst in the custody of the contractor.

(iii) If any materials supplied by Government are rendered surplus, the same except normal wastage shall be returned by the contractor to Government at rates not exceeding those at which these were originally issued, less allowance for any deterioration or damage which may have been caused whilst the materials were in the custody of the contractor.

In addition, cost of transporting such materials from site to Government stores, if so required by Government, shall be paid.

(iv) Reasonable compensation for transfer of T & P from site to contractor's permanent stores or to his other works, whichever is less. If T & P are not transported to either of the said places, no cost of transportation shall be payable.

(v) Reasonable compensation for repatriation of contractor's site staff and imported labour to the extent necessary.

The contractor shall, if required by the Engineer- in-Charge, furnish to him, books of account, wage books, time sheets and other relevant documents and evidence as may be necessary to enable him to certify the reasonable amount payable under this condition.

The reasonable amount of items on (i), (iv) and (v) above shall not be in excess of 2% of the cost of the work remaining incomplete on the date of closure, i.e. total stipulated cost of the work as per accepted tender less the cost of work actually executed under the contract and less the cost of contractor's materials at site taken over by the Government as per item (ii) above. Provided always that against any payments due to the contractor on this account or otherwise, the Engineer-in-Charge shall be entitled to recover or be credited with any outstanding balances due from the contractor for advance paid in respect of any tool, plants and materials and any other sums which at the date of termination were recoverable by the Government from the contractor under the terms of the contract.

A compensation for such eventuality, on account of damages etc. shall be payable @ 0.5% of cost of work remaining incomplete on date of closure i.e. total stipulated cost of the work less the cost of work actually executed under the contract shall be payable.

Clause 14

Carrying out part work at risk & cost of contractor

If contractor:

(i) At any time makes default during currency of work or does not execute any part of the work with due diligence and continues to do so even after a notice in writing of 7 days in this respect from the Engineer-in-Charge; or

(ii) Commits default in complying with any of the terms and conditions of the contract and does not remedy it or takes effective steps to remedy it within 7 days even after a notice in writing is given in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge; or

Fails to complete the work(s) or items of work with individual dates of completion, on or before the date(s) so determined, and does not complete them within the period specified in the notice given in writing in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge.

The Engineer- in-Charge without invoking action under clause 3 may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy against the contractor which have either accrued or accrue thereafter to Government, by a notice in writing to take the part work / part incomplete work of any item(s) out of his hands and shall have powers to:

(a) Take possession of the site and any materials, constructional plant, implements, stores, etc., thereon; and/or

(b) Carry out the part work / part incomplete work of any item(s) by any means at the risk and cost of the contractor.

The Engineer-in-Charge shall determine the amount, if any, is recoverable from the contractor for completion of the part work/ part incomplete work of any item(s) taken out of his hands and execute at the risk and cost of the contractor, the liability of contractor on account of loss or damage suffered by Government because of action under this clause shall not exceed 10% of the tendered value of the work.

In determining the amount, credit shall be given to the contractor with the value of work done in all respect in the same manner and at the same rate as if it had been carried out by the original contractor under the terms of his contract, the value of contractor's materials taken over and incorporated in the work and use of plant and machinery belonging to the contractor. The certificate of the Engineer-in-Charge as to the value of work done shall be final and conclusive against the contractor provided always that action under this clause shall only be taken after giving notice in writing to the contractor. Provided also that if the expenses incurred by the department are less than the amount payable to the contractor at his agreement rates, the difference shall not be payable to the contractor.

Any excess expenditure incurred or to be incurred by Government in completing the part work/ part incomplete work of any item(s) or the excess loss of damages suffered or may be suffered by Government as aforesaid after allowing such credit shall without prejudice to any other right or remedy available to Government in law or per as agreement be recovered from any money due to the contractor on any account, and if such money is insufficient, the contractor shall be called upon in writing and shall be liable to pay the same within 30 days.

If the contractor fails to pay the required sum within the aforesaid period of 30 days, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the right to sell any or all of the contractors' unused materials, constructional plant, implements, temporary building at site etc. and adjust the proceeds of sale thereof towards the dues recoverable from the contractor under the contract and if thereafter there remains any balance outstanding, it shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of the contract.

In the event of above course being adopted by the Engineer-in-Charge, the contractor shall have no claim to compensation for any loss sustained by him by reason of his having purchased or procured any materials or entered into any engagements or made any advance on any account or with a view to the execution of the work or the performance of the contract.

CLAUSE 15

Suspension of Work

(i) The contractor shall, on receipt of the order in writing of the Engineer-in-Charge, (whose decision shall be final and binding on the contractor) suspend the progress of the works or any part thereof for such time and in such manner as the Engineer-in-Charge may consider necessary so as not to cause any damage or injury to the work already done or endanger the safety thereof for any of the following reasons:

(a) on account of any default on the part of the contractor or;

(b) for proper execution of the works or part thereof for reasons other than the default of the contractor; or

(c) for safety of the works or part thereof.

The contractor shall, during such suspension, properly protect and secure the works to the extent necessary and carry out the instructions given in that behalf by the Engineer-in-Charge.

(ii) If the suspension is ordered for reasons (b) and (c) in sub-para (i) above:

(a) the contractor shall be entitled to an extension of time equal to the period of every such suspension PLUS 25%, for completion of the item or group of items of work for which a separate period of completion is specified in the contract and of which the suspended work forms a part, and;

(b) If the total period of all such suspensions in respect of an item or group of items or work for which a separate period of completion is specified in the contract exceeds thirty days, the contractor shall, in addition, be entitled to such compensation as the Engineer-in-Charge may consider reasonable in respect of salaries and/or wages paid by the contractor to his employees and labour at site, remaining idle during the period of suspension, adding thereto 2% to cover indirect expenses of the contractor provided the contractor submits his claim supported by details to the Engineer-in-Charge within fifteen days of the expiry of the period of 30 days.

(iii) If the works or part thereof is suspended on the orders of the Engineer-in-Charge for more than three months at a time, except when suspension is ordered for reason (a) in subpara (i) above, the contractor may after receipt of such order serve a written notice on the Engineer-in-Charge requiring permission within fifteen days from receipt by the Engineer-in-Charge of the said notice, to proceed with the work or part thereof in regard to which progress has been suspended and if such permission is not granted within that time, the contractor, if he intends to treat the suspension, where it affects only a part of the works as an omission of such part by Government or where it affects whole of the works, as an abandonment of the works by Government, shall within ten days of expiry of such period of 15 days give notice in writing of his intention to the Engineer-in-Charge. In the event of the contractor treating the suspension as an abandonment of the contract by Government, he shall have no claim to payment of any compensation on account of any profit or

advantage which he might have derived from the execution of the work in full but which he could not derive in consequence of the abandonment. He shall, however, be entitled to such compensation, as the Engineer-in-Charge may consider reasonable, in respect of salaries and/or wages paid by him to his employees and labour at site, remaining idle in consequence adding to the total thereof 2% to cover indirect expenses of the contractor provided the contractor submits his claim supported by details to the Engineer-in-Charge within 30 days of the expiry of the period of 3 months.

CLAUSE 15 A

Compensation in case of Delay of Supply of Material by Govt.-Deleted

This clause 15 A will not be applicable for works where no material is stipulated.

CLAUSE 16

Action in case Work not done as per Specifications

All works under or in course of execution or executed in pursuance of the contract, shall at all times be open and accessible to the inspection and supervision of the Engineer-Incharge, his authorized subordinates in charge of the work and all the superior officers, officer of the Quality Assurance Unit of the Department or any organization engaged by the Department for Quality Assurance and of the Chief Technical Examiner's Office, and the contractor shall, at all times, during the usual working hours and at all other times at which reasonable notice of the visit of such officers has been given to the contractor, either himself be present to receive orders and instructions or have a responsible agent duly accredited in writing, present for that purpose. Orders given to the Contractor's agent shall be considered to have the same force as if they had been given to the contractor himself.

If it shall appear to the Engineer-in-charge or his authorized subordinates incharge of the work or to the Chief Engineer in charge of Quality Assurance or his subordinate officers or the officers of the organization engaged by the Department for Quality Assurance or to the Chief Technical Examiner or his subordinate officers, that any work has been executed with unsound, imperfect, or unskillful workmanship, or with materials or articles provided by him for the execution of the work which are unsound or of a quality inferior to that contracted or otherwise not in accordance with the contract, the contractor shall, on demand in writing which shall be made within twelve months (six months in the case of work costing Rs. 10 Lac and below except road work) of the completion of the work from the Engineer-in-Charge specifying the work, materials or articles complained of notwithstanding that the same may have been passed, certified and paid for forthwith rectify, or remove and reconstruct the work so specified in whole or in part, as the case may require or as the case may be, remove the materials or articles so specified and provide other proper and suitable materials or articles at his own charge and cost. In the event of the failing to do so within a period specified by the Engineer-in- Charge in his demand aforesaid, then the contractor shall be liable to pay compensation at the same rate as under clause 2 of the contract (for non-completion of the work in time) for this default.

In such case the Engineer-in-Charge may not accept the item of work at the rates applicable under the contract but may accept such items at reduced rates as the

authority specified in schedule 'F' may consider reasonable during the preparation of on account bills or final bill if the item is so acceptable without detriment to the safety and utility of the item and the structure or he may reject the work outright without any payment and/or get it and other connected and incidental items rectified, or removed and re-executed at the risk and cost of the contractor. Decision of the Engineer-in-Charge to be conveyed in writing in respect of the same will be final and binding on the contractor

CLAUSE 17

Contractor Liable for Damages, defects during defect liability period

If the contractor or his working people or servants shall break, deface, injure or destroy any part of building in which they may be working, or any building, road, road kerb, fence, enclosure, water pipe, cables, drains, electric or telephone post or wires, trees, grass or grassland, or cultivated ground contiguous to the premises on which the work or any part is being executed, or if any damage shall happen to the work while in progress, from any cause whatever or if any defect, shrinkage or other faults appear in the work within twelve months (six months in the case of work costing Rs. Ten lacs and below except road work) after a certificate final or otherwise of its completion shall have been given by the Engineer-in-Charge as aforesaid arising out of defect or improper materials or workmanship the contractor shall upon receipt of a notice in writing on that behalf make the same good at his own expense or in default the Engineer-in-Charge cause the same to be made good by other workmen and deduct the expense from any sums that may be due or at any time thereafter may become due to the contractor, or from his security deposit or the proceeds of sale thereof or of a sufficient portion thereof. The security deposit of the contractor shall not be refunded before the expiry of twelve months (six months in the case of work costing Rs. Ten lacs and below except road work) after the issue of the certificate final or otherwise, of completion of work, or till the final bill has been prepared and passed whichever is later. Provided that in the case of road work, if in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge, half of the security deposit is sufficient, to meet all liabilities of the contractor under this contract, half of the security deposit will be refundable after six months and the remaining half after twelve months of the issue of the said certificate of completion or till the final bill has been prepared and passed whichever is later.

In case of Maintenance and Operation works of E&M services, the security deposit deducted from contractors shall be refunded within one month from the date of final payment or within one month from the date of completion of the maintenance contract whichever is earlier.

CLAUSE 18

Contractor to Supply Tools & Plants etc.

The contractor shall provide at his own cost all materials (except such special materials, if any, as may in accordance with the contract be supplied from the Engineer-in-Charge's stores), machinery, tools & plants as specified in schedule F. In addition to this, appliances, implements, other plants, ladders, cordage, tackle, scaffolding and temporary works required for the proper execution of the work, whether original, altered or substituted and whether included in the specifications or other documents forming part of the contract or referred to in these conditions or not, or which may be necessary for the purpose of satisfying or complying with

the requirements of the Engineer-in-Charge as to any matter as to which under these conditions he is entitled to be satisfied, or which he is entitled to require together with carriage therefore to and from the work. The contractor shall also supply without charge the requisite number of persons with the means and materials, necessary for the purpose of setting out works, and counting, weighing and assisting the measurement for examination at any time and from time to time of the work or materials. Failing his so doing, the same may be provided by the Engineer-in-Charge at the expense of the contractor and the expenses may be deducted, from any money due to the contractor, under this contract or otherwise and/or from his security deposit or the proceeds of sale thereof, or of a sufficient portions thereof.

CLAUSE 18 A

Recovery of Compensation paid to Workmen

In every case in which by virtue of the provisions sub-section (1) of Section 12, of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, Government is obliged to pay compensation to a workman employed by the contractor, in execution of the works, Government will recover from the contractor, the amount of the compensation so paid; and, without prejudice to the rights of the Government under sub-section (2) of Section 12, of the said Act, Government shall be at liberty to recover such amount or any part thereof by deducting it from the security deposit or from any sum due by Government to the contractor whether under this contract or otherwise. Government shall not be bound to contest any claim made against it under sub-section (1) of Section 12, of the said Act, except on the written request of the contractor and upon his giving to Government full security for all costs for which Government might become liable in consequence of contesting such claim.

CLAUSE 18 B

Ensuring Payment and Amenities to Workers if Contractor fails

In every case in which by virtue of the provisions of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, and of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Central Rules, 1971, Government is obliged to pay any amounts of wages to a workman employed by the contractor in execution of the works, or to incur any expenditure in providing welfare and health amenities required to be provided under the above said Act and the rules under Clause 19H or under the C.P.W.D. Contractor's Labour Regulations, or under the Rules framed by Government from time to time for the protection of health and sanitary arrangements for workers employed by C.P.W.D. Contractors, Government will recover from the contractor, the amount of wages so paid or the amount of expenditure so incurred; and without prejudice to the rights of the Government under sub-section(2) of Section 20, and sub-section (4) of Section 21, of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, Government shall be at liberty to recover such amount or any part thereof by deducting it from the security deposit or from any sum due by Government to the contractor whether under this contract or otherwise Government shall not be bound to contest any claim made against it under sub-section (1) of Section 20, sub-section (4) of Section 21, of the said Act, except on the written request of the contractor and upon his giving to the Government full security for all costs for which Government might become liable in contesting such claim.

CLAUSE 19

Labour Laws to be complied by the Contractor

The contractor shall obtain a valid licence under the Contract Labour (R&A) Act, 1970, and the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Central Rules, 1971, before the commencement of the work, and continue to have a valid license until the completion of the work. The contractor shall also abide by the provisions of the Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986.

The contractor shall also comply with the provisions of the building and other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment & Conditions of Service) Act, 1996 and the building and other Construction Workers Welfare Cess Act, 1996.

Any failure to fulfil these requirements shall attract the penal provisions of this contract arising out of the resultant non-execution of the work.

CLAUSE 19A

No labour below the age of fourteen years shall be employed on the work.

CLAUSE 19 B

Payment of Wages

Payment of wages:

(i) The contractor shall pay to labour employed by him either directly or through subcontractors, wages not less than fair wages as defined in the C.P.W.D. Contractor's Labour Regulations or as per the provisions of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970 and the contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Central Rules, 1971, wherever applicable.

(ii) The contractor shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any contract to the contrary, cause to be paid fair wage to labour indirectly engaged on the work, including any labour engaged by his sub-contractors in connection with the said work, as if the labour had been immediately employed by him.

(iii) In respect of all labour directly or indirectly employed in the works for performance of the contractor's part of this contract, the contractor shall comply with or cause to be complied with the Central Public Works Department contractor's Labour Regulations made by Government from time to time in regard to payment of wages, wage period, deductions from wages recovery of wages not paid and deductions unauthorizedly made, maintenance of wage books or wage slips, publication of scale of wages and other terms of employment, inspection and submission of periodical returns and all other matters of the like nature or as per the provisions of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, and the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Central Rules, 1971, wherever applicable.

(iv) (a) The Engineer-in-Charge concerned shall have the right to deduct from the moneys due to the contractor any sum required or estimated to be required for making good the loss suffered by a worker or workers by reason of non-fulfilment of the conditions of the contract for the benefit of the workers, non-payment of wages or of deductions made from his or their wages which are not justified by their terms of the contract or non-observance of the Regulations.

(b) Under the provision of Minimum Wages (Central) Rules, 1950, the contractor is bound to allow to the labours directly or indirectly employed in the works one day rest for 6 days continuous work and pay wages at the same rate as for duty. In the event of default, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the right to deduct the sum or sums not paid on account of wages for weekly holidays to any labours and pay the same to the persons entitled thereto from any money due to the contractor by the Engineer-in-Charge concerned.

In the case of Union Territory of Delhi, however, as the all inclusive minimum daily wages fixed under Notification of the Delhi Administration No.F.12(162)MWO/DAB/43884-91, dated 31-12-1979 as amended from time to time are inclusive of wages for the weekly day of rest, the question of extra payment for weekly holiday would not arise.

(v) The contractor shall comply with the provisions of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, Minimum Wages Act, 1948, Employees Liability Act, 1938, Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, Maternity Benefits Act, 1961, and the Contractor's Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970, or the modifications thereof or any other laws relating thereto and the rules made thereunder from time to time.

(vi) The contractor shall indemnify and keep indemnified Government against payments to be made under and for the observance of the laws aforesaid and the C.P.W.D. Contractor's Labour Regulations without prejudice to his right to claim indemnity from his sub-contractors.

(vii) The laws aforesaid shall be deemed to be a part of this contract and any breach thereof shall be deemed to be a breach of this contract.

(viii) Whatever is the minimum wage for the time being, or if the wage payable is higher than such wage, such wage shall be paid by the contractor to the workmen directly without the intervention of Jamadar and that Jamadar shall not be entitled to deduct or recover any amount from the minimum wage payable to the workmen as and by way of commission or otherwise.

(ix) The contractor shall ensure that no amount by way of commission or otherwise is deducted or recovered by the Jamadar from the wage of workmen.

CLAUSE 19C

In respect of all labour directly or indirectly employed in the work for the performance of the contractor's part of this contract, the contractor shall at his own expense arrange for the safety provisions as per C.P.W.D. Safety Code framed from time to time and shall at his own expense provide for all facilities in connection therewith. In case the contractor fails to make arrangement and provide necessary facilities as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay a penalty of Rs.200/- for each default and in addition, the Engineer-in-Charge shall be at liberty to make arrangement and provide facilities as aforesaid and recover the costs incurred in that behalf from the contractor.

CLAUSE 19 D

The contractor shall submit by the 4th and 19th of every month, to the Engineer-in-Charge, a

true statement showing in respect of the second half of the preceding month and the first half

of the current month respectively:-

- (1) the number of labourers employed by him on the work,
- (2) their working yours,
- (3) the wages paid to them,
- (4) the accidents that occurred during the said fortnight showing the circumstances under which they happened and the extent of damage and injury caused by them, and
- (5) the number of female workers who have been allowed maternity benefit according to Clause 19F and the amount paid to them.

Failing which the contractor shall be liable to pay to Government, a sum not exceeding Rs.200/- for each default or materially incorrect statement. The decision of the Executive Engineer shall be final in deducting from any bill due to the contractor, the amount levied as fine and be binding on the contractor.

CLAUSE 19 E

In respect of all labour directly or indirectly employed in the works for the performance of the contractor's part of this contract, the contractor shall comply with or cause to be complied with all the rules framed by Government from time to time for the protection of health and sanitary arrangements for workers employed by the Central Public Works Department and its contractors.

CLAUSE 19 F

Leave and pay during leave shall be regulated as follows:-

1. Leave :

- (i) in the case of delivery - maternity leave not exceeding 8 weeks, 4 weeks up to and including the day of delivery and 4 weeks following that day,
- (ii) in the case of miscarriage - upto 3 weeks from the date of miscarriage.

2. Pay :

(i) in the case of delivery - leave pay during maternity leave will be at the rate of the women's average daily earnings, calculated on total wages earned on the days when full time work was done during a period of three months immediately preceding the date on which she gives notice that she expects to be confined or at the rate of Rupee one only a day whichever is greater.

(ii) in the case of miscarriage - leave pay at the rate of average daily earning calculated on the total wages earned on the days when full time work was done during a period of three months immediately preceding the date of such miscarriage.

3. Conditions for the grant of Maternity Leave:

No maternity leave benefit shall be admissible to a woman unless she has been employed for a total period of not less than six months immediately preceding the date on which she proceeds on leave.

4. The contractor shall maintain a register of Maternity (Benefit) in the Prescribed Form as shown in appendix -I and II, and the same shall be kept at the place of work.

CLAUSE 19 G

In the event of the contractor(s) committing a default or breach of any of the provisions of the Central Public Works Department, Contractor's Labour Regulations and Model Rules for the protection of health and sanitary arrangements for the workers as amended from time to time or furnishing any information or submitting or filing any statement under the provisions of the above Regulations and' Rules which is materially incorrect, he/they shall, without prejudice to any other liability, pay to the Government a sum not exceeding Rs.200/- for every default, breach or furnishing, making, submitting, filing such materially incorrect statements and in the event of the contractor(s) defaulting continuously in this respect, the penalty may be enhanced to Rs.200/- per day for each day of default subject to a maximum of 5 per cent of the estimated cost of the work put to tender. The decision of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be final and binding on the parties. Should it appear to the Engineer-in-Charge that the contractor(s) is/are not properly observing and complying with the provisions of the C.P.W.D. Contractor's Labour Regulations and Model Rules and the provisions of the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970, and the Contract Labour (R& A) Central Rules 1971, for the protection of health and sanitary arrangements for work-people employed by the contractor(s) (hereinafter referred as "the said Rules") the Engineer-in-Charge shall have power to give notice in writing to the contractor(s) requiring that the said Rules be complied with and the amenities prescribed therein be provided to the work-people within a reasonable time to be specified in the notice. If the contractor(s) shall fail within the period specified in the notice to comply with and/observe the said Rules and to provide the amenities to the work-people as aforesaid, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the power to provide the amenities hereinbefore mentioned at the cost of the contractor(s). The contractor(s) shall erect, make and maintain at his/their own expense and to approved standards all necessary huts and sanitary arrangements required for his/their work-people on the site in connection with the execution of the works, and if the same shall not have been erected or constructed, according to approved standards, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have power to give notice in writing to the contractor(s) requiring that the said huts and sanitary arrangements be remodelled and/or reconstructed according to approved standards, and if the contractor(s) shall fail to remodel or reconstruct such huts and sanitary arrangements according to approved standards within the period specified in the notice, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the power to remodel or reconstruct such huts and sanitary arrangements according to approved standards at the cost of the contractor(s).

CLAUSE 19 H

The contractor(s) shall at his/their own cost provide his/their labour with a sufficient number of huts (hereinafter referred to as the camp) of the following specifications on a suitable plot of land to be approved by the Engineer-in-Charge.

(i) (a) The minimum height of each hut at the eaves level shall be 2.10m (7 ft.) and the floor area to be provided will be at the rate of 2.7 sq.m. (30 sq.ft.) for each member of the worker's family staying with the labourer.

(b) The contractor(s) shall in addition construct suitable cooking places having a minimum area of 1.80m x 1.50m (6'x5') adjacent to the hut for each family.

(c) The contractor(s) shall also construct temporary latrines and urinals for the use of the labourers each on the scale of not less than four per each one hundred of the total strength, separate latrines and urinals being provided for women.

(d) The contractor(s) shall construct sufficient number of bathing and washing places, one unit for every 25 persons residing in the camp. These bathing and washing places shall be suitably screened.

(ii) (a) All the huts shall have walls of sun-dried or burnt-bricks laid in mud mortar or other suitable local materials as may be approved by the Engineer-in-Charge. In case of sun-dried bricks, the walls should be plastered with mud gobri on both sides. The floor may be kutcha but plastered with mud gobri and shall be at least 15 cm (6") above the surrounding ground. The roofs shall be laid with thatch or any other materials as may be approved by the Engineer-in-Charge and the contractor shall ensure that throughout the period of their occupation, the roofs remain water-tight.

(b) The contractor(s) shall provide each hut with proper ventilation.

(c) All doors, windows, and ventilators shall be provided with suitable leaves for security purposes.

(d) There shall be kept an open space of at least 7.2m (8 yards) between the rows of huts which may be reduced to 6m (20 ft.) according to the availability of site with the approval of the Engineer-in-Charge. Back to back construction will be allowed.

(iii) Water Supply - The contractor(s) shall provide adequate supply of water for the use of labourers. The provisions shall not be less than two gallons of pure and wholesome water per head per day for drinking purposes and three gallons of clean water per head per day for bathing and washing purposes. Where piped water supply is available, supply shall be at stand posts and where the supply is from wells or river, tanks which may be of metal or masonry, shall be provided. The contractor(s) shall also at his/ their own cost make arrangements for laying pipe lines for water supply to his/ their labour camp from the existing mains wherever available, and shall pay all fees and charges therefore.

(iv) The site selected for the camp shall be high ground, removed from jungle.

(v) Disposal of Excreta - The contractor(s) shall make necessary arrangements for the disposal of excreta from the latrines by trenching or incineration which shall be according to the requirements laid down by the Local Health Authorities. If trenching or incineration is not allowed, the contractor(s) shall make arrangements for the removal of the excreta through the Municipal Committee/authority and inform it about the number of labourers employed so that arrangements may be made by such Committee/authority for the removal of the excreta. All charges on this account shall be borne by the contractor and paid direct by him to the

Municipality/authority. The contractor shall provide one sweeper for every eight seats in case of dry system.

(vi) Drainage - The contractor(s) shall provide efficient arrangements for draining away sullage water so as to keep the camp neat and tidy.

(vii) The contractor(s) shall make necessary arrangements for keeping the camp area sufficiently lighted to avoid accidents to the workers.

(viii) Sanitation - The contractor(s) shall make arrangements for conservancy and sanitation in the labour camps according to the rules of the Local Public Health and Medical Authorities.

CLAUSE 19 I

The Engineer-in-Charge may require the contractor to dismiss or remove from the site of the work any person or persons in the contractors' employ upon the work who may be incompetent or misconduct himself and the contractor shall forthwith comply with such requirements. In respect of maintenance/repair or renovation works etc. where the labour have an easy access to the individual houses, the contractor shall issue identity cards to the labourers, whether temporary or permanent and he shall be responsible for any untoward action on the part of such labour. AE/JE will display a list of contractors working in the colony/Blocks on the notice board in the colony and also at the service centre, to apprise the residents about the same.

CLAUSE 19J

It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to see that the building under construction is not occupied by any body unauthorizedly during construction, and is handed over to the Engineer-in-Charge with vacant possession of complete building. If such building though completed is occupied illegally, then the Engineer-in-Charge shall have the option to refuse to accept the said building/buildings in that position. Any delay in acceptance on this account will be treated as the delay in completion and for such delay, a levy upto 5% of tendered value of work may be imposed by the Chief Engineer whose decision shall be final both with regard to the justification and quantum and be binding on the contractor.

However, the Chief Engineer, through a notice, may require the contractor to remove the illegal occupation any time on or before construction and delivery.

CLAUSE 19K

Employment of skilled/semi-skilled workers

The contractor shall, at all stages of work, deploy skilled/semi-skilled tradesmen who are qualified and possess certificate in particular trade from CPWD Training Institute/Industrial Training Institute/National Institute of Construction Management and Research (NICMAR)/ National Academy of Construction, CIDC or any similar reputed and recognized Institute managed/ certified by State/Central Government. The number of such qualified tradesmen shall not be less than 20% of total skilled/semi skilled workers required in each trade at any stage of work. The contractor shall submit number of man days required in respect of each trade, its

scheduling and the list of qualified tradesmen along with requisite certificate from recognized Institute to Engineer in charge for approval. Notwithstanding such approval, if the tradesmen are found to have inadequate skill to execute the work of respective trade, the contractor shall substitute such tradesmen within two days of written notice from Engineer-in- Charge. Failure on the part of contractor to obtain approval of Engineer-in-Charge or failure to deploy qualified tradesmen will attract a compensation to be paid by contractor at the rate of Rs. 100 per such tradesman per day. Decision of Engineer in Charge as to whether particular tradesman possesses requisite skill and amount of compensation in case of default shall be final and binding.

Provided always, that the provisions of this clause, shall not be applicable for works with estimated cost put to tender being less than Rs. 5 crores.

CLAUSE 19L

Contribution of EPF and ESI

The ESI and EPF contributions on the part of employer in respect of this contract shall be paid

by the contractor. These contributions on the part of the employer paid by the contractor shall

be reimbursed by the Engineer-in-charge to the contractor on actual basis.

CLAUSE 20

Minimum Wages Act to be Complied With

The contractor shall comply with all the provisions of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, and Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, amended from time to time and rules framed thereunder and other labour laws affecting contract labour that may be brought into force from time to time.

CLAUSE 21

Work not to be sublet. Action in case of insolvency

The contract shall not be assigned or sublet without the written approval of the Engineer-in -Charge. And if the contractor shall assign or sublet his contract, or attempt to do so, or become insolvent or commence any insolvency proceedings or make any composition with his creditors or attempt to do so, or if any bribe, gratuity, gift, loan, perquisite, reward or advantage pecuniary or otherwise, shall either directly or indirectly, be given, promised or offered by the contractor, or any of his servants or agent to any public officer or person in the employ of Government in any way relating to his office or employment, or if any such officer or person shall become in any way directly or indirectly interested in the contract, the Engineer-in-Charge on behalf of the Director, IIM Indore shall have power to adopt the course specified in Clause 3 hereof in the interest of Government and in the event of such course being adopted, the consequences specified in the said Clause 3 shall ensue.

CLAUSE 22

All sums payable by way of compensation under any of these conditions shall be considered as reasonable compensation to be applied to the use of Government without reference to the actual loss or damage sustained and whether or not any damage shall have been sustained.

CLAUSE 23

Changes in firm's Constitution to be Intimated

Where the contractor is a partnership firm, the previous approval in writing of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be obtained before any change is made in the constitution of the firm. Where the contractor is an individual or a Hindu undivided family business concern, such approval as aforesaid shall likewise be obtained before the contractor enters into any partnership agreement where under the partnership firm would have the right to carry out the works hereby undertaken by the contractor. If previous approval as aforesaid is not obtained, the contract shall be deemed to have been assigned in contravention of Clause 21 hereof and the same action may be taken, and the same consequences shall ensue as provided in the said Clause 21.

CLAUSE 24

All works to be executed under the contract shall be executed under the direction and subject to the approval in all respects of the Engineer-in-Charge who shall be entitled to direct at what point or points and in what manner they are to be commenced, and from time to time carried on.

CLAUSE 25

Settlement of Disputes & Arbitration

Except where otherwise provided in the contract, all questions and disputes relating to the meaning of the specifications, design, drawings and instructions here-in before mentioned and as to the quality of workmanship or materials used on the work or as to any other question, claim, right, matter or thing whatsoever in any way arising out of or relating to the contract, designs, drawings, specifications, estimates, instructions, orders or these conditions or otherwise concerning the works or the execution or failure to execute the same whether arising during the progress of the work or after the cancellation, termination, completion or abandonment thereof shall be dealt with as mentioned hereinafter:

(i) If the contractor considers any work demanded of him to be outside the requirements of the contract, or disputes any drawings, record or decision given in writing by the Engineer-in-Charge on any matter in connection with or arising out of the contract or carrying out of the work, to be unacceptable, he shall promptly within 15 days request the Chief Engineer in writing for written instruction or decision. Thereupon, the Chief Engineer shall give his written instructions or decision within a period of one month from the receipt of the contractor's letter.

If the Chief Engineer fails to give his instructions or decision in writing within the aforesaid period or if the contractor is dissatisfied with the instructions or decision of the Chief Engineer, the contractor may, within 15 days of the receipt of Chief Engineer's decision, appeal to the Director, IIM Indore who shall afford an opportunity to the contractor to be heard, if the latter so desires, and to offer evidence in support of his appeal. The Director, IIM Indore shall give his decision within 30 days of receipt of contractor's appeal. If the contractor is dissatisfied with the decision of the Director, IIM Indore, the contractor may within 30 days from the receipt of the decision from the Director, IIM Indore, appeal before the Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC) along with a list of disputes with amounts claimed in respect of each such dispute and giving reference to the rejection of his disputes by the Director, IIM Indore. The Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC) shall give his decision within a period of 90 days from the receipt of Contractor's

appeal. The constitution of Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC) shall be as indicated in Schedule 'F'. If the Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC) fails to give his decision within the aforesaid period or any party is dissatisfied with the decision of Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC), then either party may within a period of 30 days from the receipt of the decision of Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC), give notice to the Director IIM Indore for appointment of arbitrator on prescribed proforma as per Appendix XV, failing which the said decision shall be final binding and conclusive and not referable to adjudication by the arbitrator.

It is a term of contract that each party invoking arbitration must exhaust the aforesaid mechanism of settlement of claims/disputes prior to invoking arbitration.

(ii) Except where the decision has become final, binding and conclusive in terms of Sub Para (i) above, disputes or difference shall be referred for adjudication through arbitration by a sole arbitrator appointed by the Director IIM Indore. If the arbitrator so appointed is unable or unwilling to act or resigns his appointment or vacates his office due to any reason whatsoever, another sole arbitrator shall be appointed in the manner aforesaid. Such person shall be entitled to proceed with the reference from the stage at which it was left by his predecessor.

It is a term of this contract that the party invoking arbitration shall give a list of disputes with amounts claimed in respect of each such dispute along with the notice for appointment of arbitrator and giving reference to the rejection by the Chief Engineer of the appeal.

It is also a term of this contract that no person, other than a person appointed by such Director IIM Indore, as aforesaid, should act as arbitrator and if for any reason that is not possible, the matter shall not be referred to arbitration at all.

It is also a term of this contract that if the contractor does not make any demand for appointment of arbitrator in respect of any claims in writing as aforesaid within 120 days of receiving the intimation from the Engineer-in-charge that the final bill is ready for payment, the claim of the contractor shall be deemed to have been waived and absolutely barred and the Government shall be discharged and released of all liabilities under the contract in respect of these claims.

The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 (26 of 1996) or any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof and the rules made thereunder and for the time being in force shall apply to the arbitration proceeding under this clause.

It is also a term of this contract that the arbitrator shall adjudicate on only such disputes as are referred to him by the appointing authority and give separate award against each dispute and claim referred to him and in all cases where the total amount of the claims by any party exceeds Rs. 1,00,000/-, the arbitrator shall give reasons for the award.

It is also a term of the contract that if any fees are payable to the arbitrator, these shall be paid equally by both the parties

It is also a term of the contract that the arbitrator shall be deemed to have entered on the reference on the date he issues notice to both the parties calling them to submit their statement of claims and counter statement of claims. The venue of the arbitration shall be such place as may be fixed by the arbitrator in his sole discretion. The fees, if any, of the arbitrator shall, if required to be paid before the award is made and published, be paid half and half by each of the parties. The cost of the reference and of the award (including the fees, if any, of the arbitrator) shall be in the discretion of the arbitrator who may direct to any by whom and in what manner, such costs or any part thereof shall be paid and fix or settle the amount of costs to be so paid.

CLAUSE 26

Contractor to indemnify Govt. against Patent Rights

The contractor shall fully indemnify and keep indemnified the Director, IIM Indore against any action, claim or proceeding relating to infringement or use of any patent or design or any alleged patent or design rights and shall pay any royalties which may be payable in respect of any article or part thereof included in the contract. In the event of any claims made under or action brought against Government in respect of any such matters as aforesaid, the contractor shall be immediately notified thereof and the contractor shall be at liberty, at his own expense, to settle any dispute or to conduct any litigation that may arise there from, provided that the contractor shall not be liable to indemnify the Director, IIM Indore if the infringement of the patent or design or any alleged patent or design right is the direct result of an order passed by the Engineer-in-Charge in this behalf

CLAUSE 27

Lump sum Provisions in Tender

When the estimate on which a tender is made includes lump sum in respect of parts of the work, the contractor shall be entitled to payment in respect of the items of work involved or the part of the work in question at the same rates as are payable under this contract for such items, or if the part of the work in question is not, in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge payable of measurement, the Engineer-in-Charge may at his discretion pay the lump-sum amount entered in the estimate, and the certificate in writing of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be final and conclusive against the contractor with regard to any sum or sums payable to him under the provisions of the clause.

CLAUSE 28

Action where no Specifications are Specified

In the case of any class of work for which there is no such specifications as referred to in Clause 11, such work shall be carried out in accordance with the Bureau of Indian Standards Specifications. In case there are no such specifications in Bureau of Indian Standards, the work shall be carried out as per manufacturers' specifications, if not available then as per District Specifications. In case there are no such specifications as required above, the work shall be carried out in all respects in accordance with the instructions and requirements of the Engineer-in-Charge.

CLAUSE 29

Withholding and lien in respect of sum due from contractor

NIT for Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter and aluminium window grills at IIM Indore

(i) Whenever any claim or claims for payment of a sum of money arises out of or under the contract or against the contractor, the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government shall be entitled to withhold and also have a lien to retain such sum or sums in whole or in part from the security, if any deposited by the contractor and for the purpose aforesaid, the Engineer in- Charge or the Government shall be entitled to withhold the security deposit, if any, furnished as the case may be and also have a lien over the same pending finalisation or adjudication of any such claim. In the event of the security being insufficient to cover the claimed amount or amounts or if no security has been taken from the contractor, the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government shall be entitled to withhold and have a lien to retain to the extent of such claimed amount or amounts referred to above, from any sum or sums found payable or which may at any time thereafter become payable to the contractor under the same contract or any other contract with the Engineer-in-Charge of the Government or any contracting person through the Engineer-in-Charge pending finalization of adjudication of any such claim.

It is an agreed term of the contract that the sum of money or moneys so withheld or retained under the lien referred to above by the Engineer-in-Charge or Government will be kept withheld or retained as such by the Engineer-in-Charge or Government till the claim arising out of or under the contract is determined by the arbitrator (if the contract is governed by the arbitration clause) by the competent court, as the case may be and that the contractor will have no claim for interest or damages whatsoever on any account in respect of such withholding or retention under the lien referred to above and duly notified as such to the contractor. For the purpose of this clause, where the contractor is a partnership firm or a limited company, the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government shall be entitled to withhold and also have a lien to retain towards such claimed amount or amounts in whole or in part from any sum found payable to any partner/limited company as the case may be, whether in his individual capacity or otherwise.

(ii) Government shall have the right to cause an audit and technical examination of the works and the final bills of the contractor including all supporting vouchers, abstract, etc., to be made after payment of the final bill and if as a result of such audit and technical examination any sum is found to have been overpaid in respect of any work done by the contractor under the contract or any work claimed to have been done by him under the contract and found not to have been executed, the contractor shall be liable to refund the amount of over-payment and it shall be lawful for Government to recover the same from him in the manner prescribed in sub-clause (i) of this clause or in any other manner legally permissible; and if it is found that the contractor was paid less than what was due to him under the contract in respect of any work executed by him under it, the amount of such under payment shall be duly paid by Government to the contractor, without any interest thereon whatsoever. Provided that the Government shall not be entitled to recover any sum overpaid, nor the contractor shall be entitled to payment of any sum paid short where such payment has been agreed upon between the Chief Engineer or Executive Engineer on the one hand and the contractor on the other under any term of the contract permitting payment for work after assessment by the Chief Engineer or the Executive Engineer.

CLAUSE 29A

Lien in respect of claims in other Contracts

Any sum of money due and payable to the contractor (including the security deposit returnable to him) under the contract may be withheld or retained by way of lien by the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government or any other contracting person or persons through Engineer-in-Charge against any claim of the Engineer-in-Charge or Government or such other person or persons in respect of payment of a sum of money arising out of or under any other contract made by the contractor with the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government or with such other person or persons.

It is an agreed term of the contract that the sum of money so withheld or retained under this clause by the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government will be kept withheld or retained as such by the Engineer-in-Charge or the Government or till his claim arising out of the same contract or any other contract is either mutually settled or determined by the arbitration clause or by the competent court, as the case may be and that the contractor shall have no claim for interest or damages whatsoever on this account or on any other ground in respect of any sum of money withheld or retained under this clause and duly notified as such to the contractor.

CLAUSE 30

Employment of coal mining or controlled area labour not permissible

The contractor shall not employ coal mining or controlled area labour falling under any category whatsoever on or in connection with the work or recruit labour from area within a radius of 32 km (20 miles) of the controlled area. Subject as above the contractor shall employ imported labour only i.e., deposit imported labour or labour imported by contractors from area, from which import is permitted.

Where ceiling price for imported labour has been fixed by State or Regional Labour Committees

not more than that ceiling price shall be paid to the labour by the contractor.

The contractor shall immediately remove any labourer who may be pointed out by the Engineer-in-Charge as being a coal mining or controlled area labourer. Failure to do so shall render the contractor liable to pay to Government a sum calculated at the rate of Rs.10/- per day per labourer.

The certificate of the Engineer-in-Charge about the number of coal mining or controlled area labourer and the number of days for which they worked shall be final and binding upon all parties to this contract.

It is declared and agreed between the parties that the aforesaid stipulation in this clause is one in which the public are interested within the meaning of the exception in Section 74 of Indian Contract Act, 1872.

Explanation:- Controlled Area means the following areas:

Districts of Dhanbad, Hazaribagh, Jamtara - a Sub-Division under Santhal Pargana Commissionery, Districts of Bankuara, Birbhum, Burdwan, District of Bilaspur.

Any other area which may be declared a Controlled Area by or with the approval of the Central Government

CLAUSE 31

Unfiltered water Supply

The contractor(s) shall make his/their own arrangements for water required for the work and nothing extra will be paid for the same. This will be subject to the following conditions.

(i) That the water used by the contractor(s) shall be fit for construction purposes to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge.

(ii) The Engineer-in-Charge shall make alternative arrangements for supply of water at the risk and cost of contractor(s) if the arrangements made by the contractor(s) for procurement of water are in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge, unsatisfactory.

CLAUSE 31 A

Departmental water supply, if available

Water if available may be supplied to the contractor by the department subject to the following conditions:-

(i) The water charges @ 1 % shall be recovered on gross amount of the work done.

(ii) The contractor(s) shall make his/their own arrangement of water connection and laying of pipelines from existing main of source of supply.

(iii) The Department do not guarantee to maintain uninterrupted supply of water and it will be incumbent on the contractor(s) to make alternative arrangements for water at his/ their own cost in the event of any temporary break down in the Government water main so that the progress of his/their work is not held up for want of water. No claim of damage or refund of water charges will be entertained on account of such break down.

CLAUSE 32

Alternate water Arrangements

(i) Where there is no piped water supply arrangement and the water is taken by the contractor from the wells or hand pump constructed by the Government, no charge shall be recovered from the contractor on that account. The contractor shall, however, draw water at such hours of the day that it does not interfere with the normal use for which the hand pumps and wells are intended. He will also be responsible for all damage and abnormal repairs arising out of his use, the cost of which shall be recoverable from him. The Engineer-in-Charge shall be the final authority to determine the cost recoverable from the contractor on this account and his decision shall be binding on the contractor.

(ii) The contractor shall be allowed to construct temporary wells in Government land for taking water for construction purposes only after he has got permission of the Engineer-in-Charge in writing. No charges shall be recovered from the contractor on this account, but the contractor shall be required to provide necessary safety arrangements to avoid any accidents or damage to adjacent buildings, roads and service lines. He shall be responsible for any accidents or damage caused due to construction and subsequent maintenance of the wells and shall restore the ground to its original condition after the wells are dismantled on completion of the work.

CLAUSE 33

Return of Surplus materials

Notwithstanding anything contained to the contrary in this contract, where any materials for the execution of the contract are procured with the assistance of Government either by issue from Government stocks or purchase made under orders or permits or licences issued by Government, the contractor shall hold the

said materials economically and solely for the purpose of the contract and not dispose of them without the written permission of the Government and return, if required by the Engineer-in-Charge, all surplus or unserviceable materials that may be left with him after the completion of the contract or at its termination for any reason whatsoever on being paid or credited such price as the Engineer-in-Charge shall determine having due regard to the condition of the materials. The price allowed to the contractor however shall not exceed the amount charged to him excluding the element of storage charges. The decision of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be final and conclusive. In the event of breach of the aforesaid condition, the contractor shall in addition to throwing himself open to action for contravention of the terms of the licence or permit and/or for criminal breach of trust, be liable to Government for all moneys, advantages or profits resulting or which in the usual course would have resulted to him by reason of such breach.

CLAUSE 34

Hire of Plant & Machinery

(i) The contractor shall arrange at his own expense all tools, plant, machinery and equipment (hereinafter referred to as T&P) required for execution of the work except for the Plant & Machinery listed in Schedule 'C' and stipulated for issue to the contractor. If the contractor requires any item of T&P on hire from the T&P available with the Government over and above the T&P stipulated for issue, the Government will, if such item is available, hire it to the contractor at rates to be agreed upon between him and the Engineer-in-Charge. In such a case, all the conditions hereunder for issue of T&P shall also be applicable to such T&P as is agreed to be issued.

(ii) Plant and Machinery when supplied on hire charges shown in Schedule 'C' shall be made over and taken back at the departmental equipment yard/shed shown in Schedule 'C' and the contractor shall bear the cost of carriage from the place of issue to the site of work and back. The contractor shall be responsible to return the plant and machinery with condition in which it was handed over to him, and he shall be responsible for all damage caused to the said plant and machinery at the site of work or elsewhere in operation and otherwise during transit including damage to or loss of plant and for all losses due to his failure to return the same soon after the completion of the work for which it was issued. The Divisional Engineer shall be the sole judge to determine the liability of the contractor and its extent in this regard and his decision shall be final and binding on the contractor.

(iii) The plant and machinery as stipulated above will be issued as and when available and if required by the contractor. The contractor shall arrange his programme of work according to the availability of the plant and machinery and no claim, whatsoever, will be entertained from him for any delay in supply by the Department.

(iv) The hire charges shall be recovered at the prescribed rates from and inclusive of the date the plant and machinery made over upto and inclusive of the date of the return in good order even though the same may not have been working for any cause except major breakdown due to no fault of the contractor or faulty use requiring more than three working days continuously (excluding intervening holidays and Sundays) for bringing the plant in order. The contractor shall immediately intimate in writing to the Engineer-in-Charge when any plant or

machinery gets out of order requiring major repairs as aforesaid. The Engineer-in-Charge shall record the date and time of receipt of such intimation in the log sheet of the plant or machinery. Based on this if the breakdown before lunch period or major breakdown will be computed considering half a day's breakdown on the day of complaint. If the breakdown occurs in the post lunch period of major breakdown will be

computed starting from the next working day. In case of any dispute under this clause, the decision of the Chief Engineer shall be final and binding on the contractor.

(v) The hire charges shown above are for each day of 8 hours (inclusive of the one hour lunch break) or part thereof.

(vi) Hire charges will include service of operating staff as required and also supply of lubricating oil and stores for cleaning purposes. Power fuel of approved type, firewood, kerosene oil etc. for running the plant and machinery and also the full time chowkidar for guarding the plant and machinery against any loss or damage shall be arranged by the contractor who shall be fully responsible for the safeguard and security of plant and machinery. The contractor shall on or before the supply of plant and machinery sign an agreement indemnifying the Department against any loss or damage caused to the plant and machinery either during transit or at site of work.

(vii) Ordinarily, no plant and machinery shall work for more than 8 hours a day inclusive of one hour lunch break. In case of an urgent work however, the Engineer-in-Charge may, at his discretion, allow the plant and machinery to be worked for more than normal period of 8 hours a day. In that case, the hourly hire charges for overtime to be borne by the contractor shall be 50% more than the normal proportionate hourly charges (1/8th of the daily charges) subject to a minimum of half day's normal charges on any particular day. For working out hire charges for over time, a period of half an hour and above will be charged as one hour and a period of less than half an hour will be ignored.

(viii) The contractor shall release the plant and machinery every seventh day for periodical servicing and/or wash out which may take about three to four hours or more. Hire charges for full day shall be recovered from the contractor for the day of servicing/ wash out irrespective of the period employed in servicing.

(ix) The plant and machinery once issued to the contractor shall not be returned by him on account of lack of arrangements of labour and materials, etc. on his part, the same will be returned only when they are required for major repairs or when in the opinion of the Engineer-in-Charge, the work or a portion of work for which the same was issued is completed.

(x) Log Book for recording the hours of daily work for each of the plant and machinery supplied to the contractor will be maintained by the Department and will be countersigned by the contractor or his authorized agent daily. In case the contractor contests the correctness of the entries and/or fails to sign the Log Book, the decision of the Engineer-in-Charge shall be final and binding on him. Hire charges will be calculated according to the entries in the Log Book and will be binding on the contractor. Recovery on account of hire charges for road rollers

shall be made for the minimum number of days worked out on the assumption that a roller can consolidate per day and maximum quantity of materials or area surfacing as noted against each in the annexed statement (see attached annexure).

(xi) In the case of concrete mixers, the contractors shall arrange to get the hopper cleaned and the drum washed at the close of the work each day or each occasion.

(a) In case rollers for consolidation are employed by the contractor himself, log book for such rollers shall be maintained in the same manner as is done in case of departmental rollers, maximum quantity of any items to be consolidated for each roller-day shall also be same as in Annexure to Clause 34(x). For less use of rollers, recovery for the less roller days shall be made at the stipulated issue rate.

(xii) The contractor shall be responsible to return the plant and machinery in the condition in which it was handed over to him and he shall be responsible for all damage caused to the said plant and machinery at the site of work or elsewhere in operation or otherwise or during transit including damage to or loss of parts, and for all losses due to his failure to return the same soon after the completion of the work for which it was issued. The Divisional Engineer shall be the sole judge to determine the liability of the contractor and its extent in this regard and his decision shall be final and binding on the contractor.

(xiii) The contractor will be exempted from levy of any hire charges for the number of days he is called upon in writing by the Engineer-in-Charge to suspend execution of the work, provided Government plant and machinery in question have, in fact, remained idle with the contractor because of the suspension

(xiv) In the event of the contractor not requiring any item of plant and machinery issued by Government though not stipulated for issue in Schedule 'C' any time after taking delivery at the place of issue, he may return it after two days written notice or at any time without notice if he agrees to pay hire charges for two additional days without, in any way, affecting the right of the Engineer-in-Charge to use the said plant and machinery during the said period of two days as he likes including hiring out to a third party

CLAUSE 35

Condition relating to use of asphaltic materials-Deleted

CLAUSE 36

Employment of Technical Staff and employees

Contractors Superintendence, Supervision, Technical Staff & Employees

(i) The contractor shall provide all necessary superintendence during execution of the work and all along thereafter as may be necessary for proper fulfilling of the obligations under the contract.

The contractor shall immediately after receiving letter of acceptance of the tender and before commencement of the work, intimate in writing to the Engineer-in-Charge, the name(s), qualifications, experience, age, address(s) and other particulars along with certificates, of the principal technical representative to be in charge of the work and other technical representative(s) who will be supervising the work. Minimum requirement of such technical representative(s) and their qualifications and experience shall not be lower than specified in Schedule 'F'. The Engineer-in-Charge shall within 3 days of receipt of such communication intimate

in writing his approval or otherwise of such a representative(s) to the contractor. Any such approval may at any time be withdrawn and in case of such withdrawal, the contractor shall appoint another such representative(s) according to the provisions of this clause. Decision of the tender accepting authority shall be final and binding on the contractor in this respect. Such a principal technical representative and other technical representative(s) shall be appointed by the contractor soon after receipt of the approval from Engineer-in-charge and shall be available at site before start of work.

All the provisions applicable to the principal technical representative under the Clause will also be applicable to other technical representative(s) The principal technical representative and other technical representative(s) shall be present at the site of work for supervision at all times when any construction activity is in progress and also present himself/themselves, as required, to the Engineer-in-Charge and/or his designated representative to take instructions. Instructions given to the principal technical representative or other technical representative(s) shall be deemed to have the same force as if these have been given to the contractor. The principal technical representative and other technical representative(s) shall be actually available at site fully during all stages of execution of work, during recording/checking/test checking of measurements of works and whenever so required by the Engineer-in-Charge and shall also note down instructions conveyed by the Engineer-in- Charge or his designated representative(s) in the site order book and shall affix his/their signature in token of noting down the instructions and in token of acceptance of measurements/ checked measurements/ test checked measurements. The representative(s) shall not look after any other work. Substitutes, duly approved by Engineer-in-Charge of the work in similar manner as aforesaid shall be provided in event of absence of any of the representative(s) by more than two days. If the Engineer-in-Charge, whose decision in this respect is final and binding on the contractor, is convinced that no such technical representative(s) is/are effectively appointed or is/are effectively attending or fulfilling the provision of this clause, a recovery (nonrefundable) shall be effected from the contractor as specified in Schedule 'F' and the decision of the Engineer-In-Charge as recorded in the site order book and measurement recorded checked/test checked in Measurement Books shall be final and binding on the contractor. Further if the contractor fails to appoint suitable technical Principal technical representative and/or other technical representative(s) and if such appointed persons are not effectively present or are absent by more than two days without duly approved. Substitute or do not discharge their responsibilities satisfactorily, the Engineer-in-Charge shall have full powers to suspend the execution of the work until such date as suitable other technical representative(s) is/are appointed and the contractor shall be held responsible for the delay so caused to the work. The contractor shall submit a certificate of employment of the technical representative(s) (in the form of copy of Form-16 or CPF deduction issued to the Engineers employed by him) alongwith every on account bill final bill and shall produce evidence if at any time so required by the Engineer-in-Charge.

(ii) The contractor shall provide and employ on the site only such technical assistants as are skilled and experienced in their respective fields and such foremen and supervisory staff as are competent to give proper supervision to the work. The contractor shall provide and employ skilled, semiskilled and unskilled labour as is necessary for proper and timely execution of the work. The Engineer-

in-Charge shall be at liberty to object to and require the contractor to remove from the works any person who in his opinion misconducts himself, or is incompetent or negligent in the performance of his duties or whose employment is otherwise considered by the Engineer-in-Charge to be undesirable. Such person shall not be employed again at works site without the written permission of the Engineer-in-Charge and the persons so removed shall be replaced as soon as possible by competent substitutes.

CLAUSE 37

Levy/Taxes payable by Contractor

(i) Sales Tax/VAT (except Service Tax), Building and other Construction Workers Welfare Cess or any other tax or Cess in respect of this contract shall be payable by the contractor and Government shall not entertain any claim whatsoever in this respect. However, in respect of service tax, same shall be paid by the contractor to the concerned department on demand and it will be reimbursed to him by the Engineer-in-Charge after satisfying that it has been actually and genuinely paid by the contractor.

(ii) The contractor shall deposit royalty and obtain necessary permit for supply of the red bajri, stone, kankar, etc. from local authorities.

If pursuant to or under any law, notification or order any royalty, cess or the like becomes payable by the Government of India and does not any time become payable by the contractor to the State Government, Local authorities in respect of any material used by the contractor in the works, then in such a case, it shall be lawful to the Government of India and it will have the right and be entitled to recover the amount paid in the circumstances as aforesaid from dues of the contractor.

CLAUSE 38

Conditions for reimbursement of levy/taxes if levied after receipt of tenders

(i) All tendered rates shall be inclusive of all taxes and levies (except Service Tax) payable under respective statutes. However, if any further tax or levy or cess is imposed by Statute, after the last stipulated date for the receipt of tender including extensions if any and the contractor thereupon necessarily and properly pays such taxes/levies/cess, the contractor shall be reimbursed the amount so paid, provided such payments, if any, is not, in the opinion of the Chief engineer (whose decision shall be final and binding on the contractor) attributable to delay in execution of work within the control of the contractor.

(ii) The contractor shall keep necessary books of accounts and other documents for the purpose of this condition as may be necessary and shall allow inspection of the same by a duly authorized representative of the Government and/or the Engineer-in-Charge and shall also furnish such other information/document as the Engineer-in-Charge may require from time to time.

(iii) The contractor shall, within a period of 30 days of the imposition of any such further tax or levy or cess, give a written notice thereof to the Engineer-in-charge that the same is given pursuant to this condition, together with all necessary information relating thereto.

CLAUSE 39

Termination of Contract on death of contractor

Without prejudice to any of the rights or remedies under this contract, if the contractor dies, the Executive Engineer on behalf of the Director, IIM Indore shall

have the option of terminating the contract without compensation to the contractor

CLAUSE 40

If relative working in IIM INDORE then the contractor not allowed to tender

The contractor shall not be permitted to tender for works / responsible for award and execution of contracts if his near relative is posted as Accountant or as an officer in any capacity between the grades of the Chief Engineer and Junior Engineer (both inclusive). He shall also intimate the names of persons who are working with him in any capacity or are subsequently employed by him and who are near relatives to any Officer in the IIMI. Any breach of this condition by the contractor would render him liable to be removed from the approved list of contractors of this Department. If however the contractor is registered in any other department, he shall be debarred from tendering in IIMI for any breach of this condition.

NOTE: By the term “near relatives” is meant wife, husband, parents and grandparents, children and grandchildren, brothers and sisters, uncles, aunts and cousins and their corresponding in-laws.

CLAUSE 41

No Gazetted Engineer to work as Contractor within one year of retirement

No engineer of gazetted rank or other gazetted officer employed in engineering or administrative duties in an engineering department of the Government of India shall work as a contractor or employee of a contractor for a period of one year after his retirement from government service without the previous permission of Government of India in writing. This contract is liable to be cancelled if either the contractor or any of his employees is found at any time to be such a person who had not obtained the permission of Government of India as aforesaid, before submission of the tender or engagement in the contractor's service, as the case may be.

CLAUSE 42

Return of material & recovery for excess material issued.

(i) After completion of the work and also at any intermediate stage in the event of nonreconciliation of materials issued, consumed and in balance - (see Clause 10), theoretical quantity of materials issued by the Government for use in the work shall be calculated on the basis and method given hereunder:-

(a) Quantity of cement & bitumen shall be calculated on the basis of quantity of cement & bitumen required for different items of work as shown in the Schedule of Rates mentioned in Schedule 'F'. In case any item is executed for which standard constants for the consumption of cement or bitumen are not available in the above mentioned schedule/statement or cannot be derived from the same shall be calculated on the basis of standard formula to be laid down by the Engineer-in-Charge.

(b) Theoretical quantity of steel reinforcement or structural steel sections shall be taken as the quantity required as per design or as authorized by Engineer-in-Charge, including authorized lappages, chairs etc. plus 3% wastage due to cutting into pieces, such theoretical quantity being determined and compared with the actual issues each diameter wise, section wise and category wise separately

(c) Theoretical quantity of G.I. & C.I. or other pipes, conduits, wires and cables, pig lead and G.I./M.S. sheets shall be taken as quantity actually required and

measured plus 5% for wastage due to cutting into pieces (except in the case of G.I./M.S. sheets it shall be 10%), such determination & comparison being made diameter wise & category wise.

(d) For any other material as per actual requirements.

(ii) Over the theoretical quantities of materials so computed a variation shall be allowed as specified in Schedule 'F'. The difference in the net quantities of material actually issued to the contractor and the theoretical quantities including such authorized variation, if not returned by the contractor or if not fully reconciled to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-Charge within fifteen days of the issue of written notice by the Engineer-in-charge to this effect shall be recovered at the rates specified in Schedule 'F', without prejudice to the provision of the relevant conditions regarding return of materials governing the contract. Decision of Engineer-in-Charge in regard to theoretical quantities of materials, which should have been actually used as per the Annexure of the standard schedule of rates and recovery at rates specified in Schedule 'F', shall be final & binding on the contractor. For non scheduled items, the decision of the Chief Engineer regarding theoretical quantities of materials which should have been actually used, shall be final and binding on the contractor.

(iii) The said action under this clause is without prejudice to the right of the Government to take action against the contractor under any other conditions of contract for not doing the work according to the prescribed specifications.

CLAUSE 43

Compensation during warlike situations

The work (whether fully constructed or not) and all materials, machines, tools and plants, scaffolding, temporary buildings and other things connected therewith shall be at the risk of the contractor until the work has been delivered to the Engineer-in-Charge and a certificate from him to that effect obtained. In the event of the work or any materials properly brought to the site for incorporation in the work being damaged or destroyed in consequence of hostilities or warlike operation, the contractor shall when ordered (in writing) by the Engineer-in-Charge to remove any debris from the site, collect and properly stack or remove in store all serviceable materials salvaged from the damaged work and shall be paid at the contract rates in accordance with the provision of this agreement for the work of clearing the site of debris, stacking or removal of serviceable material and for reconstruction of all works ordered by the Engineer-in-Charge, such payments being in addition to compensation upto the value of the work originally executed before being damaged or destroyed and not paid for. In case of works damaged or destroyed but not already measured and paid for, the compensation shall be assessed by the Executive Engineer upto Rs.5,000/- and by the Chief Engineer concerned for a higher amount. The contractor shall be paid for the damages/destruction suffered and for restoring the material at the rate based on analysis of rates tendered for in accordance with the provision of the contract. The certificate of the Engineer-in-Charge regarding the quality and quantity of materials and the purpose for which they were collected shall be final and binding on all parties to this contract.

Provided always that no compensation shall be payable for any loss in consequence of hostilities or warlike operations (a) unless the contractor had taken all such precautions against air raid as are deemed necessary by the A.R.P. Officers or the Engineer-in-Charge (b) for any material etc. not on the site of the work or for any

tools, plant, machinery, scaffolding, temporary building and other things not intended for the work.

In the event of the contractor having to carry out reconstruction as aforesaid, he shall be allowed such extension of time for its completion as is considered reasonable by the Executive Engineer.

CLAUSE 44

Apprentices Act provisions to be complied with

The contractor shall comply with the provisions of the Apprentices Act, 1961 and the rules and orders issued thereunder from time to time. If he fails to do so, his failure will be a breach of the contract and the Chief Engineer may, in his discretion, cancel the contract. The contractor shall also be liable for any pecuniary liability arising on account of any violation by him of the provisions of the said Act.

CLAUSE 45

Release of Security deposit after labour clearance

Release of Security Deposit of the work shall not be refunded till the contractor produces a clearance deposit after labour certificate from the Labour Officer. As soon as the work is virtually complete the contractor shall apply for the clearance certificate to the Labour Officer under intimation to the Engineer-in-Charge. The Engineer-in-Charge, on receipt of the said communication, shall write to the Labour Officer to intimate if any complaint is pending against the contractor in respect of the work. If no complaint is pending, on record till after 3 months after completion of the work and/or no communication is received from the Labour Officer to this effect till six months after the date of completion, it will be deemed to have received the clearance certificate and the Security Deposit will be released if otherwise due.

SPECIAL CONDITION OF CONTRACT

1. The tenderer shall acquaint himself with the proposed site of work.
2. If for any reasons, any part of the site is not available temporarily for some time for part of the work under the contract, the agreed construction schedule shall be suitably modified and contractor shall diligently divert his men and materials to utilize them appropriately, profitably and no claim of damages whatsoever shall be entertained on this account. However, the contractor shall be allowed extension of time for completing the work as deemed fit by the competent authority. The contractor shall also not be entitled to any compensation for any loss suffered by him and revision in the rates quoted by him.
 - a. On account of delay in commencing the work by the contractor.
 - b. On account of reduction in the scope of work.
 - c. On account of suspension of work or abandoned after award of work.
3. The contractor shall make his own arrangement for electricity required for the work. The contractor shall also make his own arrangement for water suitable for construction.
4. The contractor shall provide, at his own cost instruments for surveying, weighing and measuring purpose at the site of work as may be necessary for execution of the work.
5. The contractor shall construct a sample unit of different activities complete in all respect as per the directions of the Engineer-in-charge and Architect. This sample unit shall be got approved from the Engineer-in-charge and Architect before commencing the mass work.
6. The contractor shall take care of all safety precautions pertaining to construction of work, such as scaffolding, ladder, working platforms, gangways, electric arc/ gas welding, use of hoist and construction machinery.
7. On account of security consideration, some restrictions may be imposed by the security staff on the working and/ movement of men and materials etc. The contractor shall be bound to follow all such restrictions/ instructions and he shall organise his work accordingly. No claim on this account, whatsoever, shall be payable.
8. The contractor shall take all precautions to avoid accidents by exhibiting necessary caution boards day and night, speed limit boards, red flags, red lights and providing barriers. He shall be responsible for all damages and accidents caused to existing/ new work due to negligence on his part. No hindrance shall be caused to traffic during the execution of the work.
9. The contractor shall be responsible for the watch and ward of all materials brought by the contractor to site against pilferage and breakage during the

period of installation and thereafter till the works are physically handed over to the department.

10. The contractor shall take all preventive measures against any damage caused by rain, snowfall, floods or any other natural calamity, whatsoever during the execution of the work. The contractor shall be fully responsible for any damage to the Owners property and to the work for which the payment has been advanced to him under the contract. However, the contractor shall maintain an equal to the payment received against the work done, at his own cost. This will also cover the defect liability period. This shall be favouring the Director, Indian Institute of Management Indore. Nothing extra on this account shall be payable to the contractor for maintaining such insurance Policy.
11. The work will be carried out in the manner complying, in all respects, with the requirements of relevant bye-laws of the local body under the jurisdiction of which the work is to be executed or as directed by the Engineer-in-Charge and nothing extra shall be paid on this account.
12. The contractor shall comply with proper and legal orders and directions of the local or public authority or municipality and abide by their rules and regulations and pay all fees and charges which may be liable.
13. The contractor shall give due notices to Municipal, Police and/or other authorities that may be required under the law/rules under force in the area and obtain all requisite licenses for temporary obstructions / enclosures and pay all charges which may be leviable on account of his execution of work under the agreement. Nothing extra shall be payable on this account.
14. All materials to be incorporated in the work shall be arranged by the contractor and shall be in accordance with the specifications laid down.
15. The tenderer shall use materials bearing ISI Certification Mark unless otherwise specified or allowed in writing by the Engineer-in-Charge. Any material banned by the department shall not be used in the work.
16. The contractor shall submit to the Engineer-in-charge and Architect samples of all materials for approval. Such samples of materials which affect aesthetics of the work shall also be got approved from the Engineer-in-charge and Architect of the project before procuring bulk supplies. These approved samples shall be preserved and retained in the custody of the Engineer-in-charge as standards of materials till the completion of the work. The cost of such samples shall be borne by the Contractor and nothing shall be payable on this account over the Agreement rates.
17. The contractor shall be required to get all the necessary mandatory and other tests as per the specifications/ IS codes, carried out on materials/ work from an approved laboratory as per the direction of the Engineer-in-charge. The testing charges and conveyance from the site shall be borne by the contractor.
18. In case any material / work is found sub-standard the same shall be rejected by the Engineer-in-charge/ Architect representative and the same shall be

removed from the site of work within 48 hours, failing which the same shall be got removed by the Engineer-in-charge at the risk and cost of the contractor without giving any further notice and time.

19. In order to ensure quality of work during its execution, the Engineer-in-charge/ Architect representative may require samples for mandatory or routine testing of materials. All costs of these samples, their packaging, conveyance from the site to the testing laboratory and return, shall be borne by the contractor.
20. Even ISI marked materials may be subjected to quality test at the discretion of the Engineer-in-charge/ Architect. Whenever ISI marked materials are brought to the site of work the contractor shall, if required by the Engineer-in-charge/ Architect, furnish manufacturer's test certificate or test certificate from approved testing laboratory to establish that the materials procured by the contractor, satisfy the provisions of relevant ISI codes. The testing charges shall be borne by the contractor. However cement/steel will be necessarily tested before start of work and also during the execution of work as per the requirements of specifications and will not be used till test certificates are obtained and approved by Engineer-in-Charge/ Architect.
21. The contractor shall supply free of charge the material required for testing. The cost of tests shall be borne by the contractor.
22. Secured advance for material if so desired by the contractor, will be given as per CPWD rules/regulation/norms on production of test certificate from the manufacturer.
23. The work shall be executed and measured in metric system. The metric dimensions given in the schedule of quantities and drawing etc. shall be followed. (The dimension in FPS units wherever indicated are for guidance only) The figures in the drawings shall be followed.
24. The contractor shall be responsible for completing the work and for satisfying all terms and conditions of the Contract without any extra payment over his quoted rates unless otherwise specified. The contractor shall quote his rate for various items of work accordingly and no claim whatsoever shall be entertained for any incidental or extra work involved in the execution of the work as per nomenclature of the item and the specifications indicated in the tender documents.
25. Subject to the nomenclature of the item as per schedule of quantities, the specification indicated in the tender documents, the rates quoted shall include cost of all materials including royalty and taxes if any, labour, sundry inputs, execution of work at all heights, levels, pattern and design for all leads, lifts and depths including overhead charges and contractor's profit. Nothing extra shall be paid on this account.
26. The rate shall be inclusive of making design, pattern and execution of work as per Architectural and structural drawings, at all levels and heights.
27. The rates shall be inclusive of making any holes in walls/ RCC work for fixing

any fixture/ frame work and making good the structure to its original shape and finish.

28. The rate shall be inclusive of working under water and adverse of foul conditions and including pumping out or bailing out water, unless otherwise specified in the nomenclature. This will include water encountered from any source such as rains, floods and any other cause whatsoever and including sub-soil water.
29. Other agencies doing works related with this project will also simultaneously execute the works and the contractor shall afford necessary co-ordination for un-hindered completion of these sub-works.
30. The contractor shall leave necessary holes, opening, etc. as may be directed by the Engineer-in-charge for laying, burying or fixing, conduits, pipes, boxes, hooks, fans etc. Conduits for electrical wiring/cables will be laid in a way that they leave enough space for concreting and do not adversely affect structural members.
31. The contractor shall give a satisfactory performance test of installations individually and as a whole to ensure their proper functioning before the work is finally declared and completed and accepted.
32. The contractor shall continue to maintain watch and ward to safeguard the Owner's property in his possession until the same is formally handed over as per directions of the Engineer-in-charge. Nothing extra over agreement rates shall be paid on this account.
33. All tools, plants and measuring or weighing equipment shall be arranged by the contractor himself and nothing extra shall be paid to the contractor on this account.
34. The quantities of various items incorporated in the tender are approximate. However, the payments shall be made to the contractors on the basis of actual measurements taken at site.
35. The contractor shall protect the adjoining buildings or works and the work under execution from fire and shall make adequate arrangements for fire protection and fire fighting and if any property is damaged, by fire due to the negligence of the contractor, the same shall be made good by the contractor at his own cost, to the entire satisfaction of Engineer-in-charge.
36. The contractor shall provide adequate lighting arrangements as approved by the Engineer-in-charge for carrying out the work during night time, if so required and also provide all other facilities for the labour employed to carry out the work as per direction of Engineer-in-Charge.
37. In order to achieve the targeted date of completion the contractor may have to work in multiple shifts, round the clock including public and gazetted holidays and nothing extra shall be paid on this account.

38. The contractor shall get the samples of all the materials to be used, in the work approved from Engineer-in-Charge and Architect before going for bulk procurement. Bulk procurement shall be taken up only after obtaining approval from the Engineer-in-charge. Any delay in getting the samples approved shall be contractor's responsibility.
39. All materials, articles and workmanship shall be of respective best quality and kind for the class described in the schedule of quantities and specifications. All materials, so used in different items of work shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer-in-charge and Architect.
40. The contractor shall be responsible for all statutory provisions and deductions towards ESI, PF or any other, as the case may be or any other levies and taxes shall be borne by the contractors. The TDS and Contract Tax or any other statutory levels/taxes incorporated from time to time shall be deducted progressively from the running account bills, as applicable at the time of payment. No claim in this regard shall be entertained.
41. The contractor is supposed to abide the minimum wages act, and shall produce all records to the Engineer-in-charge or any other statutory authority as and when called for. The Engineer-in-charge does not hold any responsibility on account of any lapses in this regard.
42. No extension of time shall be granted to the contractor on account of rains or inclement weather conditions.
 - (a) For any clarification/ doubt, the Institute may organize regular meetings with Contractor. The contractor shall attend such meetings invariably as and when required.
 - (b) In respect of the work of other agencies, where the commencement or progress of such work of any other agency is dependent upon the completion of particular portions of the contractor's work or generally upon the contractor maintaining progress in accordance with the approved coordinated construction programme, it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to complete such portions and maintain such progress.
 - (c) Should any difference arise between the contractor and the other agencies, these shall immediately be brought to the attention of the Engineer-in-Charge who after reviewing the matters causing the differences will give their decision which shall be final and binding on the contractor.
 - (d) The contractor shall have to do all drilling of holes and cutting of walls, chases or other elements of the building for the complete and proper installation of the pipe lines/ ducts and other equipments by using electrically operated tools such as drills/ chases cutting machine etc. Manual drilling or chiseling or cutting shall be permitted on special request only.
 - (e) No chiseling or cutting or drilling of RCC columns, beams, girders and other principal structural members shall be done unless prior permission has been granted by the Engineer-in charge in writing.

- (f) All chases and openings made by the contractor for his pipe lines shall be filled/ covered over with cement plaster in reasonable manner. Before rough plastering on the pipe surfaces the concealed pipes shall be secured to the wall by using proper supports/ clamps.
 - (g) After completion of work and before issuance of certificate of virtual completion the contractor shall submit eight (8) sets to the Engineer-in-charge, layout drawing drawn at appropriate scale and with 2 copies on Compact disc indicating the complete system 'as installed', with written approval of Engineer-in-charge on the 8 sets.
 - (h) The contractor shall prepare and produce instruction, operation and maintenance manuals in English for the use, operation and the maintenance of the supplied equipment and installations, and submit to the Engineer-in-charge in (8) copies at the time of handing over. The same should be generally consist of the following:
 - (i) Description of the project
 - (ii) Operating instructions
 - (iii) Maintenance instructions including procedures for preventive maintenance
 - (iv) Manufacturer's catalogues.
 - (v) Spare parts list
 - (vi) Trouble shooting charts
 - (vii) Drawings
 - (viii) Type and routine test certificates for major items.
 - (ix) One (1) set of reproducible 'as built' drawings on polyester film.
43. The contractor shall be provided adequate storage/ office space for his use. The space has to be maintained/ constructed by the contractor as per his usage requirements.
44. All spaces allotted to the contractor as described above shall be vacated and all structures removed from site at any time as and when required and directed by the Engineer-in-charge, unconditionally and without any reservation. The Engineer-in-charge will not be obliged to give any reason for such removal. Upon receiving instructions to vacate the space, the contractor shall immediately remove all his structures, materials, etc. from the sources and clear and clean-up the site to the satisfaction of the Engineer-in-charge.
45. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to safeguard the site and ensure that no illegal encroachments are made by outside elements within the area allotted to the contractor. Upon completion of the work or earlier as required by Engineer-in-Charge, the contractor shall vacate the land totally without any reservation.
46. The contractor will arrange to erect, at his own cost, barbed wire or other appropriate fence around the infrastructure site, with entry/exit gates at suitable points. The contractor shall, at his own cost, provide and erect

suitable fencing around the spaces allotted to him at the infrastructure sites to ensure the security of his men. Materials and equipment within the sites and in relation to other contractors who will also be allotted spaces at above sites.

47. The security of workmen, materials, equipment stores etc. within the area allotted to the contractor shall be the responsibility of the contractor.
48. The site of work shall have required equipments for various tests at site by the contractor at his own cost and nothing extra shall be payable on this account.
49. The contractor shall arrange minimum plant and equipments at site for the execution of work. These may have to be increased depending on the requirement site.
50. The quantities indicated are for guidance only however it may vary to any extent and the contractor should not have any financial or other implications for such variations. The owner reserves to reduce the scope of work of any item if the contractor fails to deliver the works in time and the contractor shall not ask for any financial consideration for such deletion of scope of the work.
51. Any item which is not available in the BOQ shall be paid as per DSR 2014 rates. If it is not available in BOQ & DSR 2014 then extra item shall be worked out as actual cost of the materials and actual cost of the labour plus 15% as overhead and profit. The decision of Engineer-in-charge will be conclusive and final binding on the contractor.
52. The contractor shall take photographs of site prior to commencement of work, during construction and after completion of work as suggested and shall submit the photographs in soft and hard copies to IIM and Architect for which no extra payment will be made.
53. If required and directed by Engineer-In-Charge, contractor shall arrange visits of his personnel comprising of Engineer-In-Charges to various places/plants in or out side Indore to check and verify the quality of material at manufacturer's places. No extra cost shall be given for this to contractor.
54. Layout of works shall be got checked by Engineer-in -charge & only then further work shall be taken by after approval.
55. Proforma of Registers to be as per standard CPWD formats.

SAFETY CODES

1. Suitable scaffolds should be provided for workmen for all works that cannot safely be done from the ground, or from solid construction except such short period work as can be done safely from ladders. When a ladder is used, an extra mazdoor shall be engaged for holding the ladder and if the ladder is used for carrying materials as well suitable footholds and hand-hold shall be provided on the ladder and the ladder shall be given an inclination not steeper than $\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{4}$ horizontal and 1 vertical.)

2. Scaffolding of staging more than 3.6 m (12ft.) above the ground or floor, swung or suspended from an overhead support or erected with stationary support shall have a guard rail properly attached or bolted, braced and otherwise secured at least 90 cm. (3ft.) high above the floor or platform of such scaffolding or staging and extending along the entire length of the outside and ends there of with only such opening as may be necessary for the delivery of materials. Such scaffolding or staging shall be so fastened as to prevent it from swaying from the building or structure.

3. Working platforms, gangways and stairways should be so constructed that they should not sag unduly or unequally, and if the height of the platform or the gangway or the stairway is more than 3.6 m (12ft.) above ground level or floor level, they should be closely boarded, should have adequate width and should be suitably fastened as described in (2) above.

4. Every opening in the floor of a building or in a working platform shall be provided with suitable means to prevent the fall of person or materials by providing suitable fencing or railing whose minimum height shall be 90 cm. (3ft.)

5. Safe means of access shall be provided to all working platforms and other working places. Every ladder shall be securely fixed. No portable single ladder shall be over 9m. (30ft.) in length while the width between side rails in rung ladder shall in no case be less than 29 cm. (11½") for ladder upto and including 3 m. (10 ft.) in length. For longer ladders, this width should be increased at least $\frac{1}{4}$ " for each additional 30 cm. (1 foot) of length. Uniform step spacing of not more than 30 cm shall be kept. Adequate precautions shall be taken to prevent danger from electrical equipment. No materials on any of the sites or work shall be so stacked or placed as to cause danger or inconvenience to any person or the public. The contractor shall provide all necessary fencing and lights to protect the public from accident and shall be bound to bear the expenses of defence of every suit, action or other proceedings at law that may be brought by any person for injury sustained owing to neglect of the above precautions and to pay any damages and cost which may be awarded in any such suit; action or proceedings to any such person or which may, with the consent of the contractor, be paid to compensate any claim by any such person.

6. (a) Excavation and Trenching - All trenches 1.2 m. (4ft.) or more in depth, shall at all times be supplied with at least one ladder for each 30 m. (100 ft.) in length

or fraction thereof, Ladder shall extend from bottom of the trench to at least 90 cm. (3ft.) above the surface of the ground. The side of the trenches which are 1.5 m. (5ft.) or more in depth shall be stepped back to give suitable slope or securely held by timber bracing, so as to avoid the danger of sides collapsing. The excavated materials shall not be placed within 1.5 m. (5ft.) of the edges of the trench or half of the depth of the trench whichever is more. Cutting shall be done from top to bottom. Under no circumstances, undermining or undercutting shall be done.

(b) Safety Measures for digging bore holes: -

(i). If the bore well is successful, it should be safely capped to avoid caving and collapse of the bore well. The failed and the abandoned ones should be completely refilled to avoid caving and collapse;

(ii). During drilling, Sign boards should be erected near the site with the address of the drilling contractor and the Engineer in-charge of the work;

(iii). Suitable fencing should be erected around the well during the drilling and after the installation of the rig on the point of drilling, flags shall be put 50m around the point of drilling to avoid entry of people;

(iv). After drilling the borewell, a cement platform (0.50m x 0.50m x 1.20m) 0.60m above ground level and 0.60m below ground level should be constructed around the well casing;

(v). After the completion of the borewell, the contractor should cap the bore well properly by welding steel plate, cover the bore well with the drilled wet soil and fix thorny shrubs over the soil. This should be done even while repairing the pump;

(vi). After the borewell is drilled the entire site should be brought to the ground level.

7. Demolition - Before any demolition work is commenced and also during the progress of the work,

(i) All roads and open areas adjacent to the work site shall either be closed or suitably protected.

(ii) No electric cable or apparatus which is liable to be a source of danger or a cable or apparatus used by the operator shall remain electrically charged.

(iii) All practical steps shall be taken to prevent danger to persons employed from risk of fire or explosion or flooding. No floor, roof or other part of the building shall be so overloaded with debris or materials as to render it unsafe.

8. All necessary personal safety equipment as considered adequate by the Engineer-in-Charge should be kept available for the use of the person employed on the site and maintained in a condition suitable for immediate use, and the contractor should take adequate steps to ensure proper use of equipment by those concerned:- The following safety equipment shall invariably be provided.

(i) Workers employed on mixing asphaltic materials, cement and lime mortars shall be provided with protective footwear and protective goggles.

(ii) Those engaged in white washing and mixing or stacking of cement bags or any material which is injurious to the eyes, shall be provided with protective goggles.

(iii) Those engaged in welding works shall be provided with welder's protective eyeshields.

(iv) Stone breaker shall be provided with protective goggles and protective clothing and seated at sufficiently safe intervals.

(v) When workers are employed in sewers and manholes, which are in active use, the contractors shall ensure that the manhole covers are opened and ventilated atleast for an hour before the workers are allowed to get into the manholes, and the manholes so opened shall be cordoned off with suitable railing and provided with warning signals or boards to prevent accident to the public. In addition, the contractor shall ensure that the following safety measure are adhered to :-

(a) Entry for workers into the line shall not be allowed except under supervision of the JE or any other higher officer.

(b) At least 5 to 6 manholes upstream and downstream should be kept open for at least 2 to 3 hours before any man is allowed to enter into the manhole for working inside.

(c) Before entry, presence of Toxic gases should be tested by inserting wet lead acetate paper which changes colour in the presence of such gases and gives indication of their presence.

(d) Presence of Oxygen should be verified by lowering a detector lamp into the manhole. In case, no Oxygen is found inside the sewer line, workers should be sent only with Oxygen kit.

(e) Safety belt with rope should be provided to the workers. While working inside the manholes, such rope should be handled by two men standing outside to enable him to be pulled out during emergency.

(f) The area should be barricaded or cordoned off by suitable means to avoid mishaps of any kind. Proper warning signs should be displayed for the safety of the public whenever cleaning works are undertaken during night or day.

(g) No smoking or open flames shall be allowed near the blocked manhole being cleaned.

(h) The malba obtained on account of cleaning of blocked manholes and sewer lines should be immediately removed to avoid accidents on account of slippery nature of the malba.

(i) Workers should not be allowed to work inside the manhole continuously. He should be given rest intermittently. The Engineer-in-Charge may decide the time up to which a worker may be allowed to work continuously inside the manhole.

- (j) Gas masks with Oxygen Cylinder should be kept at site for use in emergency.
- (k) Air-blowers should be used for flow of fresh air through the manholes. Whenever called for, portable air blowers are recommended for ventilating the manholes. The Motors for these shall be vapour proof and of totally enclosed type. Non sparking gas engines also could be used but they should be placed at least 2 metres away from the opening and on the leeward side protected from wind so that they will not be a source of friction on any inflammable gas that might be present.
- (l) The workers engaged for cleaning the manholes/sewers should be properly trained before allowing to work in the manhole.
- (m) The workers shall be provided with Gumboots or non sparking shoes bump helmets and gloves non sparking tools safety lights and gas masks and portable air blowers (when necessary). They must be supplied with barrier cream for anointing the limbs before working inside the sewer lines.
- (n) Workmen descending a manhole shall try each ladder stop or rung carefully before putting his full weight on it to guard against insecure fastening due to corrosion of the rung fixed to manhole well.
- (o) If a man has received a physical injury, he should be brought out of the sewer immediately and adequate medical aid should be provided to him.
- (p) The extent to which these precautions are to be taken depend on individual situation but the decision of the Engineer-in-Charge regarding the steps to be taken in this regard in an individual case will be final.
- (vi) The Contractor shall not employ men and women below the age of 18 years on the work of painting with products containing lead in any form. Wherever men above the age of 18 are employed on the work of lead painting, the following precaution should be taken:-

(a) No paint containing lead or lead products shall be used except in the form of paste or ready made paint.

(b) Suitable face masks should be supplied for use by the workers when paint is applied in the form of spray or a surface having lead paint is dry rubbed and scrapped.

(c) Overalls shall be supplied by the contractors to the workmen and adequate facilities shall be provided to enable the working painters to wash during and on the cessation of work.

9. An additional clause (viii)(i) of Central Public Works Department Safety Code (iv) the Contractor shall not employ women and men below the age of 18 on the work of painting with product containing lead in any form, wherever men above the age of 18 are employed on the work of lead painting, the following principles must be observed for such use :

(i) White lead, sulphate of lead or product containing these pigment, shall not be used in painting operation except in the form of pastes or paint ready for use.

(ii) Measures shall be taken, wherever required in order to prevent danger arising from the application of a paint in the form of spray.

(iii) Measures shall be taken, wherever practicable, to prevent danger arising out of from dust caused by dry rubbing down and scraping.

(iv) Adequate facilities shall be provided to enable working painters to wash during and on cessation of work.

(v) Overall shall be worn by working painters during the whole of working period.

(vi) Suitable arrangement shall be made to prevent clothing put off during working hours being spoiled by painting materials.

(vii) Cases of lead poisoning and suspected lead poisoning shall be notified and shall be subsequently verified by medical man appointed by competent authority of IIM Indore.

(viii) IIM Indore may require, when necessary medical examination of workers.

(ix) Instructions with regard to special hygienic precautions to be taken in the painting trade shall be distributed to working painters.

10. When the work is done near any place where there is risk of drowning, all necessary equipments should be provided and kept ready for use and all necessary steps taken for prompt rescue of any person in danger and adequate provision, should be made for prompt first aid treatment of all injuries likely to be obtained during the course of the work.

11. Use of hoisting machines and tackle including their attachments, anchorage and supports shall conform to the following standards or conditions :-

(i) (a) These shall be of good mechanical construction, sound materials and adequate strength and free from patent defects and shall be kept repaired and in good working order.

(b) Every rope used in hoisting or lowering materials or as a means of suspension shall be of durable quality and adequate strength, and free from patent defects.

(ii) Every crane driver or hoisting appliance operator, shall be properly qualified and no person under the age of 21 years should be in charge of any hoisting machine including any scaffolding winch or give signals to operator.

(iii) In case of every hoisting machine and of every chain ring hook, shackle swivel and pulley block used in hoisting or as means of suspension, the safe working load shall be ascertained by adequate means. Every hoisting machine and all gear referred to above shall be plainly marked with the safe working load. In case of a hoisting machine having a variable safe working load each safe working load and the condition under which it is applicable shall be clearly indicated. No part of any machine or any gear referred to above in this paragraph shall be loaded beyond the safe working load except for the purpose of testing.

(iv) In case of departmental machines, the safe working load shall be notified by the Electrical Engineer-in-Charge. As regards contractor's machines the contractors shall notify the safe working load of the machine to the Engineer-in-Charge

whenever he brings any machinery to site of work and get it verified by the Electrical Engineer concerned.

12. Motors, gearing, transmission, electric wiring and other dangerous parts of hoisting appliances should be provided with efficient safeguards. Hoisting appliances should be provided with such means as will reduce to the minimum the risk of accidental descent of the load. Adequate precautions should be taken to reduce to the minimum the risk of any part of a suspended load becoming accidentally displaced. When workers are employed on electrical installations which are already energized, insulating mats, wearing apparel, such as gloves, sleeves and boots as may be necessary should be provided. The worker should not wear any rings, watches and carry keys or other materials which are good conductors of electricity.

13. All scaffolds, ladders and other safety devices mentioned or described herein shall be maintained in safe condition and no scaffold, ladder or equipment shall be altered or removed while it is in use. Adequate washing facilities should be provided at or near places of work.

14. These safety provisions should be brought to the notice of all concerned by display on a notice board at a prominent place at work spot. The person responsible for compliance of the safety code shall be named therein by the contractor.

15. To ensure effective enforcement of the rules and regulations relating to safety precautions the arrangements made by the contractor shall be open to inspection by the Labour Officer or Engineer-in-Charge of the department or their representatives.

16. Notwithstanding the above clauses from (1) to (15), there is nothing in these to exempt the contractor from the operations of any other Act or Rule in force in the Republic of India.

CONTRACTOR'S LABOUR REGULATIONS

1. SHORT TITLE

These regulations may be called the IIM Indore Contractors Labour Regulations.

2. DEFINITIONS

i) Workman means any person employed by IIM Indore or its contractor directly or indirectly through a subcontractor with or without the knowledge of the IIM Indore to do any skilled, semiskilled or unskilled manual, supervisory, technical or clerical work for hire or reward, whether the terms of employment are expressed or implied but does not include any person :-

a) Who is employed mainly in a managerial or administrative capacity : or

b) Who, being employed in a supervisory capacity draws wages exceeding five hundred rupees per mensem or exercises either by the nature of the duties attached to the office or by reason of powers vested in him, functions mainly of managerial nature: or

c) Who is an out worker, that is to say, person to whom any article or materials are given out by or on behalf of the principal employers to be made up cleaned, washed, altered, ornamental finished, repaired adopted or otherwise processed for sale for the purpose of the trade or business of the principal employers and the process is to be carried out either in the home of the out worker or in some other premises, not being premises under the control and management of the principal employer.

No person below the age of 14 years shall be employed to act as a workman.

ii) **Fair Wages** means wages whether for time or piece work fixed and notified under the provisions of the Minimum Wages Act from time to time.

iii) **Contractors** shall include every person who undertakes to produce a given result other than a mere supply of goods or articles of manufacture through contract labour or who supplies contract labour for any work and includes a subcontractor.

iv) **Wages** shall have the same meaning as defined in the Payment of Wages Act.

3. i) Normally working hours of an adult employee should not exceed 9 hours a day. The working day shall be so arranged that inclusive of interval for rest, if any, it shall not spread over more than 12 hours on any day.

ii) When an adult worker is made to work for more than 9 hours on any day or for more than 48 hours in any week, he shall be paid over time for the extra hours put in by him at double the ordinary rate of wages.

iii) a) Every worker shall be given a weekly holiday normally on a Sunday, in accordance with the provisions of the Minimum Wages (Central) Rules 1960 as amended from time to time irrespective of whether such worker is governed by the Minimum Wages Act or not.

b) Where the minimum wages prescribed by the Government under the Minimum Wages Act are not inclusive of the wages for the weekly day of rest, the worker shall be entitled to rest day wages at the rate applicable to the next preceding day, provided he has worked under the same contractor for a continuous period of not less than 6 days.

c) Where a contractor is permitted by the Engineer-in-Charge to allow a worker to work on a normal weekly holiday, he shall grant a substituted holiday to him for the whole day on one of the five days immediately before or after the normal weekly holiday and pay wages to such worker for the work performed on the normal weekly holiday at overtime rate.

4. DISPLAY OF NOTICE REGARDING WAGES ETC.

The contractor shall before he commences his work on contract, display and correctly maintain and continue to display and correctly maintain in a clear and legible condition in conspicuous places on the work, notices in English and in the local Indian languages spoken by the majority of the workers giving the minimum rates of wages fixed under Minimum Wages Act, the actual wages being paid, the hours of work for which such wage are earned, wages periods, dates of payments of wages and other relevant information as per Appendix 'III'.

5. PAYMENT OF WAGES

- i) The contractor shall fix wage periods in respect of which wages shall be payable.
- ii) No wage period shall exceed one month.
- iii) The wages of every person employed as contract labour in an establishment or by a contractor where less than one thousand such persons are employed shall be paid before the expiry of seventh day and in other cases before the expiry of tenth day after the last day of the wage period in respect of which the wages are payable.
- iv) Where the employment of any worker is terminated by or on behalf of the contractor the wages earned by him shall be paid before the expiry of the second working day from the date on which his employment is terminated.
- v) All payment of wages shall be made on a working day at the work premises and during the working time and on a date notified in advance and in case the work is completed before the expiry of the wage period, final payment shall be made within 48 hours of the last working day.
- vi) Wages due to every worker shall be paid to him direct or to other person authorised by him in this behalf.
- vii) All wages shall be paid in current coin or currency or in both.
- viii) Wages shall be paid without any deductions of any kind except those specified by the Central Government by general or special order in this behalf or permissible under the Payment of Wages Act 1956.
- ix) A notice showing the wages period and the place and time of disbursement of wages shall be displayed at the place of work and a copy sent by the contractor to the Engineer-in-Charge under acknowledgment.

x) It shall be the duty of the contractor to ensure the disbursement of wages in the presence of the Junior Engineer or any other authorised representative of the Engineer-in-Charge who will be required to be present at the place and time of disbursement of wages by the contractor to workmen.

xi) The contractor shall obtain from the Junior Engineer or any other authorized representative of the Engineer-in-Charge as the case may be, a certificate under his signature at the end of the entries in the "Register of Wages" or the "Wage-cum-Muster Roll" as the case may be in the following form:-

"Certified that the amount shown in column Nohas been paid to the workman concerned in my presence on at"

6. FINES AND DEDUCTIONS WHICH MAY BE MADE FROM WAGES

(i) The wages of a worker shall be paid to him without any deduction of any kind except the following:-

(a) Fines

(b) Deductions for absence from duty i.e. from the place or the places where by the terms of his employment he is required to work. The amount of deduction shall be in proportion to the period for which he was absent.

(c) Deduction for damage to or loss of goods expressly entrusted to the employed person for custody, or for loss of money or any other deduction which he is required to account, where such damage or loss is directly attributable to his neglect or default.

(d) Deduction for recovery of advances or for adjustment of overpayment of wages, advances granted shall be entered in a register.

(e) Any other deduction which the Central Government may from time to time allow.

(ii) No fines should be imposed on any worker save in respect of such acts and omissions on his part as have been approved of by the Chief Labour Commissioner.

Note :- An approved list of Acts and Omissions for which fines can be imposed is enclosed at Appendix-X

(iii) No fine shall be imposed on a worker and no deduction for damage or loss shall be made from his wages until the worker has been given an opportunity of showing cause against such fines or deductions.

(iv) The total amount of fine which may be imposed in any one wage period on a worker shall not exceed an amount equal to three paise in a rupee of the total wages, payable to him in respect of that wage period.

(v) No fine imposed on any worker shall be recovered from him by instalment, or after the expiry of sixty days from the date on which it was imposed.

(vi) Every fine shall be deemed to have been imposed on the day of the act or omission in respect of which it was imposed.

7. LABOUR RECORDS

(i) The contractor shall maintain a **Register of persons employed** on work on contract in Form XIII of the CL (R&A) Central Rules 1971 (Appendix IV)

(ii) The contractor shall maintain a **Muster Roll** register in respect of all workmen employed by him on the work under Contract in Form XVI of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix V).

(iii) The contractor shall maintain a **Wage Register** in respect of all workmen employed by him on the work under contract in Form XVII of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix VI).

(iv) **Register of accident** - The contractor shall maintain a register of accidents in such form as may be convenient at the work place but the same shall include the following particulars:

- a) Full particulars of the labourers who met with accident.
- b) Rate of Wages.
- c) Sex
- d) Age
- e) Nature of accident and cause of accident.
- f) Time and date of accident.
- g) Date and time when admitted in Hospital,
- h) Date of discharge from the Hospital.
- i) Period of treatment and result of treatment.
- j) Percentage of loss of earning capacity and disability as assessed by Medical Officer.
- k) Claim required to be paid under Workmen's Compensation Act.
- l) Date of payment of compensation.
- m) Amount paid with details of the person to whom the same was paid.
- n) Authority by whom the compensation was assessed.
- o) Remarks

v) The contractor shall maintain a **Register of Fines** in the Form XII of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix-XI)

The contractor shall display in a good condition and in a conspicuous place of work the approved list of acts and omissions for which fines can be imposed (Appendix-X)

vi) The contractor shall maintain a **Register of deductions for damage or loss** in Form XX of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix-XII)

vii) The contractor shall maintain a **Register of Advances** in Form XXIII of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix-XIII)

viii) The contractor shall maintain a **Register of Overtime** in Form XXIII of the CL (R&A) Rules 1971 (Appendix-XIV)

8. ATTENDANCE CARD-CUM-WAGE SLIP

i) The contractor shall issue an Attendance card-cum-wage slip to each workman employed by him in the specimen form at (Appendix-VII)

ii) The card shall be valid for each wage period.

iii) The contractor shall mark the attendance of each workman on the card twice each day, once at the commencement of the day and again after the rest interval, before he actually starts work.

- iv) The card shall remain in possession of the worker during the wage period under reference.
- v) The contractor shall complete the wage slip portion on the reverse of the card at least a day prior to the disbursement of wages in respect of the wage period under reference.

- vi) The contractor shall obtain the signature or thumb impression of the worker on the wage slip at the time of disbursement of wages and retain the card with himself.

9. EMPLOYMENT CARD

The contractor shall issue an Employment Card in Form XIV of the CL (R&A) Central Rules 1971 to each worker within three days of the employment of the worker (Appendix-VIII).

10. SERVICE CERTIFICATE

On termination of employment for any reason whatsoever the contractor shall issue to the workman whose services have been terminated, a Service certificate in Form XV of the CL (R&A) Central Rules 1971 (Appendix-IX)

11. PRESERVATION OF LABOUR RECORDS

All records required to be maintained under Regulations Nos. 6 & 7 shall be preserved in original for a period of three years from the date of last entries made in them and shall be made available for inspection by the Engineer-in-Charge or Labour Officer or any other officers authorised by the Ministry of Urban Development in this behalf.

12. POWER OF LABOUR OFFICER TO MAKE INVESTIGATIONS OR ENQUIRY

The Labour Officer or any person authorized by Central Government on their behalf shall have power to make enquires with a view to ascertaining and enforcing due and proper observance of Fair Wage Clauses and the Provisions of these Regulations. He shall investigate into any complaint regarding the default made by the contractor or subcontractor in regard to such provision.

13. REPORT OF LABOUR OFFICER

The Labour Officer or other persons authorized as aforesaid shall submit a report of result of his investigation or enquiry to the Executive Engineer concerned indicating the extent, if any, to which the default has been committed with a note that necessary deductions from the contractor's bill be made and the wages and other dues be paid to the labourers concerned. In case an appeal is made by the contractor under Clause 13 of these regulations, actual payment to labourers will be made by the Executive Engineer after the Chief Engineer has given his decision on such appeal.

- i) The Executive Engineer shall arrange payments to the labour concerned within 45 days from the receipt of the report form the Labour Officer or the Chief Engineer as the case may be.

14. APPEAL AGAINST THE DECISION OF LABOUR OFFICER

Any person aggrieved by the decision and recommendations of the Labour Officer or other person so authorised may appeal against such decision to the Chief

Engineer concerned within 30 days from the date of decision, forwarding simultaneously a copy of his appeal to the Executive Engineer concerned but subject to such appeal, the decision of the officer shall be final and binding upon the contractor.

15. PROHIBITION REGARDING REPRESENTATION THROUGH LAWYER

i) A workman shall be entitled to be represented in any investigation or enquiry under these regulations by:-

a) An officer of a registered trade union of which he is a member.

b) An officer of a federation of trade unions to which the trade union referred to in clause (a) is affiliated.

c) Where the employer is not a member of any registered trade union, by an officer of a registered trade union, connected with the industry in which the worker is employed or by any other workman employed in the industry in which the worker is employed.

ii) An employer shall be entitled to be represented in any investigation or enquiry under these regulations by :-

a) An officer of an association of employers of which he is a member.

b) An officer of a federation of associations of employers to which association referred to in clause (a) is affiliated.

c) Where the employers is not a member of any association of employers, by an officer of association of employer connected with the industry in which the employer is engaged or by any other employer, engaged in the industry in which the employer is engaged.

(iii) No party shall be entitled to be represented by a legal practitioner in any investigation or enquiry under these regulations.

16. INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND SLIPS

The contractor shall allow inspection of all the prescribed labour records to any of his workers or to his agent at a convenient time and place after due notice is received or to the Labour Officer or any other person, authorised by the Central Government on his behalf.

17. SUBMISSIONS OF RETURNS

The contractor shall submit periodical returns as may be specified from time to time.

18. AMENDMENTS

The Central Government may from time to time add to or amend the regulations and on any question as to the application/Interpretation or effect of those regulations the decision of the Chief Engineer concerned shall be final.

19. Reference documents for Appendices / formats mentioned under the head of 'Contractor's Labour Regulations'- <http://cpwd.gov.in/Publication/GCC14.pdf> page no 82 onwards of the document.

**Form of Performance Security (Guarantee)
Bank Guarantee Bond**

In consideration of the Director, IIM Indore (hereinafter called “The IIM Indore”) having offered to accept the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement between.....and (hereinafter called “the said Contractor(s)”) for the work..... (hereinafter called “the said agreement”) having agreed to production of an irrevocable Bank Guarantee for Rs. (Rupees only) as a security/guarantee from the contractor(s) for compliance of his obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions in the said agreement.

1. We, (hereinafter referred to as “the Bank”) hereby undertake to pay to the IIM Indore an amount not exceeding Rs. (Rupees..... Only) on demand by the IIM Indore.

2. We,(indicate the name of the Bank) do hereby undertake to pay the amounts due and payable under this guarantee without any demure, merely on a demand from the IIM Indore stating that the amount claimed as required to meet the recoveries due or likely to be due from the said contractor(s). Any such demand made on the bank shall be conclusive as regards the amount due and payable by the bank under this Guarantee. However, our liability under this guarantee shall be restricted to an amount not exceeding Rs. (Rupeesonly)

3. We, the said bank further undertake to pay the IIM Indore any money so demanded notwithstanding any dispute or disputes raised by the contractor(s) in any suit or proceeding pending before any court or Tribunal relating thereto, our liability under this present being absolute and unequivocal. The payment so made by us under this bond shall be a valid discharge of our liability for payment thereunder and the Contractor(s) shall have no claim against us for making such payment.

4. We, (indicate the name of the Bank) further agree that the guarantee herein contained shall remain in full force and effect during the period that would be taken for the performance of the said agreement and that it shall continue to be enforceable till all the dues of the IIM Indore under or by virtue of the said agreement have been fully paid and its claims satisfied or discharged or till Engineer-in- Charge on behalf of the IIM Indore certified that the terms and conditions of the said agreement have been fully and properly carried out by the said Contractor(s) and accordingly discharges this guarantee.

5. We, (indicate the name of the Bank) further agree with the IIM Indore that the IIM Indore shall have the fullest liberty without our consent and without affecting in any manner our obligation hereunder to vary any of the terms and conditions of the said agreement or to extend time of performance by

the said Contractor(s) from time to time or to postpone for any time or from time to time any of the powers exercisable by the IIM Indore against the said contractor(s) and to forbear or enforce any of the terms and conditions relating to the said agreement and we shall not be relieved from our liability by reason of any such variation, or extension being granted to the said Contractor(s) or for any forbearance, act of omission on the part of the IIM Indore or any indulgence by the IIM Indore to the said Contractor(s) or by any such matter or thing whatsoever which under the law relating to sureties would, but for this provision, have effect of so relieving us.

6. This guarantee will not be discharged due to the change in the constitution of the Bank or the Contractor(s).

7. We, (indicate the name of the Bank) lastly undertake not to revoke this guarantee except with the previous consent of the IIM Indore in writing.

8. This guarantee shall be valid up tounless extended on demand by the IIM Indore. Notwithstanding anything mentioned above, our liability against this guarantee is restricted to Rs. (Rupees) and unless a claim in writing is lodged with us within six months of the date of expiry or the extended date of expiry of this guarantee all our liabilities under this guarantee shall stand discharged. Dated theday offor.....(indicate the name of the Bank).

PROFORMA OF SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 'A'

Schedule of quantities (as per Financial Bid).

SCHEDULE 'B'

Schedule of materials to be issued to the contractor. - Deleted.

SCHEDULE 'C'

Tools and plants to be hired to the contractor - Deleted.

SCHEDULE 'D'

Extra schedule for specific requirements/document for the work, if any. - To be intimated later if required.

SCHEDULE 'E'

Reference to General Conditions of contract laid down in the tender document.

Name of Work: **“Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”**

Estimated cost of work: Rs. 97,99,490/-

- (i) Earnest money: Rs. 1,96,000/- (to be returned after receiving performance guarantee)
- (ii) Performance Guarantee: 5% of tendered value.
- (iii) Security Deposit: 2.5% of tendered value.

or

2.5% of tendered value plus 50% of PG for contracts involving maintenance of the building and services/ other work after construction of same building and services/ other work.

SCHEDULE 'F'

GENERAL RULES : Officer inviting tender- The Chief Engineer, IIM
& DIRECTIONS Indore on behalf of the Director IIM Indore.

Maximum percentage for quantity of items of work to be executed beyond which rates are to be determined in accordance with Clauses 12.2 & 12.3.

See below

Definitions:

2(v)	Engineer-in-Charge	Chief Engineer
2(viii)	Accepting Authority	Director
2(x)	Percentage on cost of materials and labour to cover all overheads and profits.	15%
2(xi)	Standard Schedule of Rates	CPWD DSR 2014
2(xii)	Department	Project Department, IIM Indore.
9(ii)	Standard CPWD contract Form GCC 2014, CPWD Form 7/ 8 as modified & corrected.	Upto date.

Clause 1

- (i) Time allowed for submission of Performance Guarantee from the date of issue of letter of acceptance 10 Days
- (ii) Maximum allowable extension with late fee @ 0.1% per day of Performance Guarantee amount beyond the period provided in (i) above 15 days

Clause 2

Authority for fixing compensation under clause 2. Chief Engineer/ Director, IIM Indore

Clause 2A

Whether Clause 2A shall be applicable Yes

Clause 5

Number of days from the date of issue of letter of acceptance for reckoning date of start 10 Days or date of work order whichever is earlier.

Mile stone(s) as per table given below:-

Sl. No.	Description of Milestone (Physical)	Time Allowed in months (<u>from date of reckoning start</u>)	Amount to be with-held in case of non achievement of milestone
1	Completion of Fly proof door shutter work in 10 Quarters	3 month	Rs. 1,50,000/-
2	Completion of Fly proof door shutter work in 20 Quarters	5 month	Rs. 2,00,000/-
3	Completion of Fly proof door shutter work in 35 Quarters	7 month	Rs. 2,00,000/-
4	Completion G.I. wire fencing	6 month	Rs. 2,00,000/-

	work behind Visiting faculty apartment		
5	Completion of aluminum grill work in SR-16	4 month	Rs. 2,00,000/-
6	Completion of aluminum grill work in SR-18	7 month	Rs. 2,00,000/-
7	Completion of aluminum Partition and false ceiling work	4 month	Rs. 1,00,000/-
8	Total Completion work	10 month	Compensation as per Clause 2

Time allowed for execution of work.

10 (TEN) Calendar Months.

Authority to decide:

- (i) Extension of time - Chief Engineer/Director, IIM Indore
- (ii) Rescheduling of mile stones- Chief Engineer, IIM Indore
- (iii) Shifting of date of start in case of delay in handing over of site- Chief Engineer, IIM Indore

Clause 6, 6A

Clause applicable - (6 or 6A)

6 A

Clause 7

Gross work to be done together with net payment /adjustment of advances for material collected, if any, since the last such payment for being eligible to interim payment

Rs. 25,00,000/-

Clause 10A

List of testing equipment to be provided by the contractor at site lab. - Deleted.
Clause 10B(ii)

Whether Clause 10 B (ii) shall be applicable

Yes

Clause 10CA - Deleted.

Clause 10CC - Deleted.

Clause 11

Specifications to be followed for execution of work

Relevant BIS code, CPWD Specifications, CPWD works manual, with up-to-date correction slips.

Clause 12

Type of work: "Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18

and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

12.2 & 12.3 Deviation Limit beyond which clauses 12.2 & 12.3 shall apply for work 50%

Clause 16

Competent Authority for Deciding reduced rates. Director IIM Indore.

Clause 25

Constitution of Dispute Redressal Committee (DRC) - Construction Committee of IIM Indore.

Clause 36 (i)

Requirement of Technical Representative(s) and recovery Rate

Sl n o	Minimum Qualification of Technical Representative	Discipline	Designation (Principal Technical /Technical representative)	Minimum Experience	Number	Rate at which recovery shall be made from the contractor in the event of not fulfilling provision of clause 36(i)	
						Figures	Words
1	Graduate Engineer	Civil	Site Engineer	Graduate Engineer with minimum 2 year experience	1	Rs. 25,000/-	Rupees twenty five thousand only

Assistant Engineers retired from Government services that are holding Diploma will be treated at par with Graduate Engineers.

Diploma holder with minimum 10 year relevant experience with a reputed construction co. can be treated at par with Graduate Engineers for the purpose of such deployment subject to the condition that such diploma holders should not exceed 50% of requirement of degree engineers.

Clause: 37: DELETED

Clause: 38: DELETED

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PARTICULAR SPECIFICATION FOR CIVILWORK

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Subject to the nomenclature of the item and the specifications indicated hereafter the work, in general shall be carried out in accordance with the CPWD Specifications 2009 read with correction slips issued up to the date of receipt of tenders and relevant ISCODES.

1.2 Wherever reference to any Indian Standards Specifications occurs in the documents relating to this contract the same shall be inclusive of all amendments issued thereto or revisions thereof , if any, up to the date of receipt of tenders.

1.3 Before commencement of the work the contractor shall co-relate nomenclature of the items with all the relevant architectural and structural drawings to satisfy himself that the information available there from is complete and unambiguous. The figures and written dimensions on the drawing shall be followed. The dimensions shall not be scaled out. The contractor shall submit for approval of Engineer-in-charge his workshop drawings and the sample of work to be performed under the specified items of work before actually commencing the mass execution of work under the item. Nothing extra shall be payable on this account.

1.4 The discrepancy in the drawings issued if any shall be brought to the notice of engineer in charge for immediate decision before execution of the work. The contractor, alone shall be responsible for any loss or damage occurring by the commencement of work on the basis of any erroneous information and no claim whatever shall be entertained on this account.

1.5 In the event of any difference or discrepancy in the description of any item or its specifications, the same shall be resolved in the following sequence and decision of Engineer-in-charge shall be conclusive, final and binding on the contractor.

- a) The nomenclature of the item shall take precedence over all and anything stated elsewhere.
- b) The condition and specifications attached to the tender documents shall take precedence over the provisions of CPWD specifications 2009 (Volume I & II) with up to date correction slips and relevant IS Codes.
- c) The specifications 2009 (Volume I & II) amended correction slip up to the date of opening tender shall take precedence over provisions of relevant IS Codes.
- d) In case, it is not possible to resolve the dispute with the help of tender documents the provisions of relevant I.S.Codes shall be relied upon.

e) In case, it is not possible to resolve the dispute with the help of any above stated documents the decision and directions of Engineer-in-charge shall be followed for execution and completion of any item of work.

2. DOOR, WINDOW, VENTILATOR AND PARTITION FRAMES

2.1 Frame Work

First of all the shop drawings for each type of doors/windows/ventilators etc. shall be prepared by using suitable sections based on architectural drawings, adequate to meet the requirement/ specifications and by taking into consideration varying profiles of aluminum sections being extruded by approved manufacturers. The shop drawings shall show full size sections of glazed doors, windows, ventilators etc. The shop drawings shall also show the details of fittings and joints. Before start of the work, all the shop drawings shall be got approved from the Engineer-in-Charge. Actual measurement of openings left at site for different type of door/window etc. shall be taken. The fabrication of the individual door/windows/ventilators etc. shall be done as per the actual sizes of the opening left at site. The frames shall be truly rectangular and flat with regular shape corners fabricated to true right angles. The frames shall be fabricated out of section which have been cut to length, mitered and jointed mechanically using appropriate machines. Mitered joints shall be corner crimped or fixed with self-tapping stainless steel screws using extruded aluminum cleats of required length and profile. All aluminum work shall provide for replacing damaged/broken glass panes without having to remove or damage any member of exterior finishing material.

2.2 Fixing of Frames

The holes in concrete/masonry/wood/any other members for fixing anchor bolts/fasteners/screws shall be drilled with an appropriate electric drill. Windows/doors/ventilators etc. shall be placed in correct final position in the opening and fixed to Sal wood backing using stainless steel screws of star headed, counter sunk and matching size groove. of required size at spacing not more than 250 mm c/c or dash fastener. All joints shall be sealed with approved silicone sealants. In the case of composite windows and doors, the different units are to be assembled first. The assembled composite units shall be checked for line, level and plumb before final fixing is done. Engineer-in-Charge in his sole discretion may allow the units to be assembled in their final location if the situation so warrants. Snap beadings and EPDM gasket shall be fixed as per the detail shown in the shop drawings. Where aluminum comes into contact with stone masonry, brick work, concrete, plaster or dissimilar metal, it shall be coated with an approved insulation lacquer, paint or plastic tape to ensure that electrochemical corrosion is avoided. Insulation material shall be trimmed off to a clean flush line on completion. The contractor shall be responsible for the doors, windows etc. being set straight, plumb, level and for their satisfactory operation after fixing is complete.

2.3 Measurements

All the aluminum sections including snap beadings fixed in place shall be measured in running meter along the outer periphery of composite section correct to a millimeter. The weight calculated on the basis of actual average (average of five samples) weight of composite section in kilogram correct to the second place of decimal shall be taken for payment (weight shall be taken after anodizing). The weight of cleat shall be added for payment. Neither any deduction nor anything extra shall be paid for skew cuts.

3. WIRE GAUZE FLY PROOF SHUTTERS

3.1. Specified timber shall be used, and it shall be sawn in the direction of the grains. Sawing shall be truly straight and square. The timber shall be planed smooth and accurate to the full dimensions, rebates, rounding and mouldings as shown in the drawings made, before assembly. Patching or plugging of any kind shall not be permitted except as provided.

3.1.1 Stile and Rails

Stiles and bottom rail shall be made out of one piece of timber only. Intermediate rail exceeding 200 mm in width may be of one or more pieces of timber. The width of each piece shall be not less than 75 mm. Where more than one piece of timber is used for rails, they shall be joined with a continuous tongued and grooved joint glued together and reinforced with metal dowels at regular intervals not exceeding 200 mm.

3.2 Wire Gauze

3.2.1 Wire Cloth (Wire Gauze)

3.2.1.1 Wire Cloth which shall generally conform to IS 1568 shall be regularly woven with equally spaced galvanized mild steel wires in both warp and weft directions. The wire cloth shall be properly selvedge by one or more wires in each edge.

3.2.1.2 Mesh : Average width of aperture and the nominal diameter of the wire shall be as under: *Average width of Aperture Nominal dia. of wire mm mm* 1.40 0.63, 1.18 0.56, 1.00 0.50

3.2.1.3 Width of aperture and dia of wire cloth shall be as specified. Unless otherwise stated, wire cloth of 1.40 mm average aperture width woven with 0.63 mm nominal dia galvanized mild steel wire shall be used.

3.2.1.4 Fly-proof wire cloth (aperture 1.40 mm) is generally provided in Kitchen and dining areas while wire cloth of smaller aperture is used in mosquito proof shutters

3.3 Wire Gauze Panels: Wire Gauze used for panelling of shutters shall be woven with 0.63 mm dia galvanized mild steel wire to form average aperture size of 1.40 mm as specified in 9.2.7. Wire gauze shall be securely housed into the rebates of stiles and rails by giving right angles bend turned back and fixed by means of suitable staples at intervals of 75 mm and over this wooden beading shall be fixed. The space between the rebate and the beading shall be fixed with putty to give a neat finish. Each wire gauze panel shall be a single piece, and the panels shall be so designed that no single panels

exceeds 0.5 sqm in area. However, care shall be taken to prevent sagging of wire gauge, of panel by providing and fixing 20 x 20 mm square or equivalent beading to the external face to the required patterns as decided by the Engineer-in-Charge.

3.4 Wire Gauze

This shall be unless specified otherwise conform to Para 9.3.1 and 3.3 The wire gauze shall be bent at right angles in the rebates of stiles and rails, turned back and fixed tight with blue tacks at about 75 mm centers, fixed alternately in the two faces of the rebates. Over this, wooden beading shall be fixed with brads or small screws at about 75 mm centers. The space between the beading and rebates, where the wire gauze is bent, shall be neatly finished with putty, so that the end of the wire gauze may not be visible.

3.5 Beading

Beadings in panelled shutter shall be provided where specified in architectural drawings or directed by the Engineer-in-Charge. Each length of beading shall be single piece. Joints at the corners shall be mitred and exposed edges shall be rounded. Beading shall be fixed with headless nails at 75 mm intervals. For external shutters, the beading shall be fixed on the outside face.

3.6 Fixing of Shutters

For side hung shutters of height up to 1.2 m, each leaf shall be hung on two hinges at quarter points and for shutter of height more than 1.2 m, each leaf shall be hung on three hinges one at the centre and the other two at 200 mm from the top and bottom of the shutters. Top hung and bottom hung shutters shall be hung on two hinges fixed at quarter points of top rail or bottom rail. Centre hung shutter shall be suspended on a suitable pivot in the center of the frame. Size and type of hinges and pivots shall be as specified. Flap of hinges shall be neatly counter sunk into the recesses cut to the exact dimensions of flap. Screws for fixing the hinges shall be screwed in with screw driver and not hammered in. Unless otherwise specified, shutters of height more than 1.2 mm shall be hung on butt hinges of size 100 mm and for all other shutters of lesser height butt hinges of size 75 mm shall be used. For shutter of more than 40 mm thickness butt hinges of size 125 × 90 × 4 mm shall be used. Continuous (piano) hinges shall be used for fixing cup-board shutters where specified

3.7 Rate

Rate includes the cost of materials and labour involved in all the operations described above. The framework and paneling of each type or glazed panels shall be paid separately. The rate for framework includes the cost of butt hinges and necessary screws as specified in 3.6. However, extra shall be paid for providing moulded beading where specified. Nothing extra shall be paid for plain beading as stated in 3.5 when specified in drawing

3.8 Measurements

Framework and panelling shall be measured separately.

3.9 Framework of Shutters : The overall length and width of the framework of the shutters shall be measured nearest to a cm in fixed position (overlaps not to be measured in case of double leaved shutters) and the area calculated in square metres correct to two places of decimal. No deduction shall be made to form panel openings or louvers. No extra payments shall be made for shape, joints and labour involved in all operations described above.

3.10 For panelling of each type or for glazed panel length and width of opening for panels inserts or glazed panels shall be measured correct to a cm before fixing the beading and the area shall be calculated to the nearest 0.01 sq.m. The portions of the panel inserts or glazed panel inside the grooves or rebates shall not be measured for payment.

4.0 G.I. CHAIN LINK FABRIC FENCING

4.1 Material

G.I. Chain link fabric fencing of required width in mesh size 50 x 50 or 25 x 25 mm or specified otherwise of approved brand and made of specified dia GI wire PVC coated of specified thickness / or not as specified in item of required colour or shade to be used.

4.1.1 Fixing : GI chain link shall be stretched and fixed in specified width, strengthening with 2 mm dia wire or nuts bolts & washers as required to be done complete as per the direction of Engineer-in- Charge.

4.1.2 Measurements : The length and width shall be measured correct to a cm. The area shall be calculated in square meter, correct to two places of decimal.

4.2 The rate shall include the cost of material and labour involved in all the operations described as above.

5.0 STEEL WORK

5.0 DEFINITIONS/ TERMINOLOGY

Bead

A single run of weld metal deposited on surface.

Butt Weld

A weld in which the weld metal lies substantially within the extension of the planes arc the surfaces *on* the parts joined.

Crater

A depression left in weld metal where the *arc* was broken or the flame was removed.

End Crater

A crater at the end of a weld or at the end of a joint.

Fillet Weld

A weld of approximately triangular cross-section joining two surfaces approximately at the right angles to each other in a lap joint, tee joint or corner joint. It is of two types:

- (1) Continuous
- (2) Intermittent.

Fusion Welding

Any welding process in which the weld is made between metals in a state of fusion without

Hammering or pressure.

Non- fusion Welding

A term applied to the deposition, by the Oxy-Acetylene process of filler metal on parent metal without fusion of the latter. *Oxy-Acetylene Pressure Welding* Pressure welding in which any Oxy-Acetylene flame is used to make the surface to be united plastic. No filler metal is used.

Run

The metal deposited during one passage of the electrode or blow pipe in the making of a joint.

Weld

A union between two pieces of metal at faces rendered plastic or liquid by heat or pressure, or both, Filler metal may be used to effect the union.

5.1 MATERIALS

Micro-Alloying Elements

Elements such as niobium, boron, vanadium and titanium added singly or in combination to obtain higher strength to weight ratio and better toughness, formability and weldability as compared to unalloyed steel of similar strength level.

Weldability A metallic substance is considered to be weldable by a given process and for the given purpose, when metallic continuity to a stated degree can be obtained by welding using a suitable procedure, so that the joints comply with the requirements specified in regard to both their local properties and their influence on the construction of which they form a part.

Controlled Rolling

A hot rolling process in which the temperature of the steel and its reduction ratio are controlled, particularly during the final rolling passes, in order to achieve fine grain micro structure and optimum mechanical properties.

Normalizing Rolling

A hot rolling process in which the final rolling passes are carried out at a suitable higher temperature, followed by cooling in natural air to a temperature below the transformation temperature, in order to produce a structure, analogous to that obtained by a separate normalizing treatment of hot rolled product.

5.1.1 Steel

5.1.1.1 Supply of Material : General requirements relating to supply of structural steel shall conform to IS 8910.

5.1.1.2 Grades : There shall be nine grades of steel as given in Tables 10.1 and 10.2. While placing the order the steel should be designated by 'Designation' (See Table 10.1 and 10.2).

5.1.1.3 Manufacture : The processes used in the steel making and further hot rolling into steel plates, strips, sections, flats, bars, etc., are left to the discretion of the manufacturer/supplier. If required, secondary refining may follow steel making, as also normalizing rolling/controlled rolling during manufacturing of sections or as per the agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer/supplier.

5.1.1.4 Freedom from Defects

5.1.1.4.1 All finished materials shall be well and cleanly rolled to the dimensions, sections and masses specified. The finished material shall be reasonably free from surface flaws; laminations; rough/ jagged and imperfect edges and all other harmful defects.

5.1.1.4.2 Minor surface defects may be removed by the manufacturer/supplier by grinding provided the thickness is not reduced locally by more than 4 percent below the minimum specified thickness. Reduction in thickness by grinding greater than 4 percent but not exceeding 7 percent may be made subject to mutual agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer/supplier.

5.1.1.4.3 Subject to agreement with the purchaser, surface defects which cannot be dealt with as in 10.1.1.4.2 may be repaired by chipping or grinding followed by welding and inspection by a mutually agreed procedure such that :

(a) After complete removal of the defects and before welding, the thickness of the item is not to be reduced by more than 20 percent at any place.

(b) Welding is carried out by procedure APPROVED by competent authority with approved

electrodes and the welding is ground smooth to the correct nominal thickness; and
(c) Subsequent to the finish grinding, the item may be required to be normalized or otherwise heattreated at the purchaser's discretion.

5.1.1.4.4 Welding as mentioned in 10.1.1.4.3 is not permissible for grade designation E 250 material.

5.1.1.5 Chemical Composition : Ladle Analysis the ladle analysis of the steel, when carried out by the method specified in the relevant part of IS 228 or any other established instrumental /chemical method, shall be as given in Table 10.1. In case of dispute, the procedure given in IS 228 and its relevant parts shall be the referee method and where test methods are not specified shall be as agreed to between the purchaser and the manufacturer/supplier.

5.1.2 Rivets

Rivets shall be made from rivet bars of mild steel as per IS 1148.

5.1.3 Bolts

These are of two types namely turned and fitted bolts and black bolts. Turned & fitted bolts are turned to exact diameter in automatic lathe. For these bolts, whether reamed or drilled bolts, the same unit stresses are allowed as for rivets. In case of black bolts which are not finished to exact sizes, a lower working stress other than for turned bolts is adopted. They shall conform to IS 1367 - Technical supply conditions for threaded steel fasteners.

5.1.4 Electrodes

The electrodes required for metal arc welding shall be covered electrodes and shall conform to IS 814.

5.2 STEEL WORK IN BUILT UP SECTIONS (RIVETED AND BOLTED)

The steel work in built up section (Riveted and bolted) such as trusses, framed work etc. is specified in this clause.

5.2.1 Laying Out

A figure of the steel structure to be fabricated shall be drawn on a level platform to full scale. This may be done in full or in parts, as shown on drawings or as directed by the Engineer-in-Charge. Steel tape shall be used for measurements.

5.2.2 Fabrication

Fabrication shall generally be done as specified in IS 800. In major works or where so specified, shop drawings giving complete information for the fabrication of the component parts of the structure including the location, type, size, length and details or rivets, bolts or welds, shall be prepared in advance of the actual fabrication and approved by the Engineer-in-charge. The drawings shall indicate the shop and field rivets, bolts and welds. The steel members shall be distinctly marked or stenciled with paint with the identification marks as given in the shop drawings. Great accuracy shall be observed in the fabrication of various members, so that these can be assembled without being unduly packed, strained or forced into position and when built up, shall be true and free from twist, kinks, buckles or open joints. Wooden or metal sheet templates shall be made to correspond to each member, and position of rivet holes shall be marked accurately on them and holes drilled. The templates shall then be laid on the steel members, and holes for riveting and bolting marked on them. The ends of the steel members shall also be marked for cutting as per required dimensions. The base of steel columns and the positions of anchor bolts shall be carefully set out at the required location.

5.2.2.1 The steel section shall be straight or to be straightened or flattened by pressure unless required to be of curvilinear form and shall free from twists. These shall be cut square either by shearing or sawing to correct length and measured by steel tape. No tow pieces shall be welded or joined to make up for the required length of member.

5.2.2.2 Making Holes : Holes through more than one thickness of materials for members, such as compound stanchion and girder flanges shall, where possible, be drilled after the members are assembled and tightly clamped or bolted together. Punching may be permitted before assembly, provided the holes are punched 3mm less in diameter than the required size and reamed after assembly to the full diameter. The thickness of material punched shall be not greater than 16 mm.

Rivet Holes

The diameter for rivets and black bolts holes shall be taken as the nominal diameter of a rivet/ black bolts plus 1.5 mm for rivets/ bolts of nominal diameter less than or equal to 25 mm” and 2.0 mm for rivets of nominal diameter exceeding 25 mm, unless specified otherwise. Holes for turned and fitted bolts shall be drilled or reamed large by 0.2 to 8 mm depending upon the dia. of bolts. Holes shall have their axis perpendicular to the surface bored through. The drilling or

reaming shall be free from burrs, and the holes shall be clean and accurate. Holes for rivets and bolts shall not be formed by gas cutting process. Holes for counter sunk bolts shall be made in such a manner that their heads sit flush with the surface after fixing.

5.2.2.3 Assembly : Before making holes in individual members, for fabrication and steel work intended to be riveted or bolted together shall be assembled and clamped properly and tightly so as to ensure close abutting, or lapping of the surfaces of the different members. All stiffeners shall be fixed (or placed) tightly both at top and bottom without being drawn or caulked. The abutting joints shall be cut or dressed true and straight, and fitted close together. Web plates of girders, which have no cover flange plates, shall have their ends flush with the tops of angles unless otherwise required. The web plate when spliced, shall have clearance of not more than 5mm. The erection clearance of cleated ends of members connecting steel to steel shall preferably be not greater than 1.5 mm. The erection clearance at the ends of beams without web cleats shall not be more than 3 mm at each end but where for practical reasons, greater clearance is necessary, seating designed suitably shall be provided. Column splices and butt joints of struts and compression members *requiring* contact for stress transmission shall be accurately, machined and close butted over the whole section. In column caps and bases, the ends of shafts together with the attached gussets, angles, channels etc. after riveting together shall be accurately machined so that the parts connected, butt against each other over the entire surfaces of contact. Connecting angles or channels shall be fabricated and placed in position with great accuracy so that they are not unduly reduced in thickness by machining. The ends of all bearing stiffeners shall be machined or grounded to fit tightly both at top and bottom.

5.2.2.4 Riveting : Rivets shall be used, where slip under load has to be avoided.

Preliminaries before Rivetings:- Members to be riveted shall have all parts firmly placed and held together before and during riveting, and special care shall be taken in this respect for all single riveted connections. For multiple riveted connections, a service bolt shall be provided in every third or fourth hole.

Process of Riveting The riveting shall be carried out by using machines of the steady pressure type. However, where such facilities are not available hand riveting may be permitted by the Engineer-in-charge. The rivets shall be heated red hot, care being taken to control the temperature of heating so as not to burn the steel. Rivets of diameter less than 10mm may be driven cold. Rivets shall be finished neat with heads full and of equal size. The heads shall be central on shanks and shall grip the assembled members firmly. All loose, burnt, or badly formed rivets with eccentric or deficient heads shall be cut out and replaced. In cutting out rivets, care shall be taken so as not to injure the assembled members. Caulking and recapping shall not be permitted. For testing rivets, a hammer weighing approx. 0.25 kg shall be used and both heads of the rivet (Specially the machine head) shall be tapped. When so tested, the rivets shall not give a hollow sound and a jar where so specified, other tests shall be carried out to ensure the soundness of rivets. All rivets heads shall be painted with approved steel primer paint within a week of their fixing.

5.2.2.5 Bolting : The nominal length of the bolt shall be the distance from the underside of the head to the further end of the shank. The nominal diameter of the bolt shall be the diameter at the shank above the screwed threads. Bolts, nuts and washers shall be thoroughly cleaned and dipped in double boiled linseed oil, before use. All bolts heads and nuts shall be hexagonal unless specified otherwise. The screwed threads shall conform to IS 1363 and the threaded surface shall not be

tapered. The bolts shall be of such length as to project at least two clear threads beyond the nuts when fixed in position, and these shall fit in the holes without any shake. The nuts shall fit in the threaded ends of bolts properly. Where necessary, washers shall be tapered or otherwise suitably shaped to give the heads and nuts of bolts a satisfactory bearing. The threaded portion of each bolt shall project through the nut at least two thread. In all cases where the full bearing area of the bolt is to be developed, the bolt shall be provided with a washer of sufficient thickness under the nuts to avoid any threaded portion of the bolt being within the thickness of the parts bolted together. Where there is a risk of the nuts being removed or becoming loose due to vibrations or reversal of stresses, these shall be secured from slackening by the use of lock nut, spring washers as directed by the Engineer-in-charge.

5.3. Erection

5.3.1. Steel members shall be hoisted and erected in position carefully, without any damage to itself, other structures and equipment and injury to workmen. The method of hoisting and erection proposed to be adopted by the contractor shall be got approved from the Engineer-in-charge in advance. The contractor however shall be fully responsible for the work being carried out in a safe and proper manner without unduly stressing the various members and proper equipment such as derricks, lifting tackles, winches, ropes etc. shall be used.

5.3.2 The work of erection may be done in suitable units as may be directed by the Engineer-in-charge. Fabricated members shall be lifted at such points so as to avoid deformation or excessive stress in members. The structure or part of it placed in position shall be secured against over-turning or collapse by suitable means. During execution, the steel members shall be securely bolted or otherwise fastened when necessary temporarily braced to provide for all loads including those due to erection equipments and its operation to be carried safely by structure during erection. The steel members shall be placed in proper position as per approved drawing, final riveting or permanent bolting shall be done only after proper alignment has been checked and confirmed.

5.3.3 Trusses shall be lifted only at nodes. The trusses above 10 m in span shall not be lifted by slinging at two mid points of rafters, which shall be temporarily braced by a wooden member of a suitable section. After the trusses are placed in position, purlins and wind bracings shall be fixed as soon as possible. The end of the truss which faces the prevailing winds shall be fixed with holding down bolts, and the other end kept free to move. In case of trusses of spans upto 10m the free end of the truss shall be laid on lead sheet or steel plate as per design, and the holes for holding down bolts shall be made in the form of oblong slots so as to permit the free movements of the truss end. For larger spans the truss shall be provided with proper bearing as per design.

5.3.4 Columns and stanchions shall be erected truly vertical with the necessary cross bracing etc. and the base shall be properly fixed with the foundation concrete by means of anchor bolts etc. as per drawing.

5.3.5 Anchor bolts to be placed in the concrete foundation should be held in position with a wooden template. At the time of concreting anchor bolt locations shall be provided with suitable timber mould or pipe sleeve to allow for adjustment which shall be removed after initial setting of concrete. The spaces left around anchor bolts shall be linked to a stopping channel in the concrete leading to the side of the pedestal and on the underside of the base plate to allow the spaces being grouted up after the base plate is fixed in the position along with

the column footing. Grouting shall be of cement mortar 1:3 (1 cement: 3 coarse sand) or as specified.

5.3.6 Bedding of Column, Stanchions etc.:- Bedding shall not be carried out until the steel work has been finally levelled, plumbed and connected together. The stanchion shall be supported on steel wedges and adjusted to make the column plumb. For multistoreyed buildings, the bedding shall not be done until sufficient number of bottom lengths of stanchions have been properly lined, levelled and plumbed and sufficient floor beams are fixed in position. The base plates shall be wedged clear of the bases by M.S. wedges and adjusted where necessary to plumb the columns. The gaps under the base plate may be made upto 25 mm which shall be pressure grouted with cement grouts. With small columns, if permitted by the Engineer-in-charge, the column base shall be floated on a thick cement grout on the concrete pedestal. The anchor bolt holes in the base plate may be made about 10 to 15 mm larger than the bolts. In such cases suitable washers shall be provided.

5.3.8 Measurements

The work as fixed in position shall be measured in running metres correct to a millimeter and their weight calculated on the basis of standard tables correct to the nearest kilogram. The standard weight of steel sections shall conform to IS 808 with tolerance in sizes as per IS 1852. Tolerance in weight is given in Table 10.3. Steel sections shall be acceptable within tolerance limits. Payment for steel sections shall be made as per actual weight within tolerances. Sections having weight on higher side than permissible tolerance, may be acceptable but payment shall be made on the basis of standard weight only. Steel sections having weight variations lower than permissible variation shall not be acceptable. Unless otherwise specified. Weight of cleats, brackets, packing pieces, bolts nuts, washers, distance pieces, separators diaphragm gussets (taking overall square dimensions) fish plates etc. shall be added to the weight of respective items. No deductions shall be made for skew cuts. In riveted work, allowance is to be made for weight of rivet heads. Unless otherwise specified and addition of 2.5% of the weight of structure shall be made for shop and site rivet heads in riveted steel structures. No deduction shall be made for rivet/ or bolt holes (excluding holes for anchor or holding down bolts). Deduction in case of rivet or bolt hole shall, however, be made if its area exceeds 0.02 m². The weight of steel sheet and strips shall be taken from relevant Indian Standards based on 7.85 kg/m² for every millimeter sheet thickness. For rolled sections, steel rods and steel strips, weight given in relevant Indian Standards shall be used.

5.3.9 Rate

The rate shall include the cost of all materials and labour involved in all the operation described above.

5.4 STEEL WORK IN BUILT UP SECTION (WELDED)

5.4.0 The steel work in built up sections (welded) such as in trusses, form work etc. is specified in this clause.

5.4.1 Laying out

It shall be as specified in 5.3.1.

5.4.2 Fabrication

10.4.2.1 Straightening, shaping to form, cutting and assembling, shall be as per 10.3.2 as far as applicable, except that the words “riveted or bolted” shall be read as “welded” and holes shall only be used for the bolts used for temporary fastening as shown in drawings.

5.4.2.2 Welding : Welding shall generally be done by electric arc process as per IS 816 and IS 823. The electric arc method is usually adopted and is economical. Where electricity for public is not available generators shall be arranged by the contractor at his own cost unless otherwise specified. Gas welding shall only be resorted to using oxyacetylene flame with specific approval of the Engineer-in-charge. Gas welding shall not be permitted for structural steel work Gas welding required heating of the members to be welded along with the welding rod and is likely to create temperature stresses in the welded members. Precautions shall therefore be taken to avoid distortion of the members due to these temperature stresses. The work shall be done as shown in the shop drawings which should clearly indicate various details of the joint to be welded, type of welds, shop and site welds as well as the types of electrodes to be used. Symbol for welding on plans and shops drawings shall be according to IS 813. As far as possible every efforts shall be made to limit the welding that must be done after the structure is erected so as to avoid the improper welding that is likely to be done due to heights and difficult positions on scaffolding etc. apart from the aspect of economy. The maximum dia of electrodes for welding work shall be as per IS 814. Joint surfaces which are to be welded together shall be free from loose mill scale, rust, paint, grease or other foreign matter, which adversely affect the quality of weld and workmanship.

5.4.2.3 Precautions : All operation connected with welding and cutting equipment shall conform to the safety requirements given in IS 818 for safety requirements and Health provision in Electric and gas welding and cutting operations.

5.4.2.4 Operation, Workmanship and process of Welding is described in Appendix B,

5.4.2.5 Inspection and testing of welds shall be as per IS 822.

5.4.2.6 Assembly : Before welding is commenced, the members to be welded shall first be brought together and firmly clamped or tack welded to be held in position. This temporary connection has to be strong enough to hold the parts accurately in place without any disturbance. Tack welds located in places where final welds will be made later shall conform to the final weld in quality and shall be cleaned off slag before final weld is made.

5.4.2.7 Erection : The specification shall be as described in 10.3.3 except that while erecting a welded structure adequate means shall be employed for temporary fastening the members together and bracing the frame work until the joints are welded. Such means shall consists of applying of erection bolts, tack welding or other positive devices imparting sufficient strength and stiffness to resist all temporary loads and lateral forces including wind. Owing to the small number of bolts ordinarily employed for joints which are to be welded, the temporary support of heavy girders carrying columns shall be specially attended. Different members which shall be fillet welded, shall be brought into as close contact as possible. The gap due to faulty workmanship or incorrect fit if any shall not exceed. 1.5 mm if gap exceeds 1.5 mm or more occurs locally the size of fillet weld shall be increased at such position by an amount equal to the width of the gap.

5.4.2.8 Painting : Before the member of the steel structures are placed in position or taken out of the

5.4.3 Measurements

The mode of measurements shall be the same as specified in 10.2.4 except that weight of welding material shall not be added in the weight of members for payment and nothing extra shall be paid for making and filling holes for temporary fastening of members during erection before welding.

5.4.4 Rate

The rate shall include the cost of all labour and materials involved in all the operations described Above

5.5 T-IRON DOORS, WINDOWS AND VENTILATORS FRAMES.

5.5.0 T-iron doors, windows and ventilators frames shall be manufactured from uniform mild steel Tee section. The steel shall be of the grade as provided in 10.1.1 The frames shall be got fabricated in approved workshop as approved by the Chief Engineer.

5.5.1 The sizes of doors, windows and ventilator frames shall be as per drawing or as decided by the Engineer-in-Charge. MS tie bar of 10 mm dia shall be welded at bottom of the frame. The size of doors, window and ventilators shall be calculated so as to allow 12.5 mm clearance on all sides to allow an easy fittings in opening. The actual size of doors, windows and ventilator shall not vary by more than + 2 mm than those shown in the drawings. The size of T section used for manufacture of doors, windows and ventilators shall not be less than those specified in IS 1038 unless otherwise directed by the Engineer-in-charge.

5.5.2 Fabrications

The frame shall be constructed in section which has been cut to length and mitred. The corners of the frames shall be butt welded to form a true and right angle. The T Sections shall be mitre joined and continuously butt welded all along.

5.5.3 Fittings

Requisite number of holes shall be made in the frame for fixing of fitting. All fitting shall be fillet welded to T iron frame all along the periphery of contact. Butt hinges shall be fixed to the frame as below: (i) MS flat of size 100 mm x 25 mm x 6 mm will be welded with fillet weld all along the periphery of contact on the rear side of the web of T iron to receive the hinges. Requisite number of holes shall be made in T iron frame and MS flat for fixing of hinges with counter sunk steel screws as

(ii) An alternate method of fixing butt hinges can be adopted by fillet welding the hinge to the T iron frame on three sided. No welding shall be done along the hinge pin to allow free movement of butt hinges

5.5.4 Fixing Procedure

5.5.5 Measurements

T- iron door windows and ventilator frames shall be measured in running metre, along the centre line of the frame correct to a 1mm and weight calculated on the basis of standard tables. No deduction or extra payment shall be made for making holes and making arrangement for fixing fittings including packing wherever necessary. No deduction will be made for not providing tie bars in case of windows and ventilators.

5.5.6 Rate

The rate includes cost of materials and labour involved in all the operation described above. It shall include the necessary butt hinges and screws for fixing the same with frame or as specified. But it does not include the cost of other door, window and ventilator fittings.

6.0 ALUMINIUM WORK

6.0 TERMINOLOGY

Bar

Any solid section, other than round, with at least one dimension of 10 mm or more.

Rod

Any round solid section with a diameter of 10 mm or greater.

Extruded Round Tube

A circular hollow extrusion of uniform wall thickness not subjected to cold drawing.

Hollow Section

An extruded shape other than round tube, the cross section of which completely encloses a void or voids and which is not subject to cold drawing.

Anodized Aluminum

Aluminium with an anodic coating, produced by an electrolytic oxidation process, in which the surface of the aluminium is covered with a coating, generally an oxide, to give protective and decorative properties.

Pre-laminated Particle Board

A particle board laminated on both surface by synthetic impregnated base papers under the influence of heat and pressure with finished foil under the pressure or pressure and heat depending on type of binder used.

Floor Spring (Hydraulically Regulated)

A device used to close the door so as to slow down its speed before it reaches its closed position.

Single Action Floor Spring (Hydraulically Regulated)

A device used to close the door in one direction only so as to slow down its speed before it reaches to its closed position.

Double Action Floor Spring (Hydraulically Regulated)

A device used to close the door in both directions so as to slow down its speed before it reaches its closed position.

Shoe

The device fixed to the bottom of the door leaf in order to hoist it to the floor spring.

Top Centre Pivot

The device to secure the upper portion of the door leaf and the door frame above.

Right Hand Floor Spring

A floor spring suitable for use on an anticlockwise door; an anticlockwise door is one which when viewed from above, rotates in anticlockwise direction about its hinge while opening.

Left Hand Floor Spring

The floor spring suitable for use on clockwise door a clockwise door is one which, when viewed from above, rotates in clockwise direction about its hinge while opening.

Sash

It is a complete window unit whether fixed or open type.

Composite Window

Window unit having two or more sashes joined together with one or more coupling members.

Centre - Hung Ventilator

A ventilator horizontally pivoted at the centre on both sides. Top half opens inwards and bottom half opens outwards.

7.1 ALUMINIUM

7.1.1 Aluminium Sections

Aluminium sections used for fixed/openable windows, ventilators, partitions, frame work & doors etc. shall be suitable for use to meet architectural designs to relevant works and shall be subject to approval of the Engineer-in-Charge for technical, structural, functional and visual considerations. The aluminium extruded sections shall conform to IS 733 and IS 1285 for chemical composition and mechanical properties. The stainless steel screws shall be of grade AISI 304. The permissible dimensional tolerances of the extruded sections shall be as per IS 6477 and shall be such as not to impair the proper and smooth functioning/operation and appearance of door and windows. Aluminium glazed doors, windows etc. shall be of sizes, sections and details as shown in the drawings. The details shown in the drawings may be varied slightly to suit the standards adopted by the manufacturers of the aluminium work, with the approval of Engineer-in-Charge. Before proceeding with any fabrication work, the contractor shall prepare and submit, complete fabrication and installation drawings for each type of glazing doors, windows, ventilators and partition etc. for the approval of the Engineer-in-Charge. If the sections are varied, the contractor shall obtain prior approval of Engineer-in-Charge and nothing extra shall be paid on this account.

7.1.2 Anodising

Standard aluminium extrusion sections are manufactured in various sizes and shapes in wide range of solid and hollow profiles with different functional shapes for architectural, structural glazing, curtain walls, doors, window & ventilators and various other purposes. The anodizing of these products is required to be done before the fabrication work by anodizing/electro coating plants which ensures uniform coating in uniform colour and shades. The extrusions are anodized up to 30 micron in different colours. The anodized extrusions are tested regularly under strict quality control adhering to Indian Standard.

7.1.3 Powder Coating

7.1.3.1 Material: The powder used for powder coating shall be Epoxy/polyester powder of make approved by the Engineer-in-Charge. The contractor shall give detailed programme for powder coating in advance, to facilitate the inspection by Engineer-in-Charge or his authorized representative.

7.1.3.2 Pre-treatment: Each aluminium alloy extrusion or performed section shall be thoroughly cleaned by alkaline or acidic solutions under the conditions specified by chemical conversion coating supplier and then rinsed. A chemical conversion coating shall be applied by treatment with a solution containing essentially chromate ions or chromate and phosphate ions as the active components as applicable. The amount of the conversion coating deposited depends on the type used by the conversion coating chemical supplier. The conversion coating shall be thoroughly rinsed either with the solution specified by the conversion coating chemical supplier or with de-mineralized water and then dried at the temperature for the time specified by the conversion coating chemical supplier. The contractor shall submit the detail specifications and application procedure for application of conversion coating for approval of Engineer-in-Charge. The metal surface after the conversion coating pretreatment and prior to the application of the coating shall be free from dust or powdery deposits.

7.1.3.3 Process: The polyester powder shall be applied by electrostatic powder spray method. Before start of powder coating the contractor shall submit detail specification for application of polyester powder from manufacturer of the

polyester powder for approval of Engineer-in-Charge. The powder coating shall be applied as per the specification approved by Engineer-in-Charge.

7.1.3.4 Thickness: The thickness of the finished polyester powder coating measured by micron meter shall not be less than 50 micron nor more than 120 micron at any point.

7.1.3.5 Performance Requirements for the Finish

(i) *Surface appearance:* The finish on significant surfaces shall show no scratches when illuminated and is examined at an oblique angle, no blisters, craters; pinholes or scratches shall be visible from a distance of about 1 m. There shall not be any visible variation in the colour of finished surfaces of different sections and between the colours of different surfaces of same section.

(ii) *Adhesion:* When a coated test piece is tested using a spacing of 2 mm between each of the six parallel cuts (the cut is made through the full depth of powder coating so that metal surface is visible) and a piece of adhesive tape, approximately 25 mm x 150 mm approved by the Engineer-in-Charge is applied firmly to the cut area and then removed rapidly by pulling at right angles to the test area, no pieces of the finish other than debris from the cutting operation shall be removed from the surface of the finish.

7.1.3.6 Protection of Powder Coated / Anodizing Finish : It is mandatory that all aluminium members shall be wrapped with self adhesive non-staining PVC tape, approved by Engineer-in-Charge.

7.1.3.7 Measurement: All the aluminium sections including snap beading fixed in place shall be measured in running meter along the outer periphery of composite section correct to a millimeter. The weight calculated on the basis of actual average (average of five samples) weight of composite section in kilogram correct to the second place of decimal shall be taken for payment. (Weight shall be taken after anodizing). The weight of cleat shall be added for payment. Neither any deduction nor anything extra shall be paid for skew cuts.

7.1.3.8 Rate: The rate shall include the cost of all the materials, labours involved in all the operations as described in nomenclature of item and particular specification.

8. DOOR, WINDOW, VENTILATOR AND PARTITION FRAMES

8.1.1 Frame Work

First of all the shop drawings for each type of doors/windows/ventilators etc. shall be prepared by using suitable sections based on architectural drawings, adequate to meet the requirement/ specifications and by taking into consideration varying profiles of aluminium sections being extruded by approved manufacturers. The shop drawings shall show full size sections of glazed doors, windows, ventilators etc. The shop drawings shall also show the details of fittings and joints. Before start of the work, all the shop drawings shall be got approved from the Engineer-in-Charge. Actual measurement of openings left at site for different type of door/window etc. shall be taken. The fabrication of the individual door/windows/ventilators etc. shall be done as per the actual sizes of the opening left at site. The frames shall be truly rectangular and flat with regular shape corners fabricated to true right angles. The frames shall be fabricated out of section which have been cut to length, mitered and jointed mechanically using appropriate machines. Mitered joints shall be corner crimped or fixed with self tapping stainless steel screws using extruded aluminium cleats of required length and profile. All aluminium work shall provide for replacing damaged/broken glass panes without having to remove or damage any member of exterior finishing material.

8.1.2 Fixing of Frames

The holes in concrete/masonry/wood/any other members for fixing anchor bolts/fasteners/screws shall be drilled with an appropriate electric drill. Windows/doors/ventilators etc. shall be placed in correct final position in the opening and fixed to Sal wood backing using stainless steel screws of star headed, counter sunk and matching size groove. of required size at spacing not more than 250 mm c/c or dash fastener. All joints shall be sealed with approved silicone sealants. In the case of composite windows and doors, the different units are to be assembled first. The assembled composite units shall be checked for line, level and plumb before final fixing is done. Engineer-in-Charge in his sole discretion may allow the units to be assembled in their final location if the situation so warrants. Snap beadings and EPDM gasket shall be fixed as per the detail shown in the shop drawings. Where aluminium comes into contact with stone masonry, brick work, concrete, plaster or dissimilar metal, it shall be coated with an approved insulation lacquer, paint or plastic tape to ensure that electrochemical corrosion is avoided. Insulation material shall be trimmed off to a clean flush line on completion. The contractor shall be responsible for the doors, windows etc. being set straight, plumb, level and for their satisfactory operation after fixing is complete.

8.1.3 Measurements

All the aluminium sections including snap beadings fixed in place shall be measured in running meter along the outer periphery of composite section correct to a millimeter. The weight calculated on the basis of actual average (average of five samples) weight of composite section in kilogram correct to the second place of decimal shall be taken for payment (weight shall be taken after anodizing). The weight of cleat shall be added for payment. Neither any deduction nor anything extra shall be paid for skew cuts.

8.1.4 Rate

The rate shall include the cost of all the materials, labour involved in all the operations as described in nomenclature of item and particular specification

9.0 PAINTING

9.1.1 Materials

Paints, oils, varnishes etc. of approved brand and manufacture shall be used. Only ready mixed Paint (Exterior grade) as received from the manufacturer without any admixture shall be used. If for any reason, thinning is necessary in case of ready mixed Paint, the brand of thinner recommended by the manufacturer or as instructed by the Engineer-in-Charge shall be used. Approved Paints, oil or varnishes shall be brought to the site of work by the contractor in their original containers in sealed condition. The material shall be brought in at a time in adequate quantities to suffice for the whole work or at least a fortnight's work. The materials shall be kept in the joint custody of the contractor and the Engineer-in-Charge. The empties shall not be removed from the site of work, till the relevant item of work has been completed and permission obtained from the Engineer-in-Charge.

9.1.2 Commencing Work

Painting shall not be started until the Engineer-in-Charge has inspected the items of work to be painted, satisfied himself about their proper quality and given his approval to commence the painting work. Painting of external surface should not be done in adverse weather condition like hail storm and dust storm. Painting, except the priming coat, shall generally be taken in hand after practically finishing

all other building work. The rooms should be thoroughly swept out and the entire building cleaned up, at least one day in advance of the Paint work being started.

9.1.3 Preparation of Surface

The surface shall be thoroughly cleaned and dusted off. All rust, dirt, scales, smoke splashes, mortar droppings and grease shall be thoroughly removed before painting is started. The prepared surface shall have received the approval of the Engineer-in-Charge after inspection, before painting is commenced.

9.1.4 Application

9.1.4.1 Before pouring into smaller containers for use, the Paint shall be stirred thoroughly in its containers, when applying also, the Paint shall be continuously stirred in the smaller containers so that its consistency is kept uniform.

9.1.4.2 The painting shall be laid on evenly and smoothly by means of crossing and laying off, the latter in the direction of the grains of wood. The crossing and laying off consists of covering the area over with Paint, brushing the surface hard for the first time over and then brushing alternately in opposite direction, two or three times and then finally brushing lightly in a direction at right angles to the same. In this process, no brush marks shall be left after the laying off is finished. The full process of crossing and laying off will constitute one coat.

9.1.4.3 Where so stipulated, the painting shall be done by spraying. Spray machine used may be (a) high pressure (small air aperture) type, or (b) a low pressure (large air gap) type, depending on the nature and location of work to be carried out. Skilled and experienced workmen shall be employed for this class of work. Paints used shall be brought to the requisite consistency by adding a suitable thinner.

9.1.4.4 Spraying should be done only when dry condition prevails. Each coat shall be allowed to dry out thoroughly and rubbed smooth before the next coat is applied. This should be facilitated by thorough ventilation. Each coat except the last coat, shall be lightly rubbed down with sand paper or fine pumice stone and cleaned off dust before the next coat is laid.

9.1.4.5 No left over Paint shall be put back into the stock tins. When not in use, the containers shall be kept properly closed.

9.1.4.6 No hair marks from the brush or clogging of Paint puddles in the corners of panels, angles of mouldings etc. shall be left on the work.

9.1.4.7 In painting doors and windows, the putty round the glass panes must also be painted but care must be taken to see that no Paint stains etc. are left on the glass. Tops of shutters and surfaces in similar hidden locations shall not be left out in painting. However, bottom edge of the shutters where the painting is not practically possible, need not be done nor any deduction on this account will be done but two coats of primer of approved make shall be done on the bottom edge before fixing the shutters.

9.1.4.8 On painting steel work, special care shall be taken while painting over bolts, nuts, rivets overlaps etc.

9.1.4.9 The additional specifications for primer and other coats of Paints shall be as according to the detailed specifications under the respective headings.

9.1.5 Brushes and Containers

After work, the brushes shall be completely cleaned of Paint and linseed oil by rinsing with turpentine. A brush in which Paint has dried up is ruined and shall on no account be used for painting work. The containers when not in use, shall be kept closed and free from air so that Paint does not thicken and also shall be kept safe from dust. When the Paint has been used, the containers shall be washed with turpentine and wiped dry with soft clean cloth, so that they are clean, and can be used again.

9.1.6 Measurements

9.1.6.1 The length and breadth shall be measured correct to a cm. The area shall be calculated in sqm (correct to two places of decimal), except otherwise stated.

9.1.6.2 Small articles not exceeding 10 sq. decimetre (0.1 sqm) of painted surfaces where not in conjunction with similar painted work shall be enumerated.

9.1.6.3 Painting upto 10 cm in width or in girth and not in conjunction with similar painted work shall be given in running metres and shall include cutting to line where so required.

Note : Components of trusses, compound girders, stanchions, lattices and similar work shall, however, be given in sq. metres irrespective of the size or girth of members. Priming coat of painting shall be included in the work of fabrication.

9.2 PAINTING PRIMING COAT ON WOOD, IRON OR PLASTERED SURFACES

9.2.1 Primer

9.2.1.1 The primer for wood work, iron work or plastered surface shall be as specified in the description of item.

9.2.1.2 Primer for plaster/wood work/Iron & Steel/Aluminium surfaces shall be as specified below:

S.No.	Surfaces	Primer to be used
1	Wood work (hard and soft wood)	Pink conforming to IS 3536
2	Resinour wood and plywood (A) Iron, Steel and Galvanized steel	Red Oxide Zinc chromate Primer conforming IS 2074

9.2.1.3 The primer shall be ready mixed primer of approved brand and manufacture.

9.2.1.4 Where primer for wood work is specified to be mixed at site, it shall be prepared from a mixture of red lead, white lead and double boiled linseed oil in the ratio of 0.7 kg : 0.7 kg : 1 litre.

9.2.1.5 Where primer for steel work is specified to be mixed at site, it shall be prepared from a mixture of red lead, raw linseed oil and turpentine in the ratio of 2.8 kg : 1 litre : 1 litre.

9.2.1.6 The specifications for the base vehicle and thinner for mixed on site primer shall be as follows: (a) *White Lead* : The White lead shall be pure and free from adulterants like barium sulphate andwhiting. It shall conform to IS 103.

(b) *Red Lead* : This shall be in powder form and shall be pure and free from adulterants like brick dust etc. It shall conform to IS 102.

(c) *Raw Linseed Oil* : Raw linseed oil shall be lightly viscous but clear and of yellowish colour with light brown tinge. Its specific gravity at a temperature of 30 degree C shall be between 0.923 and 0.928.

Note : The oil shall be mellow and sweet to the taste with very little smell. The oil shall be of sufficiently matured quality. Oil turbid or thick, with acid and bitter taste and rancid odour and which remains sticky for a considerable time shall be rejected. The oil shall conform in all respects to IS 75. The oil shall be of approved brand and manufacture.

(d) *Double Boiled Linseed Oil* : This shall be more viscous than the raw oil, have a deeper colour and specific gravity between 0.931 and 0.945 at a temperature of 30 degree C. It shall dry with a glossy surface. It shall conform in all respects to IS 77. The oil shall be of approved brand and manufacture.

Turpentine : Mineral turpentine i.e. petroleum distillate which has the same rate of evaporation as vegetable turpentine (distillate product of oleeresin of conifers) shall be used. It shall have no grease or other residue when allowed to evaporate. It shall conform to IS 533.

9.2.1.7 All the above materials shall be of approved manufacture and brought to site in their original packing in sealed condition.

9.3 Preparation of Surface

9.3.1 **Wooden Surface** : The wood work to be painted shall be dry and free from moisture. The surface shall be thoroughly cleaned. All unevenness shall be rubbed down smooth with sand paper and shall be well dusted. Knots, if any shall be covered with preparation of red lead made by grinding red lead in water and mixing with strong glue sized and used hot. Appropriate filler material conforming to IS 345 with same shade as Paint shall be used where specified. The surface treated for knotting shall be dry before Paint is applied. After obtaining approval of Engineer-in-Charge for wood work, the priming coat shall be applied before the wood work is fixed in position. After the priming coat is applied, the holes and indentation on the surface shall be stopped with glazier's putty or wood putty. Stopping shall not be done before the priming coat is applied as the wood will absorb the oil in stopping and the latter is therefore liable to crack.

9.3.2 **Iron & Steel Surface** : All rust and scales shall be removed by scrapping or by brushing with steel wire brushes. Hard skin of oxide formed on the surface of wrought iron during rolling which becomes loose by rusting, shall be removed. All dust and dirt shall be thoroughly wiped away from the surface. If the surface is wet, it shall be dried before priming coat is undertaken.

10 PAINTING WITH SYNTHETIC ENAMEL PAINT

10.1.1 Synthetic Enamel Paint (conforming to IS 2933) of approved brand and manufacture and of the required colour shall be used for the top coat and an undercoat of ordinary Paint of shade to match the top coat as recommended by the same manufacturer as far the top coat shall be used.

10.1.2 Painting on New Surface

10.1.2.1 Preparation of surface shall be as specified in 13.24.2 as the case may be.

10.1.2.2 **Application** : The number of coats including the undercoat shall be as stipulated in the item.

(a) **Under Coat** : One coat of the specified ordinary Paint of shade suited to the shade of the top coat, shall be applied and allowed to dry overnight. It shall be rubbed next day with the finest grade of wet abrasive paper to ensure a smooth and even surface, free from brush marks and all loose particles dusted off.

(b) **Top Coat** : Top coats of synthetic enamel Paint of desired shade shall be applied after the undercoat is thoroughly dry. Additional finishing coats shall be applied if found necessary to ensure properly uniform glossy surface.

10.1.3 Painting on Old Surface

10.1.3.1 **Preparation of Surface** : Where the existing Paint is firm and sound it shall be cleaned of grease, smoke etc. and rubbed with sand paper to remove all loose particles dusted off. All patches and cracks shall then be treated with stopping and filler prepared with the specified Paint. The surface shall again be rubbed and made smooth and uniform. If the old paint is blistered and flaked it will be necessary to completely remove. Such removal shall be paid for separately and the painting shall be treated as on new surface.

10.1.3.2 **Painting** : The number of coats as stipulated in the item shall be applied with synthetic enamel Paint. Each coat shall be allowed to dry and rubbed down smooth with very fine wet abrasive paper, to get an even glossy surface. If

however, the surface is not satisfactory additional coats as required shall be applied to get correct finish.

10.2.1 Float Glass

10.2.2. The glass shall be clear float glass and should be approved by the Engineer in Charge. It shall be clear, float transparent and free from cracks subject to allowable defects. The float glass shall conform to the IS 14900.

10.2.3. **Thickness** : The thickness of float glass shall depend on the size of panel. The tolerance in thickness shall be as under:

Nominal Thickness (in mm)	Tolerance (in mm)
4.0	± 0.3
5.0	± 0.3
6.0	± 0.3
8.0	± 0.6

10.2.4 Tests

10.2.4.1 **Thickness**: The thickness of float glass shall be measured with micrometers or a caliper which is graduated to 0.01 mm or with a measuring instrument having an equivalent capacity

10.3 EPDM- GASKETS

The EPDM Gaskets shall be of size and profile as shown in drawings and as called for, to render the glazing, doors, windows, ventilators etc. air and water tight. Samples of gaskets shall be submitted for approval and the EPDM gasket approved by Engineer-in-Charge shall only be used. The contractor shall submit documentary proof of using the above material in the work to the entire satisfaction of Engineerin- Charge.

10.4 REFLECTIVE GLASS

10.4.1 Definitions

(i) **Shading Coefficient**: The shading coefficient is the ratio of total solar transmittance to the transmittance through 3.2 mm (1/8") clear glass. Windows with low shading coefficient values improve comfort for building, lower the total cooling load of the building and help smooth out of the difference in cooling loads between perimeter & core zones.

(ii) **Luminous Efficacy Constant (Ke)** indicates a windows relative performance in rejecting solar heat-while transmitting day light. It is the ratio of the visible transmittance to the shading coefficient; clear glass which lets in roughly equal amounts of visible light and solar near-infrared energy has a Ke close to 1.0. The solar radiation contains about 50% invisible near-infrared & ultra violet light. Therefore, a perfectly selective glazing, which would all allow visible light pass through while blocking all of the invisible near-infrared & ultraviolet light, would have Ke of about 2.0.

(iii) **Resistance to Heat Conduction (R-value)**: It is a measure of resistance to heat flow that occurs because of temperature difference between the two sides of the windows. The inverse of R-value is termed as U-value.

10.4.1 Reflective Glass

This is an ordinary float glass with a metallic coat to reduce solar heat. Clear glass transmits most of the sunlight that shines upon it, and most of the solar heat as well; the metallic coated glass i.e. reflective glass has better shading coefficients because they reflect rather than absorb infrared energy. However, most of reflective glazing blocks day light more than solar heat.

10.4.2. Types of Coatings: There are two types of reflective glass, Pyrolytic (Hard) coated and vacuum (soft) coated.

(i) **Pyrolytic** : It is a coating applied during glass manufacture. The coating is fused into the glass at 1200°C.

(ii) **Vacuum Coated Glass:** It involves the deposition of metal particles on the glass surface by a chain reaction in a vacuum vessel. It is often called a soft coat; because the coating is more susceptible to damage than hard coat glass. Where toughening of product is required, the product must be toughened first & then vacuum coated. Vacuum coated products have better shading coefficient values than pyrolytic products.

10.4.3 Testing: The reflective glass shall be tested for the followings:

(i) **Physical/Field Test:** In a true reflective glass, when a pointed pencil is placed, then tip of pencil (physical) & image should coincide.

10.4.4 Fixing of glass shall be done as specified.

10.5 FALSE CEILING AND PARTITION FRAMES

This work shall be done as specified in 8.0 except that the scantlings need not be planed unless otherwise specified.

10.5.1 TRUSSES

9.5.1.1 The work shall be carried out as per detailed drawings and as directed by the Engineer-in-Charge specified timber shall be used. Sawing shall be truly straight and square, and in the direction of the grains. The scantlings shall be accurately planed smooth to the full dimensions and rebate roundings and mouldings shown in the drawings, before the same are framed. Patching or plugging of any kind shall not be permitted. A tolerance of +3 mm and -2 mm shall be allowed in the finished cross sectional dimension.

10.5.2 Joints

Joints shall be simple, neat and strong. All mortise and tenon joints, mitred joints, scarfs etc. shall fit in fully and accurately without wedging or fillings. The joints shall be as per detailed drawings. Holes of correct sizes shall be drilled before inserting screws/bolts. Driving in screws with hammer is prohibited. Holes for bolts shall be of uniform diameter. The screws, bolts and nails shall be dipped in oil before using. The heads of nails and screws shall be sunk and puttied or dealt with as instructed by Engineer-in-Charge. The gauge and length of nails, screws and bolts shall be approved by the Engineer-in-Charge before using on works.

10.5.3 Shaping Form and Cutting

The wood sections, as specified or required, shall be straightened, cut square and to correct lengths. A fine accuracy shall be ensured in the fabrication of various member so that these can be assembled without being unduly packed, strained or forced into position and when built up, shall be true to shape and free from twist, kinks, buckles or open joints.

10.5.4 Fabrication

As per drawing, a full size truss diagram shall first be drawn on a levelled platform. From this full size diagram, templates of all joints as for tenons, mortises, scarves etc. shall be made for use in the fabrication. The template shall be made to correspond to each member and plate holes for screws and bolts shall be marked accurately on them and drilled. The templates shall be laid on wooden members

and the holes for screwing and bolting marked on them. The ends of the wooden members shall also be marked for cutting. The base of columns and the position of anchor bolts shall be carefully set out. Before fabrication of the truss individual members shall be assembled together to ensure close abutting or lapping of the surfaces of the different members and fitted close together as per drawing.

10.5.5 Hoisting and Placing in Position

The trusses shall be hoisted and placed in position carefully, without any damage to itself and other building work and injury to workman. The trusses shall be secured to walls by means of holding down bolts or as directed by the Engineer-in-Charge. The necessary mechanical appliances such as lifting tackle, winch etc. for hoisting the truss shall be used. The trusses shall be stayed temporarily till they are permanently secured in position and connected with each other by means of purlins. Holding down bolts cleats used for purlins and bottom plates used for tie and rafter member shall be paid for separately.

10.5.6 Surface Treatment

Wood work shall not be painted, oiled or otherwise treated before it has been approved by the Engineer-in-Charge. All portions of timber built into or against or close to masonry or concrete or buried in ground shall be given two coats of boiling coal tar. All junctions of rafters, purlins, beams and wall plates shall be painted with approved wood primer. CPWD SPECIFICATIONS 2009 316

10.5.7 Measurements

Wood work shall be measured for finished dimensions. No allowance shall be made for dimensions supplied beyond those specified. Length of each piece shall be measured over all nearest to a cm, so as to include projections for tenons, scarves or mitres. Width and thickness shall be measured to the nearest mm. Cubical contents can be worked out in units cubic meters upto 3 places of decimal in whole numbers.

10.5.8 Rate

The rate includes the cost of materials and labour involved in all the operations described above. Unless otherwise specified, iron fixtures such as bolts and nuts, M.S. steel plates, holding down bolts and staining, priming, painting or polishing of the work shall be paid for separately.

11.0 Cement

11.1 The cement generally used shall be the Ordinary Portland Cement 43 grade (make. A.C.C., L&T, J.K., or Birla, Ultratech) conforming to relevant IS codes. However, any special type of cement such as High strength cement or sulphate resisting cement may be used under specific circumstances

11.2 The Tenderer shall make his own arrangements for the storage of adequate quantity of cement. If supplies are arranged by the Department, cement will be issued in quantities to cover work requirements of one month or more, as

deemed fit by the Engineer and it will be the responsibility of the Tenderer to ensure adequate and proper storage, which will provide complete protection from dampness, contamination and minimize caking and false set. Cement bags shall be stored in a dry enclosed shed (storage under tarpaulins will not be permitted), well away from the outer walls and insulated from the floor to avoid contact with

moisture from ground and so arranged as to provide ready access. Damaged or reclaimed or partly set cement will not be permitted to be used and shall be removed from the site. The storage arrangements shall be such that there is no dead storage. Not more than 12 bags shall be stacked in any tier. The storage arrangement shall be got approved by the Engineer. Consignments of cement shall be stored as received and shall be consumed in the order of their delivery. Daily Stock register shall be maintained and shall be open for inspection at any point of time.

11.3 It shall be stored in a dry place, in regular piles not exceeding ten page high and in such a manner that it will be efficiently protected from moisture and contamination, and that the consignments can be used up in the order in which they are received. If necessary, cement shall be screened at contractor" s expense to remove any lumps. No cement which has become damaged shall be used in the work but shall be immediately removed from the work and replaced by the contractor at his own expenses.

11.4 If desired tests shall be made by taking samples of cement from stores or elsewhere from the works. The selection of samples and procedure for testing shall comply with the appropriate I.S. standard

11.5 Water

11.5.1 Water for making concrete or mortar shall be clean and fresh and free from acid, oil, pollution from industrial or farmyard waste, or other organic or inorganic matter in solution or suspension in amounts which in the opinion of the Engineer will impair the strength or durability of the concrete or mortar. Water shall be obtained from a public supply where possible, it shall be taken from a spring, well, river, lake, or similar only if approved.

11.5.2 Only approved water shall be used for washing out shuttering and for mixing concrete.

11.5.3 If instructed, samples of water shall be submitted for analysis or making concrete tests. The samples shall be taken in such a manner as to ensure true representation of the water. Two or more samples as instructed shall be collected in clean Winchester quarts or similar glass containers, which shall be rinsed out twice with the proposed water. The containers shall be filled by submerging them in the water without disturbing any sediment in the stream bed or other source of supply. The samples shall be labeled and dispatched as instructed.

11.5.4 Potable water is generally considered satisfactory for mixing concrete. The maximum permissible values of impurities shall be as given in clause no. 5.4 of IS:456.

11.6 ADMIXTURES

11.6.1 Admixtures in concrete for promoting workability, entraining air for similar purposes may be used only after the written permission from the Engineer

is obtained. These shall be free from injurious amount of chloride, etc. Addition of admixtures should not reduce the specified strength or durability of concrete and should not have detrimental effect on reinforcement. The admixtures shall conform to IS-9103 and shall be of proven make and from a reputed manufacturer. Calcium chloride as accelerating admixture is not permitted to be used other than in mass concrete works. The Tenderer shall produce latest test results carried out at approved Government Test Houses for the approval of the Engineer, before use.

12.0 CEMENT ADDITIVES/ADMIXTURES IN CONCRETE

12.1 The admixtures shall conform to IS:9103 and shall be of proven make and from a reputed manufacturer. In addition, for plasticizer-cum-water proofing compound, materials shall meet the permeability requirements as per IS-2645. Similarly for plasticizer-cum retarder admixture material shall satisfy the setting time requirements of retarder and other properties of plasticizer as per IS:9103

12.2 Admixtures in concrete for promoting workability, improving strength, entraining air or for similar purposes may be used only after the written permission from the Engineer, is obtained. Addition of admixtures shall not reduce the specified strength or durability of concrete in any case

13.0 GROUTING

13.1 Ready mixed non-shrink cementitious grout for Grouting under base plates and foundation pockets shall be done as indicated in the drawings, or as directed by Engineer. The contact area between the grout and base plate shall not be less than 80%

13.2 Grouting of pockets/holes in concrete: shall be done using cement-sand grout or cement, sand and aggregate grout depending upon the size of the pockets/holes in the concrete. This mix shall generally be used for grout thickness above 40 mm for dry pack application. Normally the grade of such concrete/mortar shall not be less than the grade of parent concrete. In filling the holes of foundation bolts and expanding admixture of approved type shall be used as per manufacturer's specification.

13.3 Surface to be grouted shall be thoroughly roughened and cleaned of all foreign matter and laitance. The block outs, bolt holes etc. which have to be grouted, shall be cleaned thoroughly by use of compressed air just prior to taking up the grouting operation.

14.0 FINISHING

14.1 CEMENT PLASTER

The cement plaster shall be 12 mm, or 18 mm thick as specified in the item.

14.2 Preparation of Surface

The joints shall be raked out properly. Dust and loose mortar shall be brushed out. Efflorescence if any shall be removed by brushing and scrapping. The surface shall then be thoroughly washed with water, cleaned and kept wet before plastering is commenced. In case of concrete surface if a chemical retarder has been applied to the form work, the surface shall be roughened by wire brushing and all the resulting dust and loose particles cleaned off and care shall be taken that none of the retarders is left on the surface.

14.3 Mortar

The mortar of the specified mix using the type of sand described in the item shall be used. It shall be as specified in the item. For external work and under coat work, the fine aggregate shall conform to grading IV. For finishing coat work the fine aggregate conforming to grading zone V shall be used.

14.4 Application of Plaster

14.5 Ceiling plaster shall be completed before commencement of wall plaster.

Plastering shall be started from the top and worked down towards the floor. All putlog holes shall be properly filled in advance of the plastering as the scaffolding is being taken down. To ensure even thickness and a true surface, plaster about 15 × 15 cm shall be first applied, horizontally and vertically, at not more than 2 metres intervals over the entire surface to serve as gauges. The surfaces of these gauged areas shall be truly in the plane of the finished plaster surface. The mortar shall then be laid on the wall, between the gauges with trowel. The mortar shall be applied in a uniform surface slightly more than the specified thickness. This shall be brought to a true surface, by working a wooden straight edge reaching across the gauges, with small upward and side ways movements at a time. Finally the surface shall be finished off true with trowel or wooden float according as a smooth or a sandy granular texture is required. Excessive towelling or over working the float shall be avoided.

All corners, arrises, angles and junctions shall be truly vertical or horizontal as the case may be and shall be carefully finished. Rounding or chamfering corners, arrises, provision of grooves at junctions etc. where required shall be done without any extra payment. Such rounding, chamfering or grooving shall be carried out with proper templates or battens to the sizes required.

14.6 Curing

Curing shall be started as soon as the plaster has hardened sufficiently not to be damaged when watered. The plaster shall be kept wet for a period of at least 7 days. During this period, it shall be suitably protected from all damages at the contractor's expense by such means as the Engineer-in-Charge may approve. The dates on which the plastering is done shall be legibly marked on the various sections plastered so that curing for the specified period thereafter can be watched.

14.7 Finish

The plaster shall be finished to a true and plumb surface and to the proper degree of smoothness as required. The work shall be tested frequently as the

work proceeds with a true straight edge not less than 2.5 m long and with plumb bobs. All horizontal surfaces shall be tested with a level and all jambs and corners with a plumb bob as the work proceeds.

15.0 Guarantee Bond & Security Deposit for Aluminium Work

Five years guarantee bond in prescribed proforma shall be submitted by the contractor which shall also be signed by both the specialized agency and the contractor to meet their liability / liabilities under the guarantee bond against structural stability, water leakage, faulty materials, workmanship and defective anodised finish.

In addition (Five) percent of the cost of this work shall be retained as security deposit and the amount so withheld would be released after Five years from the date of completion of the entire work under the agreement. If the performance of the work done is found satisfactory. If any defect is noticed during the guarantee period it shall be rectified by the contractor along with any incidental repairs to structure, flooring, finishing, fixtures and any other related damaged work within fifteen days of receipt of intimation of such defects in the work. If the defects pointed out are not attended to within the specified period, the same shall be got done from another agency at the risk and cost of the contractor and the cost of attending such repair shall be deducted from any dues payable to the contractors. However, the security deposit deducted may be released in full against bank guarantee of equivalent amount in favour of Indian Institute of Management Indore in the prescribed proforma. The security deposit against this item of work shall be in addition to the security deposit deducted @5 % of the Tender cost.

16.0 WOOD WORK:

16.1 The wood work shall be carried out as per detailed drawings and as directed by the Engineer-in-charge. Timber shall be sawn in the direction of grain. Sawing shall be straight and square. Scantlings shall be accurate planed smooth to full dimensions and rebates, rounding, moulding, shown in the drawing made before the same are framed. Patching or plugging of any kind shall not be permitted. The workmanship shall conform to IS : 4021. Joints shall be simple, neat, close fittings and strong. Joints shall be simple, neat, close fittings and strong, joints shall be fixed with fevicol and after the frames are put together and pressed in position they shall be pinned with hard wood or steel pins. All mortise and tennon joints shall fit in fully and accurately without wedging or filling.

16.2 All wood work shall be approved by the owner before it is painted. All portions of timber abutting against or embedded in masonry or concrete shall be painted with boiling coaltar or solingnun before being placed in the position. Before frames are fixed in positions, these shall be inspected and passed by the Architect. Frames shall be placed in proper position and secured to walls with three M. S. holdfasts, heavy duty on each side of door frames and two on each side for windows. In case of door frames without sills vertical members shall be buried in the floor at least 40 mm deep. The frame without sills shall be provided with temporary wooden bracing to protect them from wrapping during construction.

16.3 Frames shall be painted with one coat of wood primer & three coats of synthetic enamel paint or polished with French polish as specified. The areas of doors & windows shutters shall be measured to the nearest cm in closed position covering the rebates of the frame but excluding the gap between the shutter and the frame. Overlap of two shutters shall not be measured. All work shall be measured for finished dimensions.

16.4 No allowance shall be made for dimensions supplied beyond those specified.

16.5 Length of each piece shall be measured over all nearest to 1 cm. So as to include projections for tenons, scarves or mitres, width and thickness shall be measured to the nearest mm.

16.6 Teak Wood Doors & Windows: Timber used for this work, shall be available second class teakwood of approved quality and as per the sample approved by the Employer / Architect.

16.7 As specified in the item, all the doors shall have teak wood door frame of approved make / quality and size with three numbers hold fasts on each leg of size 300 mm X 40 mm X 5 mm. Teak wood beading / cover moulding will be provided for teak wood frames as required and directed. Teak wood rough grounds will be provided wherever necessary and at no extra cost.

16.8 Hold fasts shall be embedded in the concrete block as shown on drawings or as directed.

LIST OF APPROVED MAKE / MATERIALS		
Sl no.	Material	Manufacturer / Brand Name
1	Premium Acrylic Paint / Primer	Asian /Dulux/ Berger
2	Synthetic putty	J.K / Birla/Asian or Equivalent
3	Aluminum section/grill	Jindal / Hindalco/Narmada/Indal/Mahavir
4	Cement	Birla / ACC/ JK cement
5	G.I.Fencing	Tata or Equivalent
6	Polish	Asian paint/ Berger/ Shalimar
7	Door fittings	Godrej / Doorset / Ozone / indobrass/Zippo
8	Structural Steel	Sail,Tata,Tisco, Jindal, Vizag
9	Synthetic Enamel Paint, Primer	Asian Paints, ICI, Berger, N Jenson
10	Float glass	Modi guard/ Saint gobain/Asahi/Atul
11	Glass film	Garware/3M
12	Stainless steel wire gauge	Salem,Jindal or Equivalent
13	Gypsum false ceiling	Lafarge Boral Gypsum Or India Gypsum
14	Mineral Fiber False Ceiling	Armstrong/Lafarge/Amf
15	All other materials	As approved by the Client

FINANCIAL BID

“Providing & fixing fly proof door shutter at residential quarters and aluminium window grills on windows of hostel SR 16, SR 18 and VFA and chain link fencing around visiting faculty apartment at IIM Indore campus”

The Financial Bid is available on the e- procurement website <https://eprocure.gov.in/eprocure/app>